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VOL. XXVII NO. 22 BOMBAY: FRIDAY, JANUARY 27, 1939 PRICE: ONE ANNA

Barcelona Falls To Franco

Nation's Pledge To Independence

IMPRESSIVE CELEBRATION EVERYWHERE

Demonstrations In Rawalpindi, Gaya And Allahabad Lead To Clashes

Slogans of "Congress Zindabad" resounding in every ward of Bombay from early morning till nightfall, reminding one of the glorious days of Satyagraha movement, motor trucks flying Congress Tri-colour and patrolling the main streets distributing copies of the Independence Day pledge, procession of cyclists going round the city distributing miniature Congress flags, a mammoth procession led by Mr. Bhulabhai Desai terminating in a meeting at Chowpatty, where fifteen thousand citizens took the pledge, formed the main items in the programme observed by the city of Bombay in connection with the Independence Day.

Three hundred Municipal schools and the majority of the private colleges remained closed.

Reports from ... Peshawar, Bannu, Lucknow and Madras indicate record enthusiasm and Disturbances and assaults are reported from Rawalpindi, Gaya and Allahabad which seem to have marred the solemnity of the occasion.

Huge Meeting At Chowpatty

Two thousand citizens including men volunteers and Desh Sevikas started in a procession from the Congress House at 5 p.m., and passed through Vithalbhai Patel Road, C. P. Tank, Bhuleshwar, Bambakhana, Kalbadevi Road and Sandhurst Bridge and terminated in a meeting at Chowpatty.

Among those who led the procession were Messrs Bhulabhai Desai, Nagindas Master, S. K. Patil, Bhavanji Arjun Khimji and Ganpat Shanker Desai.

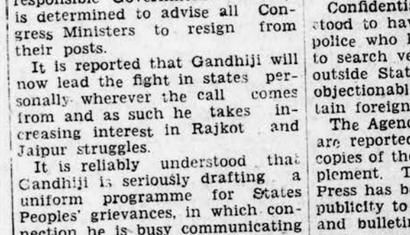
The procession was followed by a motor truck with loud speaker through which was relayed the message of the B.P.C.C.: "Vote for the Congress on February 7"

Fifteen thousand citizens had gathered at Chowpatty at night to take the Independence Pledge which was read out to the audience by Mr. Bhulabhai Desai in Hindi, by the Hon. Mr. Latthe in Marathi, by the Hon. Mr. Morarji Desai in Gujarati and by Mr. S. A. Brelvi in Urdu. Among those who attended the meeting were the Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher, the Hon. Mr. Pakvasa, Hon. Mr. K. M. Munshi and Mrs. Munshi, Hon Dr. Gilder and Mr. Devdas Gandhi.

STUDENTS' DEMONSTRATION

A batch of 200 students who had joined the Congress procession on its way to Chowpatty entered the meeting in advance with cries of "Re-elect Subhas" and "We want Subhas". They ceased their slogans when Mr. Bhulabhai Desai made a fervent appeal emphasising that all personal differences should be merged because the pledge, which they were taking was for every man, woman and child in the country. India, he said, had progressed so rapidly during the past 20 years that it was no more necessary to tell the citizens as to what their duty towards the country was. The Independence Day Pledge had been taken for the last twelve years and the citizens of Bombay had gathered there to renew the Pledge for the ninth time. Mr. Desai hoped that the country would be completely free

(Continued from Page 8, Col. 2.)



Lady volunteers making collections in Mazagaon on Independence Day for Cutch Satyagraha.

INDEPENDENCE DAY IN BOMBAY.

Picture shows Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, addressing the gathernig at the Congress House after hoisting the National Flag on Thursday.

Mahatma To Lead Freedom's Fight

SEQUEL TO AGENCY'S INTERVENTION: STAGE SET FOR REPRESSION IN RAJKOT

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 26.

News from Bardoli says that with the intervention of Agency in States Peoples' struggle for responsible Government, Gandhiji is determined to advise all Congress Ministers to resign from their posts.

It is reported that Gandhiji will now lead the fight in states personally wherever the call comes from and as such he takes increasing interest in Rajkot and Jaipur struggles.

It is reliably understood that Gandhiji is seriously drafting a uniform programme for States Peoples' grievances, in which connection he is busy communicating with various prominent State workers.

One leading State worker who had an interview with Mahatmaji is positive that Rajkot and Jaipur will surely lead to an All-India Crisis.

WOMEN PICKET PLEADERS' HOUSES

Cutch Observes Responsible Govt. Day

(From A Correspondent).

BHUJ, Jan. 26.

Thousands collected at Azad Chowk formed the huge procession which marched led by Veer Sena women volunteers, through important streets and terminated in a meeting outside Mahadev Naka. Mr. Yusuf Meherally presided. Nineteen speakers including the Nagarseth spoke. They exhorted people to push the fight ahead till Responsible Government was won. Mr. Meherally read out the Independence Pledge adopted at Mundra session of the Parishad. Three Bombay Sevikas also spoke in the meeting.

Mr. Meherally warned the State that if the question of Responsible Government was delayed any further, people were ready to start direct action. He appealed people to prepare for 31st March, which was the date fixed for starting Satyagraha.

Telegraphic reports from all over Cutch indicate Responsible Government Day was observed throughout Cutch.

News from Nalia indicate that some "goondas" seized the National Flag and assaulted Parishad workers.

Rigorous picketing was resorted at houses of a number of pleaders. Bombay Desh Sevikas in Kesaria saris stood shoulder to shoulder with local women volunteers. Not a single pleader attended the court.

NEW DEWAN FOR RAJKOT

(From Our Correspondent.)

RAJKOT, Jan. 26.

It is reliably understood that Mr. Sinclair of Aden who was here as Under-Secretary in the Agency in 1928 is coming as Dewan with full nowers to overhaul the administration.

It is rumoured that there will be a round-up of 25 workers in the city limits to-morrow, early morning.

MORE POWERS FOR POLICE

It is reported that the Agency authorities summoned several leaders who had participated in political agitation previously, and warned them against participating in any movement now, on pain of deportation from the State.

Confidential circulars are understood to have been issued to the police who have been empowered to search vehicles coming from outside State limits and to seize objectionable literature and to detain foreigners.

The Agency and the State police are reported to have seized some copies of the "Jai Saurashtra" supplement. The Lohana Hitechhu Press has been ordered not to give publicity to the Parishad activities and bulletins. It is understood that emergency Press Regulations will be promulgated to-morrow.

THAKORE PREPARES

Official circles are understood to be much perturbed at the publication of the Thakore—Resident correspondent. The Thakore Saheb is reported to have had an interview with the Resident who, it is stated, has assured the ruler of every help.

Repressive measures have been re-introduced and help to the Parishad, financially or otherwise, is penalised with a two-year imprisonment and Rs. 2,000 fine. Restrictions have been placed on cyclostyle and duplicating machines.

Messrs Dhrangdhrawala, Jasubha Ghala and the Agency Police official Mr. Fateh Mahammad-Khan have been appointed State Councillors.

STOP PRESS

SUBHAS REPLIES TO SARDAR AND PATTABHI.

CALCUTTA, Jan. 26.

The Congress President, Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, has issued another statement on the Congress Presidential election in reply to the statements made by Dr. Pattabhi Seetaramiya and Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel.—A. P.

FOR A. I. C. C.

BOMBAY, Thursday.

In connection with the election of five representatives on the All-India Congress Committee, which is to be held on the 29th instant, the following delegates filed their nomination papers by this evening:—

MR. BHULABHAI J. DESAI,
MR. K. F. NARIMAN,
MR. M. R. MASANI,
MR. NAGINDAS T. MASTER,
MR. S. K. PATIL and
MR. YUSUF MEHERALLY.

Polling will take place at the Congress House on the 29th instant between 3 p.m. and 6 p.m.

VICEROY LEAVES BOMBAY

BOMBAY, Thursday.

After nearly a week's stay in the City, His Excellency the Viceroy accompanied by Lady Linlithgow and their children left Bombay by special train from the Bombay Central at 11 p.m. on Thursday night.

They were seen off at the Station by Sir Roger Lumley and Lady Lumley, Maj-Gen. S.J.P. Scobell, Commander, Bombay District, Mr. Sultan Chinoy, the Mayor, Mr. M. D. Bhat, the Municipal Commisssioner, Dr. P. C. Bharucha, the Sheriff, Mr. W. R. G. Smith, the Commissioner of Police and numerous other friends and non-officials.

Their Excellencies the Viceroy and the Marchioness of Linlithgow accompanied by the Lady Anne Hope, the Lady Joan Hope, the Lady Doreen Hope, Mr. J. G. Laithwaite, Secretary to the Governor-General, (Personal) and Private Secretary to the Viceroy, Lt.-Colonel C. G. Toogood Military Secretary, Lt.-Colonel H. H. Elliot Surgeon, Major W. E. Maxwell Comptroller, Mr. P. G. E. Nash Assistant Private Secretary, Lieut. P. H. J. Southby, R.N., Captain R. F. S. Gooch, Captain W. A. G. Burns and Captain M. G. Kerr Aides-de-Camp left Government House Bombay.

(From Our Correspondent).

BHUJ, Jan. 26.

Despite vigorous official propaganda the whole of Cutch is observing complete hartal to-day accordingly to the Parishad resolution to observe it as Responsible Government Day. Extra police has been drafted into town and the whole city looks like Military encampment.

Spanish Govt. Shift To Figueras

FRENCH MOVE FOR NEUTRAL ZONE

Rebels Supply Food To Citizens: Advance On Catalan Front

BURGOS, Jan. 26.

Barcelona has been occupied without resistance.

News of Barcelona's fall was greeted by Nationalist Spain by peals of bells in every city, the crowds shouting and singing in the streets.

Spanish Govt. At Figueras

A PARIS MESSAGE SAYS:—

ACCORDING TO A TELEGRAM FROM LEPERTHUS AT THE WESTERN END OF THE FRANCO-SPANISH FRONTIER THE SPANISH GOVERNMENT HAVE SET UP NEW HEADQUARTERS AT FIGUERAS, TWENTY MILES FROM THE FRONTIER. —REUTER.

REBELS ENTER BARCELONA

Moors headed the Nationalist triumphal entry into Barcelona at noon to-day. There was no fighting, majority of Republican troops having left the city before the Nationalists entered. Gen. Franco's troops first occupied Mont Juich, the historic fortress dominating the Catalan Capital and they were followed by arrow divisions and the Spanish Foreign Legion.

BIGGEST PRIZE

Gen. Franco has thus secured the biggest prize since the war started on July 18, 1936. The loss is a particularly heavy blow for Republicans as Barcelona contained the Government's largest arsenal from which most of the munitions were supplied.

BARCELONA TURNS NATIONALIST

One of Reuter's special correspondents, who entered Barcelona with Gen. Franco's forces states that the complete investment of the Republican capital was accomplished during the night, the city being surrounded on all sides by land. Navarrese troops began to march into the city at noon. As they marched triumphantly in the streets half a million people appeared cheering wildly. Every window and balcony flew the Nationalist flags in Red and Gold. Falangist songs and slogans were on the lips of all indicating that these had been learned secretly during the past few months.

Units of the Nationalist Fleet are steaming into Barcelona harbour dressed overall with Nationalist colours. Gen. Franco's airforce is flying over the city performing aerobatics.

FRANCO'S BREAD FOR ALL.

Close behind the Nationalist columns entering Barcelona rumbled the great convoys and trucks filled with food to feed the hungry thousands. Trucks were surmounted by large banners inscribed "Franco's justice brings bread for all." Trucks took up stations protected by the police. With them came the blue-uniformed white-aproned women of the Social Milk Relief Organisations—"Women Shock Troops" of the Nationalist advance. The women immediately set to work distributing flour, bread, rice, condensed milk, chocolate and sugar to queues of hollow eyed women and children.

The Nationalists have taken

(Continued on page 7, col. 6)

RIOTING IN

Police Open Fire In Sequel To Mass Attack On Exhibition

ALIGARH, Jan. 26

The District Magistrate, Aligarh wires to the Associated Press:—

"A serious riot took place this evening at about 7 p.m. University students made an unexpected mass attack on the Exhibition grounds, set fire to it and assaulted the constables. Thirty-eight constables were injured, a couple of them being stabbed. Students were completely out of control, despite patient exhortation by the Pro-Vice Chancellor and other University authorities. They attacked the police, and held up the fire engine from going to the spot. A police Subedar fired five revolver shots on the students who were setting fire to the police camp, and attacked him and his party. Students were with great difficulty persuaded to return to hostel by 9 p.m. One of the Constables is reported to be in a precarious condition. No further trouble is anticipated. Sir Shah Sulaiman, Vice-Chancellor and Pro-Vice-Chancellor have gone to hostels and agreed to confine boys to University premises until further notice.

Mr. Boon, A. S. P., was slightly injured.—A.P.

MUSSOLINI ON FRANCO'S VICTORY

ROME, Jan. 26.

"General Franco's victory is greeted with joy throughout all cities of Spain freed from the (infamy) of Reds" declared Signor Mussolini speaking to-night from the balcony of Palazzo Venizia. He continued "the victory is greeted with joy by all anti-Bolsheviks of the world. The splendid victory at Barcelona is a new chapter in that history of Europe, which we are creating. The troops of General Franco and our intrepid Legionaries have beaten not only the Negrin Government, but many others among our enemies. The order for Reds was "no pasaran" but we have passed and I say now that we shall pass."—Reuter.

ASMARA (Eritrea),

Fascists in Italian East Africa have opened a subscription list to obtain funds to return to Italy the remains of the Italian soldiers buried in France. The Fascists are also returning war decorations presented to them by the French

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word Minimum Re. 1.

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (upto 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25% on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE," if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL," will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle,"—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Cashier or Book-keeper, is within your reach if you train by Post with Allied Schools, the leading organisation in the British Empire for the building of Successful Business Careers. Write for free 100p. Book: "The Direct Way to Success," stating age, education and business experience. Allied Schools, 804, Cooks Building, Hornby Road, Bombay. (10234)

Wanted one experienced Mussalman sub-Editor to translate from Urdu into Marathi Journalistic experience necessary. Apply Box No. 11307, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted immediately young educated Anglo-Indian or Parsi lady for house to house investigation. Must be able to speak Marathi, Gujarati. Apply P. O. Box 541 Bombay. (10427)

Required for upcountry Mill under European Management Permanent Carding Master or Carding Spinning Master accustomed to Central Indian Mill labour and conditions. Apply Box 10413, "Bombay Chronicle", stating fully qualifications, previous experience, salary required and when available.

270 PALMISTS

Consultation Fee Rupee One only Prof. N. A. Mawn. World famous Palmist in Bombay Mutual Annexe, First Floor, Fort, Bombay. (11305)

327. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted experienced agents to sell the remaining shares of the Great Bengal Knitting & Cotton Mills Ltd., on a salary of Rs. 75 and Rs. 25|- T. A. on guranteed business. Please apply to Messrs. Bonner & Co., 29, Strand Rd., Calcutta (10359)

652. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Very big Iron pan for Soap making with two small tanks and a cutting machine. Whole lot to be cleared for Rs. 50. No offers. Call on Fredysons Co., Saifee House, Gowalia Tank. (11317)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent-Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA.

THE BANK will be CLOSED on WEDNESDAY, the 1st proximo, this day being a Public Holiday (BAKRI-ID) under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.

A. McCULLOCH.
Secretary & Treasurer.
Bombay, 23rd January, 1939. (10416)

P. W. D.

SEALED TENDERS for "Constructing Storm Water Drainage arrangements in the South-West corner of Block No. II, Back Bay Reclamation Scheme" will be received in the Office of the undersigned on THURSDAY, the 2nd February, 1939, up to 4 P.M. (S.T.). Approximate cost Rs. 7,000.

Tender forms with specifications at Rs. 3 each and other particulars may be obtained on any working day up to 4 P.M. (S.T.) (2 P.M. on Saturdays) except the day of receiving tenders.

B. P. JAGTAP,
Executive Engineer, Presidency. 10436

SECRETARY, PUNJAB AND N.W.F.P. JOINT PUBLIC SERVICE. COMMISSION. LAHORE.

INVITES APPLICATIONS before the 15th February 1939 on for Rs. 5|-, for a permanent post of Assistant Professor of Entomology in the Punjab Agricultural Service, Class II. Zamindars preferred, Age: not less than 22 years. Qualifications: Degree in Science or Agriculture from a recognised University with Zoology or Agricultural Entomology as one of the subjects; post graduate training in Entomology at a recognised Indian or Foreign Institution; teaching experience in Agricultural Zoology and Entomology (preferably Agricultural Entomology); and research work on some aspect of Agricultural Entomology. Pay: Rs. 200-15-275/15-470/15-500-20-600 p.m. Government servants eligible if permitted by authority. Further particulars on application. (10388)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the works noted below and will be received upto 1 p.m. (Bombay Time) on Friday the 3rd of February 1939:—

(1) Construction of sewers in Cadell Road and in proposed Ranade Road Extension and Hasali Tank Road.
(2) Construction of a sewer in Mori Road.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the Office of the Chief Accountant, Bombay Municipality, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, enclosed in a sealed envelope bearing the description of the tender.

Forms of tender, specification etc., will be issued to anyone deputed to receive them on payment of Rs. 5|- for each tender copy, by the undersigned, who will, on application, give any further information required.

In case of a firm the names of all the partners must invariably be specified in the tender.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

N. V. MODAK,
City Engineer.
Municipal Offices,
Fort, Bombay,
20th January, 1939. (10440)

Public Notices

G. I. P. RLY—TENDERS.

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, invites tenders for the purchase of condemned wagon bodies available at Jhansi. Price per copy of tender form Rs 2|- which amount will not be refunded. Payment by cheque, postal orders and postage stamps will not be accepted. Closing date 16th February 1939 at 3 P.M. (S.T.). (10429)

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of Reader in Chemical Engineering in the Department of Chemical Technology in the scale of Rs. 400-30-550.

Six type-written copies of the application made on the prescribed form, together with six copies of certificates, should be forwarded so as to reach the Registrar, University of Bombay, on or before the 1st March 1939. Forms of application can be had from the Registrar.

The appointment, which will be on probation for two years in the first instance, is non-pensionable, but the Reader will be required to subscribe to the University Provident Fund.

The Reader should possess a degree in Chemical Engineering of a recognized University and have adequate experience in research, teaching and works practice. The Reader will be in charge of the Chemical Engineering section under the direction of the Head of the Department, and will be required to conduct research in chemical, engineering and allied problems.

Canvassing direct or indirect will be a disqualification.

By Order
S. R. DONGERKERY,
Registrar.
University of Bombay.
Bombay 26th January, 1939. (10438)

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

CHAND & KALAVANTIBAI, widow of Baboobhai Fulchand have contracted to sell to our clients free from all encumbrances and claims the land hereditaments and premises described in the Schedule hereunder written.

All persons having or claiming any right, title, interest, claim or demand into or upon the said land, hereditaments and premises or any part thereof by way of inheritance, sale, gift, trust, lease, under-lease, mortgage, charge, lien or otherwise howsoever, are required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 35, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise on the expiration of the said period the sale will be completed without any reference to any such claim and the same, if any, shall be considered to have been absolutely waived.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO:

All that piece or parcel of Fazandari land or ground with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at 3rd Agiary Lane, outside the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration sub-district of Bombay containing by admeasurement ninety-six square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's New No. 251, Old No. 44, New Survey No. 1382 and Cadastral Survey No. 1394 of the Bhuleshwar Division and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under "C" Ward No. 730 and Street Nos. 51-53 and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the EAST by the property of Dolatchand Amichand bearing C. S. No. 1369, on or towards the WEST by the said 3rd Agiary Lane, on or towards the NORTH by the property of Laxmibai, wife of Laxmidas Mangaldas Shrikant and on or towards the SOUTH by the property of the Bombay Bullion Exchange, Ltd., and which said premises are now in the occupation of the Vendors and their tenants.

Dated this 25th day of January, 1939.

MADHAVJI & CO.,
Purchasers' Attorneys. (10437)

Principals Discuss National Scouting

CELEBRATION OF NATIONAL SCOUT WEEK

(From A Correspondent).

On Monday last, Prof. V. G. Rao, Acting Provincial Scout Commissioner of the Hindusthan Scout Association, was "At Home" to the Principals and Scouters of Bombay. There was a large gathering of about seventy Principals and Scouters including several ladies.

Prof. Rao, in a short speech, welcoming the guests referred to the increasing interest taken in scouting by a large number of educational institutions after the nationalisation of the movement and invited their co-operation in making scouting serve the interest of the boy. He expressed the keen desire of the Hindusthan Scout Association to discuss scout problems with Principals and scouters with a view to make the movement popular and appeal to the interest of the children.

FIELD DAY FOR PRINCIPALS

The Principals of various schools then participated in the discussion and it was veritably their field day. They disclosed most frankly the difficulties that came in their way and expressed their views on the relations of Principals to the scoutmasters of the troop.

Principal Vyas of the New Era School, opening the discussion, confessed humourously that Principals of schools were hardly interested in scouting or education. He invited small camps for Principals and teachers and desired that school teachers should be given the utmost freedom and co-operation in the conduction of their troops. He admitted that at the present day a gulf divided the Principals from the teachers and the scoutmasters and wished that the gulf was bridged by active co-operation.

VALUE OF ADDED LABOURS

Principal Vyas felt that if scouting was to spread to the child, then the scoutmaster must be given his due respect and dignity, if not pay for his added labours. He wished that all teachers would take the Scoutmaster's Training at least three years within their joining their institution. He requested the Provincial Headquarters to maintain a Scout Training College or Leadership School, endorsing the views expressed by Principal Vyas, appealed for interesting parents in the scout movement. He desired the incorporation of scout activities and competitions in school sports. He said that without any desire to criticise old scouting and extoll the new nationalised movement, he would appeal for the removal of rituals and formalism of the movement.

Principal M. V. Donde of the R. M. Bhatt High School said that heads of institutions should first imbibe the scout outlook. This altered outlook, he prophesied, will help not only the growth of scouting, but will also make education most effective. He thought that the various activities that were included in the scout programme were now usurped by circulars which lay emphasis on physical education excursions, social service, corps, adult education for school boys, the Junior Red Cross, the Safety squad, etc. If nothing was left for scouting, he emphasised that scouting has yet to live to train the young in Leadership.

ONLY INSTITUTION FOR LEADERSHIP

Mr. B. H. Mehta put before the Principals the various difficulties of Scout Associations. He said that he found Principals with different degrees of interest, enthusiasm and knowledge of the Scout movement. He wished that Principals would keep abreast of educational movements even if they passed through the unavoidable mazes of politics. He opined that even if all the activities of scouting were usurped, the movement will still remain the only institution which left leadership and initiative to the boy. The Patrol System was unique in its advantage for the democratic training of free citizens. Appealing to Principals for greater interest in the affairs of the Association, Dr. Mehta referred to certain irresponsible circulars that emanated from certain quarters against the Hindusthan Scout Association. He wished that the Headmasters' Associations and organisations of secondary teachers will take active measures for the protection of the Scout movement.

SCOUTERS' DIFFICULTIES

The scouters present at the meeting then put forward their difficulties before the Principals. Scouter Vasavada appealed for greater co-operation and understanding on the part of Principals in scout activities. Scouter Vaidyanathan said that this was the first and unique meeting of Principals and scouters in the history of scouting in the city. He wished that scoutmasters in the future can work 'together' and not 'under' their principals. He was glad that contacts of a fundamental nature were established, and the presence of a large number of Principals at the meeting opened the possibility of a new era in scouting. Scouter Vaidyanathan referred to the great emphasis placed on the physical education of the young at the present day and explained how scouting helped the all-round physical, emotional and mental development of the young who were trained in citizenship and disinterested service of the Motherland.

After several other Principals and teachers had taken part in the discussion, the meeting dispersed after refreshments.

POSSIBILITIES OF SCOUTING

City Scouts To Observe National Week

Prof. V. G. Rao, District Commissioner for Municipal Scouts writes:—

The celebration of the National Week throughout the Country during this week will no doubt focus the attention of the public on the question of the utility of the Scout Training. It would be worth-while to note a few points on what part Scouting plays in the building up of the future citizen.

Scout Training is an all-round training and it aims at supplementing the academic education one gets in Schools and Colleges by developing character, physical fitness, courage, leadership and such other virtues by methods which appeal to the boys and which give them a power of self-reliance, initiative and observation.

Character development occupies the foremost place in this Scheme and this is secured by a practice of the Scout Laws in the every day life of the boy. When properly [illegible] mous. Let us take for instance the law relating to brotherliness. A Scout is a brother to every other Scout no matter to what race, class or creed he belongs. Scouts know no distinction between the rich and the poor or between communities. It can never be over-emphasized how valuable this is in inculcating a spirit of toleration and consideration for the other man's point of view. This one law alone would help considerably in the boy selflessly putting the interest of others before his own. The law relating to loyalty—develops team spirit and working for the side than for one self. The spirit of voluntary discipline which this inculcates is a great factor in nation building work. Thus each law has its own great potential value.

The most important value of Scouting lies in the wide outlook of a national consciousness given to the boy as a member of an All-India Organisation; nor is this outlook restricted only to India. In due time the rising generation will have its opportunity of contributing its share in the cause of the peace of the world.

The message of our popular Prime Minister, has already been published in the papers, wherein he has appealed to the College students to come forward to the assistance of the Hindustan Scout Association and also to the citizens to support the movement. The Hindustan Scout Association has undertaken a difficult task in the cause of the youth and it is earnestly hoped that the Premier's appeal will be fully responded to.

FOREST SATYAGRAHA AT SAVANTWADI

Crowds Saluting National Flag Dispersed

Mr. S. S. Khanolkar, President Congress Committee, Savantvadi wires on January 26.

Mr. Mudras, Dictator, War Council went to Tulas village in Savantwadi State to break the forest law on the 26th morning at 8 a.m. Mr. Khanolkar, President, Taluka Congress Committee was present on the occasion.

Some Sardars it is alleged attacked Mr. Mudras and Khanolkar in the presence of State Officers. They snatched the national flag and abused Mr. Mudras. They were successful in dispersing the flag salutation programme though the Congress Committee had no relation with the Forest Satyagraha.

A. G. G. TO VISIT JANJIRA

Open Letter Requesting Expedition Of Reforms

(From Our Correspondent).

ALIBAG, Jan. 25.

Col. K.A.G. Evans Gordon, Resident at Kolhapur and Agent to the Governor-General is shortly paying a visit to Jangira State in connection with the announcement of reforms in Janjira State.

On the eve of this event, an open letter has been addressed to him in the name of the subjects of Janjira State in the "Rastratej," a Congress weekly paper of Alibag, which purports to be a critical review of the Janjira State's Administration during the last few years.

Tribute is paid to the abilities of the Dewan, Rao Bahadur Kotak for increasing the revenue of the State by imposing a sugar import duty and making steamers from Java to anchor in Shivardhan port. But it is pointed out that people have got nothing in return. Only the salary of the Dewan and civil list of the Nawab Saheb have increased.

On the occasion of the Young Nawab's investiture six years ago assurances were given that the ban on holding meetings and the Societies Registration Act would be withdrawn but nothing has been done so far.

A year ago, the Dewan Saheb assured the Landholders' Association that a Constituent Assembly would be called to consider reforms in the State, but that assurance also has remained unfulfilled.

The A.G.G. is requested to look into all these matters and bring Janjira in line with other States in the Deccan.

ALLEGED MALICIOUS COMMENTS BY JUDGE

Solicitor's Suit In High Court

Mr. Justice Blackwell at the High Court heard the suit filed by Tulsidas Amamal Karani, an attorney of the High Court, against Mr. S. E. Kurwa, a judge of the Small Causes Court.

The plaintiff prayed for a declaration that certain comments made by Mr. Kurwa against the plaintiff in course of a judgment were false and malicious and irrelevant.

In which one Choithram was sued for the recovery of rent.

In this case, a bailiff tried to serve a summons on one Bharomal Tilokchand, residing in the house of the present plaintiff. As he refused to accept the summons, the bailiff pasted it on the wall of the plaintiff's house.

The plaintiff, thereupon, returned the summons to the registrar of the Small Causes Court stating that Bharomal was not living in his house.

In spite of this, the plaintiff stated, a decree was passed against Choithram who was arrested under a warrant, although he was not a debtor as alleged in the decree. Later, Choitram was released.

This was followed by further proceedings in the suit regarding recovery of rent, which were heard by the judge Mr. Kurwa. In these proceedings, evidence was given by the plaintiff of the present case.

JUDGE'S COMMENTS

In delivering judgment, Mr. Kurwa commented on the conduct of the plaintiff in returning the summons, describing it as wrongful and further stating that it was the duty of the plaintiff as the attorney and friend of the respondent to send the respondent to the Court.

It was in respect of these comments that the plaintiff filed the present suit.

His lordship dismissed the suit with costs on the technical ground that under the law, Government's permission ought to have been obtained before instituting the proceedings, as Mr. Kurwa as the judge was a Government official.

RENT INQUIRY

Committee To Submit Report In March

The Rent Enquiry Committee appointed by the Government of Bombay concluded its evidence to-day in camera and will be formulating its proposals at a dozen sittings which it proposes to have during the next month. The Committee expects to submit its report by the middle of March.

The Vengurla Congress Committee and Yawak Sangh and Savantwadi Congress Committee decided to hoist the national flag on the very spot at Tulas on coming Sunday. Congressmen of Vengurla and Wadi are to take part in the programme.

COMPULSORY HINDUSTANI IN SUBURBAN SCHOOLS

(From Our Own Correspondent)

ANDHERI, Thursday.

The Bombay Suburban School Board has decided to introduce compulsory teaching of Hindustani in all upper Primary Schools under their control from the next academical term. They have also decided to open Hindustani schools for children of Hindustani speaking population in the district.

Compulsory Physical education is shortly going to be introduced in all primary schools in the district and a Committee consisting of Mr. Deshpande, Chairman Mrs. Indumati Naik and Mr. Patankar of Kurla has been appointed to prepare a scheme for the purpose.

The School Board has decided to close all schools under their jurisdiction on Thursday (to-day) being the Independence Day.

SAMUEL GOLDWYN

GARY COOPER

MERLE OBERON

thank the Bombay public for their kind and enthusiastic reception to their brilliant romantic comedy Drama:

THE COWBOY AND THE LADY

and are happy to announce that in order to cope with the great demand for seats they will continue to delight Bombay for a

SECOND HAPPY WEEK

THE EXCELSIOR

THREE SHOWS DAILY: AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

A BATTLE OF WITS

BETWEEN JUSTICE AND TRICKERY CARRIED ON WITHIN THE LAW AND ON THE LAW'S BOUNDARIES!

A BATTLE wherein a Smart Girl defeats a Smart Crook Set!

SEE IT TO-DAY!

"SERVICE LTD."

alias "SEVA SAMAJ"

SAGAR'S NEW YEAR'S SENSATION

Starring:— SURENDRA, MAYA, BIBBO, YAKUB, ADVANI, SANKATHA

AT

IMPERIAL

Daily 3 Shows: 3-30, 6-30, 10 p.m.

DON'T TAKE DIVORCE—

TILL YOU HAVE SEEN MINERVA'S SCREEN SENSATION

DIVORCE

AT THE

KRISHNA

DUBASH THEATRE

4th WEEK

DAILY: 5-15, 7-45 & 10-15 P.M.

The BEST SHOW in the TOWN.....from the BEST STUDIO in INDIA:

NEW THEATRES' BEST MUSICAL:

THE STREET-SINGER

Starring: SAIGAL & KANAN

TENTH GLORIOUS WEEK

DAILY: 4-45, 7-30 & 10-15 P.M.

MINERVA

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 17 April, 2017

All-India Weather

(From Our Correspondent.)

POONA, Jan. 26.

The following are the maximum-minimum temperature and rainfall figures recorded at various stations during twenty-four hours ending 8 a.m. to-day:—

Station	Temperature Max	Temperature Min.	Rainfall Past 24 Hours	Rainfall Total Since 1st Nov.	Difference to Normal
Agra	72	40	—	—	—0.9
Amraoti	89	60	—	—	—1.4
Akola	72	65	—	—	—1.4
Ahmedabad	90	66	—	—	—0.2
Ajmer	72	44	—	—	—0.8
Ahmednagar	87	58	—	—	—1.3
Allahabad	68	52	0.2	0.3	—0.9
Benares	75	53	0.2	0.5	—0.6
BOMBAY	85	77	—	1.1	+0.6
Bangalore	81	57	—	0.7	—3.0
Bhopal	83	47	T	—	...
Baroda	91	60	—	—	...
Belgaum	86	59	—	1.1	—1.1
Bijapur	88	63	—	0.1	—1.3
Bhavnagar	88	63	—	—	—03
Calcutta	83	60	—	0.1	—1.0
Cawnpore	69	52	T	0.3	—0.8
Calicut	87	74	—	1.5	—5.4
Colombo	86	72	0.2	15.3	—5.4
Cherapunji	65	46	—	3.7	—0.1
Delhi	91	39	—	—	—1.3
Darjeeling	47	37	—	0.1	—1.2
Hyderabad (Dn.)	87	57	—	—	—1.4
Hyderabad (Sd.)	73	49	—	—	—0.3
Indore	86	58	—	—	—0.9
Jhansi	75	55	—	0.3	—0.6
Jubbulpore	78	60	0.1	0.1	—1.4
Jaipur	70	45	—	—	—0.7
Karwar	87	67	—	1.8	—0.4
Lucknow	66	48	0.1	0.3	—0.8
Ludhiana	75	41	—	0.2	—2.1
Lahore	63	43	—	0.3	—0.9
Multan	71	43	—	—	—0.6
Mysore	85	63	—	1.0	—2.0
Madras	85	68	—	3.2	—18.1
Marmagoa	89	71	—	1.0	...
Malegaon	91	62	—	0.1	—0.9
Mussoorie	49	36	—	2.0	—0.9
Mahableshwar	77	57	—	1.3	—0.6
Mount Abu	68	52	—	—	—0.5
Mangalore	87	74	—	2.1	—1.6
Nagpur	90	63	—	—	—1.6
Poona	90	61	—	0.3	—0.9
Quetta	54	36	—	1.9	...
Ratnagiri	85	72	—	2.9	+1.9
Rajkot	86	56	—	—	—0.3
Srinagar	40	29	—	3.7	—0.5
Surat	92	65	—	—	—0.3
Trichinopoly	87	71	—	4.5	—4.3

T indicates rainfall of 1 to 4 Cents.

General Rain In Central India

POONA, Jan. 26.

A low pressure area appeared this morning over southeast Gujarat and adjoining areas and there has been nearly general rain in east Central India with local falls in East United Provinces and Chota Nagpur and a few showers in Orissa. A western disturbance caused a few light showers in western Himalayas. Night temperatures were appreciably above normal from east Gujarat to west Central Provinces.

The chief amounts of rainfall were Balasore one inch, Sutna three quarters, Hazaribagh half, Benares and Allahabad quarter of an inch.

EARTHQUAKE REPORT.—An earthquake shock of great intensity at its origin about 10,000 miles away was recorded by Bombay Seismographs at nine hours twenty-two minutes I. S. T. on Wednesday.—A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 26-1-1939.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —.010 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 75.5 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 73.7 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 73.7 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 84.9 degrees 2.3 (above normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 72.3 degree 5.9 (above normal).

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 92 p.c.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. SE.

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 7 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 88 miles.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 86 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 11 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 6.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 26-1-39.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 78.6 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.13 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.93 inches.

For correction of ship's instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

Earthquake Report.—An earthquake shock of great intensity at its origin about 10,000 miles away with its epicentral region apparently in Chile near Santiago was recorded by the seismographs at the Colaba Observatory at 9hrs. 22m. (I.S.T.) on Wednesday the 25th January 1939.

Purandaradasa Anniversary At Matunga

Three organisations were represented at the anniversary celebrations of Sir Purandaradasa, the celebrated Kannada composer and devotee, on last Friday night in the premises of Vani Vihara Vidyalaya, Matunga. The organisations referred to are Vani Vihara Vidyalaya, Sri Purnapragna Sangha, and the Bombay Kannada Sangha, Matunga.

The celebrations started at 8-30 p.m. with recitals of some well-known pieces composed by Sri Purandaradasa, and after, such had lasted for about an hour, Nyaya Vedanta Vidwan Sriman Gopalacharya, M. A., spoke for over an hour about the life and teachings of this great devotee.

CONGRESS CANDIDATES FROM MATUNGA-SION

The following three Congress candidates are contesting the Corporation Election from Matunga-Sion Ward No. 16:

Mr. G. T. Patankar.

Mr. Gajanan Trimbak Patankar is a retired Municipal servant and can thus claim an intimate knowledge of its working. While in service, he used to evince a good deal of interest in public affairs, and after retirement he devotes his time to the service of the City. He has been closely associated with the Congress activities.

Mr. B. N. Maheshwari

Mr. B. N. Maheshwari, a veteran publicist and a fighter in the public life of Bombay.

A close associate and devout disciple of the late Mr. Vithalbhai Patel, he has inherited from his "Guru" some of the tactics that are an asset to a public worker. He had been closely associated with the Mandvi District Congress Committee for a number of years, and was twice a member of the A. I. C. C. He courted jail twice during the Civil Disobedience Movement.

Mr. Maheshwari was a member of the Corporation twice before in 1923 and 1929, and was instrumental in organising the Bombay Nationalist Municipal Party of which he was the Chief Whip. He was later in 1929 a Secretary of the Congress Nationalist Municipal Board.

Mr. K. A. Subramanian

Mr. K. A. Subramanian is a Congress worker since 1920. He organised the "G" Ward District Congress Committee and also picketing of liquor shops in the Ward. He takes keen interest in the spread of khadi and organised a Charkha Sangh. He participated in the Civil Disobedience Movement and was twice imprisoned.

He was an enthusiastic Home Ruler in 1917, and also put in commendable work in collecting funds for the Poll-tax Campaign in South Africa. His Congress services are thus worthy of note.

(1) The stage from which Sardar Patel was to address a public meeting in Baroda was broken on the eve of his arrival by an angry mob.
(2) Jawahar Hotel, whose proprietor wanted to receive the Sardar, erected an arch for the reception. Photo shows the wreckage due to the fury of the mob.

AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Thursday.

A woman lighted a seghri and went to the water-tap leaving her ten-year-old girl alone in the room. When she returned from the water-tap, she found that her daughter had sustained burns. The girl was removed to the K. E. M. Hospital, where she died this morning.

A verdict of accidental death was returned to-day, by the Bombay Coroners jury, at the inquest on Bayabai Kanu.

The girl's mother stated that the girl was deaf, dumb, and somewhat idiotic.

Dataram Shamrao was arrested last night at Khetwadi, following a gambling raid carried out by the city police.

Mr. W. K. Mankar, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Police Court, ordered his release on bail till 3rd February, pending further inquiries.

Alleged Assault On Women Pickets

The Bone Factory workers' strike at Chembur took an ugly turn on Wednesday morning when, it is said women pickets, who were attempting to dissuade black-legs from entering the factory were assaulted.

Things took a serious turn at this but some of the local leaders of the General Workers Party rushed to the scene and brought the situation under control.

A meeting was held in the evening and was addressed by Mr. D. V. Pradhan secretary of the Independent Labour Party.

It is reported that the manager of the factory saw Mr. Pradhan this morning and attempted to being about settlement on the points in dispute.

RUSHED ACROSS ROAD FROM BETWEEN TWO CARS.

The Bombay Coroner's jury returned a verdict of accidental death at the inquest on Ramsing Bhojia (30), a labourer, who died of injuries in the G. T. Hospital.

It was stated that on the 22nd January at about 6-30 p.m. the deceased was walking along Esplanade Gymkhana side of the road. A number of cars had been parked near the Gymkhana and cars were coming from the direction of Dhobi Talao. The deceased, who had a bundle on his head rushed across the road from between two of the parked cars and ran into the left side of the car, with the result that his bundle fell into that car and he fell down on the road. The car was stopped at the spot. He was removed to the G. T. Hospital, where he died.

Alleged Attempt At Theft

While in the alleged act of removing steel bars of a window and breaking through into a Khadi shop at Vithalbhai Patel Road, Sitla Sanna was suddenly disturbed by the alarm made by the inmates. Leaving his job he took to his heels, but he was traced and arrested. The Girgaum Magistrate granted bail for the sum of Rs. 100 with a deposit of Rs. 50.

On Thursday morning two persons were going along the Cotton Road with some bundles on their shoulders. Their suspicious movements drew the attention of a policemen who approaching them made enquiries. Both Mohamed Husein and Syed Alibi were then arrested and placed before the Presidency Magistrate, Dadar, and were remanded into Police custody till 4th February for having stolen clothes from Cotton Road Dhobi's hut.

CHARGE OF FRAUD AGAINST RAILWAY OFFICIAL

(From Our Correspondent)

Kalyan, Jan 25

The Kalyan Resident Magistrate, Mr. P. K. Kharkar has recently committed to the Thana Sessions, one Mr. J. A. Barrow, an official from the Chola Power House of the G. I. P. Railway for an offence under Section 477 of the Indian Penal Code.

The facts as alleged by the prosecution are that the accused, who along with his brother, had passed in the year 1935 two promissory notes of the aggregate amount of Rs. 900 and odd, in favour of K. R. Mutha and Co. of Kalyan, promised the firm to pass fresh notes as the old ones were getting time-barred. Tarachand Kasturchand one of the joint owners of the firm accordingly went to Chola last April for the purpose but the accused Mr. Barrow took over the two pro-notes from the complainant Tarachand and tore them off with a view to defraud the firm.

JOE LOUIS RETAINS TITLE

Beats John Henry Lewis In All-Black Contest

NEW YORK, Jan. 26.

Joe Louis, World's Heavy-weight Boxing Champion, won scoring a technical knock-out in the first round, at Madison Square Garden, yesterday.—Reuter.

LATER.

The fight lasted 2 minutes and 24 seconds.

John Henry was unquestionably game, but no man could have stood up against Joe, who unleashed one of the fiercest attacks

Joe Louis

since he became a headline sensation.

Both men sparred. John Henry then jabbed Joe, who was cautious. Joe led to the jaw with his left, and then a right hook to the jaw, terrifically hard, sent John Henry down for a count of 4.

Joe tore in with a left and a right to the jaw and John Henry was wobbling. Joe followed up with a right hook to the jaw and the Referee was thinking of intervening.

Two right hooks to the chin and John Henry went down for a count of 3. Joe sent in four right hooks to the jaw. John Henry staggered and went down, but rose reeling, with terror and helplessness in his eyes. The Referee sprang between the men and literally held John Henry back as he struggled to be allowed to continue.—

JOE WAS FAVOURITE

17,350 people, paying £30,000 saw the first All-Negro world heavy-weight title fight in history. Joe who was 10 to 1 favourite said that he would end the fight quick in order to save his friend punishment and certainly kept his promise. His many blows lifted John Henry from his feet though at the most he travelled less than six inches.

John Henry was down for three counts before the Referee ended the unequal contest as afterwards Joe said: "That's how I will treat them all-knock them out in the first round."

John Henry said that he felt fine; "they should have let me go on." John Henry may defend his cruiser-weight title next summer.—Reuter.

SHERIFF'S MEETING IN HONOUR OF SIR PHIROZE SETHNA

A meeting of those, who signed the requisition for calling the Sheriff's meeting in honour of the late Sir Phiroze Sethna, was held on Thursday evening, at the Corporation Hall, Mr. Sultan M. Chinoy, the Mayor of Bombay, presiding.

A committee with powers to co-opt was appointed for the purpose of drafting resolutions and making all other arrangements for the Sheriff's meeting. The Committee consists of Mr. Sultan Chinoy as President, Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas, Sir H. P. Mody, Mr. K. F. Nariman, Mr. T. V. Baddeley and others as members, and Messrs. B. N. Karanjia, N. S. Guzdar and J. K. Mehta as Secretaries.

The meeting resolved that the Hon. Mr. K. M. Munshi be requested to preside over the public meeting.

HOME MINISTER ON RURAL UPLIFT

Munshi's Appeal To Villagers

(From A Correspondent).

NAVSARI, Jan. 25.

The Hon. Mr. K. M. Munshi, the Home Minister of the Government of Bombay came to Navsari this afternoon from Surat with Rao Bahadur K. R. B. Bhadrapur, Collector of Surat and Mr. Kanaiyalal Desai, the President of the District Congress Committee, Mr. Durlabhji P. Desai, President of the District Local Board garlanded Mr. Munshi and introduced those present on the station.

Mr. Munshi then drove to Sisodra, a village nearly three miles from Navsari and one of the former centres of Non-co-operation Movement.

Mr. Munshi first went to the Sisodra-Munsad Road a road to be constructed by the independent labour of the villagers without the help of Government and laid the first stroke of spade to dig the earth amidst cheers of a large gathering collected on the spot.

An address was presented to Mr. Munshi by Mr. D. P. Desai which paid glowing tributes to work done by him at the time of the Non-co-operation Movement in the Bardoli taluka in 1928.

Replying the Hon. Mr. Munshi recalled his visit to the village eleven years ago and said that the working of the Congress in this part of the country was so satisfactory that nobody could help envying it. Anent the return of forfeited lands to the khatedards the Minister said that laws could be enacted, responsible government could be obtained but the legislation for the return of the lands was not an easy task for them.

Speaking on rural uplift Mr. Munshi informed the people of his knowledge of hardships due to shortage of water for agricultural purposes in the villages and said that the Bombay Government had set apart a sum of Rs. 10 lakhs on that behalf.

Mr. Munshi then motored to Matvad and At. villages from 5 to 7 miles from Navsari where he addressed the villagers and exhorted them to work hard for the improvement of agriculture and to be bold to banish corruption from the villages.

This is the place to watch —

BETWEEN your teeth

Protect yourself by using Odol Tooth Paste right away. Odol's penetrating action makes straight for these little gaps where decay lurks; its germ-killing properties free them from danger; its pleasant taste leaves them refreshed. There are no abrasives in Odol, but it makes dull teeth white and beautiful. Never entrust your teeth to anything but Odol.

Odol TOOTH PASTE

MOUTH RULE NO. 2 Use Odol Mouthwash night and morning. So fresh! Kills infection and bad breath.

O.T.9 FOR GLEAMING TEETH

HEAL CUTS AND BURNS

Neglected cuts and burns invite dangerous infection. Apply 'New-Skin' immediately and no harm can come. 'New-Skin' quickly heals sore places while it protects them.

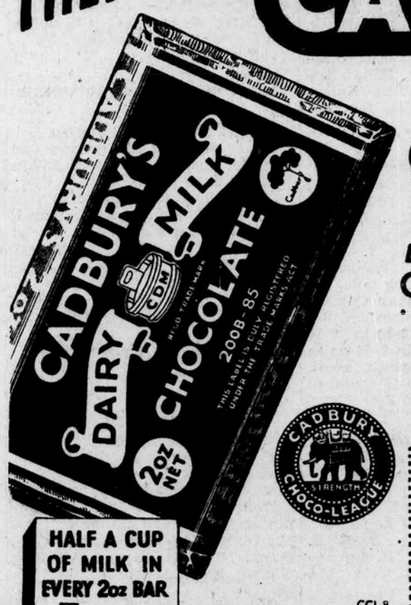
NEW-SKIN ANTISEPTIC WATERPROOF COATING

TO INDIA'S PARENTS

A message of health & fitness for the younger generation

Cadbury's delicious Milk Chocolate is far more *nourishing* than many other foods of greater bulk; that is because the goodness of Cadbury's Milk Chocolate is concentrated. Scientists have found that the pure cocoa, sugar and rich fresh milk used in making it give Cadbury's Milk Chocolate more energy-producing power than many such foods as Bread, Eggs or Bananas! Also, Cadbury's has plenty of Vitamin D, the wonderful body-builder that produces strong bones and teeth. Another health point: Every Cadbury's bar comes to you wrapped and untouched by hand in manufacture.

THEY LOVE CADBURY'S MILK CHOCOLATE



HALF A CUP OF MILK IN EVERY 2oz BAR 3 ANNAS

CCL.8

LET YOUR CHILDREN JOIN THE CADBURY CHOCO-LEAGUE

To enrol your boy or girl in the Cadbury Choco-League, write your child's name in the coupon below and send it to The Chief, Cadbury Choco-League, P.O. Box 440, Calcutta, enclosing one wrapper from each of three 2-oz. (3 anna) bars of Cadbury's Milk Chocolate. We will send by return this handsome badge of membership and booklet explaining the objects of the League.

NAME .....

ADDRESS .....

.....

SCHOOL ..... AGE .....

Send this to the Chief, Cadbury Choco-League, P.O. Box 440, Calcutta.

C

RAILWAY TIME-TABLE

G. I. P. Railway

(IN FORCE FROM OCTOBER, 1938)
Arrivals at and Departures from Victoria Terminus.

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Madras Mail	6 00	22 10
Peshawar Lucknow (Exp.)	6 15	23 00
Calcutta Mail (Nagpur)	7 50	17 40
Calcutta Mail (Chheoki)	9 00	20 45
Madras Express	10 10	15 00
Poona Mail	10 25	17 30
Punjab Mail	11 15	18 50
Nagpur Express	13 50	21 35
Poona Fast (Pass.)	17 00	11 50
Poona Express	19 24	8 05
Allahabad Express	20 15	7 00

B. B. & C. I. Railway

Time-table in force from 1st October, 1938.
Arrivals at and Departures from Bombay Central.

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	5 35	13 50
Delhi Express	6 00	22 15
Gujarat Mail	6 45	22 00
Kathiawar Mail	7 25	21 30
Frontier Mail	8 15	21 15
	(Mon	(Sat)
*The Flying Ranee Surat	9 48	15 10
The Flying Ranee, Surat	10 58	18 05
Ahmedabad Passenger	14 15	22 30
Kathiawar Express	18 45	8 45
Baroda Passenger	20 33	9 25

*If Monday is a Bank Holiday, this train will run on Tuesday.

ARRIVALS AT BALLARD PIER

	Arr.
Frontier Mail (On Saturdays only for Homeward Passengers)	8 40

AIR MAIL TIMINGS

The following air mail time table is in force in Bombay:—

LONDON—BOMBAY (Juhu).
Planes call at Karachi, Bhuj and Ahmedabad.
Arrivals at Juhu: Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday at 1 p.m.
Delivery: Monday (two deliveries) 8 a.m. and 3-30 p.m. Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday 3-30 p.m.

BOMBAY (Juhu)—LONDON
Planes call at Ahmedabad, Bhuj and Karachi.
Latest hours of posting at the G. P. O.:—Sunday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday 7-30 a.m. Departure from Juhu 10-15 a.m.

BOMBAY (Juhu)—COLOMBO
Planes call at Hyderabad, Madras and Trichinopoly.
Latest hours of posting at the G. P. O.:—Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday 11-30 a.m. Departure from Juhu 1-30 p.m.

COLOMBO—BOMBAY (Juhu)
Arrivals at Juhu: Sunday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday 9-45 a.m. Delivery, Sunday 12-30 p.m.
Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday, 1 p.m.

BOMBAY (via Calcutta)—SINGAPORE and AUSTRALIA.
Latest hour of posting:—Monday, Tuesday and Saturday 6-30 p.m.
AUSTRALIA—BOMBAY (via Calcutta)
Delivery:—Tuesday, Wednesday and Saturday, at 6-30 p.m.

BOMBAY (via Calcutta)—HONGKONG CHINA AND JAPAN
Latest hour of posting:—Tuesday and Saturday 6-30 p.m.
HONGKONG—BOMBAY (via Calcutta)
Delivery:—Tuesday and Saturday 11 a.m.

BOMBAY—KATHIAWAR.
Planes call at Bhavnagar, Rajkot, Jamnagar and Porebunder.
Departures from Juhu: Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday 7-15 a.m.
Arrivals:—Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, 6 p.m.

BOMBAY—POONA—KOLHAPUR
Departure from Juhu: Monday, Thursday and Saturday at 7-15 a.m.
Arrivals at Juhu: Monday, Thursday and Saturday at 11-45 a.m.

EAT WHAT YOU PLEASE
Without Painful After-effects

How glorious to be able to set-to with a will to your favourite delicacies, meal after meal, day after day—with no fear of after-effects!

To many stomach sufferers, such pleasure will seem an impossible dream. But you *can* make it come true—easily, inexpensively, safely, as the writers of these letters have done:

"Now I can eat what I like," says one—"My appetite normal again," cries another—"Able to eat anything," claims a third—"First good meal for months," announces yet another victim. And these are only a few of thousands of stomach sufferers—all so grateful for this unexpected return of their appetite without fear of after-effects, that they simply *have* to write.

What about you? Are you always ready for a meal at meal times? Can you always eat what is set before you without a pang of fear? If not, wait no longer. Take Maclean Brand Stomach Powder. See how your appetite comes back in full force as this scientific stomach remedy cleanses the system of poison, neutralises excess acid, and soothes the inflamed stomach walls.

And remember Maclean Brand Stomach Powder, taken in time, does more than just enable you to enjoy your food. It stops your stomach trouble getting serious—for, as you know, a neglected stomach may even bring you eventually to the operating table.

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Latest Gallops At Mahaluxmi

Phakos, Multissimo And Dark Fellow Give Smart Displays: Mamluk Al Iraq Works Well

(FROM OUR TRACK CORRESPONDENT)

With the Big Meetings so soon to begin, horses with important engagements have secured their winding-up preparation. The following gallops have been noted through the week:—

In a brisk seven furlongs gallop on the race-track PHAKOS (Rickaby) beat FLYING ORDERS (R. Boy) and TETRAZONE (Bunetta). First named is in top-hole fettle.

MULTISSIMO (Cook) moved freely in a strong pace mile gallop. Fit and well.

DARK FELLOW (Sibbritt) was subjected to a rousing nine furlongs gallop when he gave satisfaction. Has trained on since last saddled for a race.

ROMNEY (Selby) moved smartly in a mile run.

ROYAL ROMANCE (Burn) outpaced DANCING COMET (Brace), and JOVIAL PRINCE (Whiteside) in a fast seven furlongs. First named is fast coming to hand.

DESERT NIGHT (Cook) covered seven furlongs in attractive style.

CHHATRASAL (Britt) held DIAMOND SHOWER (R. Boy) in a run over the seven. Keep an eye on the former.

PANNA PRINCE (Whiteside) had KARAWAY (Sibbritt) for company in a seven furlongs dash. BHUTNATH joined them over the last five. PANNA PRINCE was best.

MANCLARE (Marrable) had a nice seven furlongs gallop. Shaped well.

ZUYDER ZEE (R. Boy) went seven furlongs at a rousing pace. Fit and well.

WHO'S WHO (R. Boy) outpaced HOW'S THAT (Britt) in a dash over the six. He has never been better.

GRIMAGE (Stead) had the beating of SARASON (Rook) in a six furlongs gallop. Former should be troubling the judge before many days have passed.

MISS GRENVILLE (O'Neale) accounted for TOLTEC (Burn) in a six furlongs dash on the race track. She is in great heart at the moment.

RADOUGA (K. Hassan) and POMPEIAN (Sibbritt) were together at the end of a fast six. Horses to follow.

OMEGAN (Britt) strode out freely and well in a brisk mile gallop.

WHAT'S WHAT (Field) shaped attractively in a rattling mile gallop. He had LORD BYRON (Britt) for company over the last seven.

ETESSAM (Bond) and MYTHICAL MONK (Bullock) went over a sharply run mile. They were quite good.

THE GROVE (Evans) and ROSE OF PERSIA (R. Boy) were well together at the end of a pace mile gallop.

HIMAT (Bullock) and VANITY FAIR (Selby) contested a fast run six furlongs. Latter shaped well.

QUIDNUNC (Evans) was assisted by MONOCLE (Northmore) in a strong mile gallop. Both moved well, the latter not being extended.

GIRVAN (Orme) and ARCHMOON (Selby) were sent a mile when they pleased.

SHIPSTALL (Selby) had HAMBURGER (Orme) on the stretch in a six furlongs dash. Former is a great track horse.

RISING SUN (Brace) and ADVANCE (Burn) went over six furlongs together. They moved smartly without being extended

GOLDEN TICKET did a pace nine furlongs gallop in fine style. Fit and well.

FOUR ACES (Whiteside) covered nine furlongs at a fast pace and finished on stoutly.

PRINCE HILAL (Evans) had SARKHAT (O'Neale) for company in a seven furlongs burst. They gave satisfaction.

MAMLUK AL IRAQ (Britt) beat IRAQ BAHADUR (R. Boy) and VIOLENCE (Obaid) in a six furlongs dash. Back the first named again.

SUKAB (Burn) gave a smart display over the six.

Note:—WHEATSHEAF, OCEANUS, HOUSE OF LORDS and KAID SAOUD.

Released Kisan Leader Congratulated

(From Our Correspondent).

KOLHAPUR, Jan. 24.

A meeting held at Ramacha Par this evening passed a resolution condemning the alleged attacks made by "Vividha Vritta," "Arikal," "Samsthani Swarajya" and other papers on H. H. the Maharaja of Kolhapur and members of his family some time ago. One Maratha burned these three papers while Mr. Dhabholkar the Municipal President, declared the resolution passed unanimously and dissolved the meeting.

BAGAL CONGRATULATED.

Last evening a monster meeting was held on the Khasbag Maidan to congratulate Mr. Bagal on his unconditional release, Mr. Mahadeobhai Gandhi presiding. Messrs. Shahane Shikhare, Haribhau Joshi, Jagadale and Bagal addressed the meeting.

World Record For Women's Breast-Stroke

LONDON, Jan. 25.

Yvonne Vandekerckhoke of Belgium broke, to-day, the world record for women's 500 metres breast-stroke, time taken by her being 8.6 minutes.

The previous record held by Inge Soersen of Denmark is 8.9 minutes. —Reuter.

First Day Of Big Meeting

Probables, Weights And Order Of Running For Nine Events On Saturday

The following are the Probables, Weights and order of running for the nine events of First Day's Bombay Big Meeting, to be run at Mahalaxmi, on Saturday, January 28:—

First Race: 2-0 p.m.

THE TOM LE MESURIER PLATE. (Div. II)—Distance 6 Furlongs.

Winner Rs. 2,500; Second Rs. 700; Third. Rs. 450. A Handicap for Arabs in Classes I & II.

(To be ridden by Licensed Riding Boys and Apprentice Jockeys. Apprentice Jockeys to carry 5 lbs. extra.

Burgess 9-0, Reformer 8-13, Blanche 8-10, Rajput 8-8, Taj Subhan 8-8, Iraq Jewel 8-7, Sarkhat 8-5, Fahad Pasha 8-5, Glitter 8-3 and Farhan Pasha 7-9.

❖ ❖

Second Race: 2-30 p.m.

THE TOM LE MESURIER PLATE. (Div. I)—Distance 6 Furlongs.

Winner Rs. 6,000; Second, Rs. 1,800; Third, Rs. 900. A Handicap for Arabs in Classes I & II.

White Flower 9-7, Prince Hilal 9-3, Wheel of Fortune 8-5, Mamluk al Iraq 8-4, Iraq Bahadur 8-2, Sukab 8-3, Bahar Neel 8-3, Great Star 8-3, Walk Over 7-11 and Thousand Dollars 7-4.

❖ ❖

Third Race: 3-0 p.m.

THE GENERAL OBAIDULLAH KHAN MEMORIAL GOLD CUP. Distance 1 1/4 Miles.

A Gold Cup Value Rs. 3,000, presented by the Nawabzada of Bhopal and Rs. 11,000, from the Fund. Winner, the Cup and Rs. 8,000; second, Rs 2,000; third, Rs. 1,000.

For Arabs 4 years old and upwards. Arabs, 6 years old and upwards, to carry 8st. 7 lbs. Arabs 5 years old, to carry 8st. 5 lbs. 4 years old, to carry 8st. Penalties—Winner of a race value Rs. 3,000, or over, 7 lbs extra. Allowances.—Arabs in Classes II and III, 7 lbs. (Landing Allowance Clause in General Conditions does not apply).

Fiery Face 9-0, Firpo 9-0, Royal Rival 9-0, Nassirwan 9-0, Karam Allah 9-0, Al Muqbil 9-0, Jahan Ara 9-0, Al Hamil 9-0, Fadhilat al Hawa 8-12, Legion 8-12, Four Aces 8-7, Golden Ticket 8-0, Dahman Fadhil 7-7, Jewan 8-0, King of Diamonds 7-12. Saif al Nusser 7-7 and Jirnas 7-7.

❖ ❖

Fourth Race: 3-30 p.m.

THE JAMMU CUP. Distance 6 Furlongs.

A Cup value £150 to the owner or the winner, presented by H. H. The Maharaja of Kashmir and Rs. 10,000 from the Fund. Winner the Cup and Rs. 7,000; Second Rs. 2,000; Third Rs. 1,000. A Handicap for Indian Horses Starred in Classes III & IV.

Rising Sun 9-11, Rose Marie 9-11, Pride of India 9-9, Vanity Fair 9-4, Bhutnath 8-7, Quicksilver 8-7, Husn Ara 8-0, Jayant 8-4, Pompom 8-3, Miss Lena 8-0, Miniver 7-7, Pompeian 7-7, Silver Armour 7-7 and Mazarin 7-4.

Fifth Race: 4-0 p.m.

THE FORT PLATE (Div. II) —Distance 1 Mile.

Winner Rs. 3,500; Second, Rs. 1,100; Third Rs. 500. A Handicap for Horses in Class III.

Assault-at-Arms 9-0, Marichika 8-13, Grianeog 8-13, The Grove 8-6, Omegan 7-7, Mr. Pip 8-6, Mark You 7-13, Monte Carlo 8-4, Checkmate 8-4, Nanine 7-13 Quidnunc 7-12, Curialistic 7-12, Lord Byron 7-12 and Wait-a-Bit 7-7.

❖ ❖

Sixth Race: 4-30 p.m.

THE FORT PLATE. (Div. I) —Distance 1 Mile.

Winner Rs. 3,500; Second, Rs. 1,100; Third, Rs. 500. A Handicap for Horses in Class III.

Final Glance 9-0, Rosewood 8-12, King of France 8-8, Bright Hope 8-7, Jovial Prince 8-6, Levant 8-4, Himat 8-4, Call O'the Glen 8-4, Girvan 8-2, Rough Sea 8-1, What's What 8-2, Le Baron 7-10, Golden Link 7-9, and Sea Battle 7-9.

❖ ❖

Seventh Race: 5-0 p.m.

THE GRAND WESTERN HANDICAP—Distance 1 1/4 Miles.

A Cup value Rs. 1,000, or in specie at the option of the winner, and Rs. 17,000 from the Fund. Winner, the Cup and Rs. 12,500; Second, Rs. 3,000; Third Rs. 1,500. A Handicap for Horses in Class I.

Le Duc 9-0, Mas d'Antibes 8-12, Shivaji the Great 8-12, Mistral 8-9, Dignitary 8-1, Romney 8-5, Rivalli 8-4, Motky 8-4, Dark Fellow 7-13 and Talk 7-10.

❖ ❖

Eighth Race: 5-30 p.m.

THE CHIEF OF KAGAL MEMORIAL PLATE—Distance 7 Furlongs.

Winner Rs. 10,000; Second, Rs. 2,500; Third, Rs. 1,000. A Handicap for Horses in Class I.

Manclare 9-4, Zuyder Zee 9-4, Play On 9-0, Desert Night 9-0, Gipsy Jack 8-9, Diamond Shower 8-9, Terror 8-6, Solmint 8-4, Tetrazone 8-1, Titanium 7-11, Giftlaw 7-11, Glanely 7-11, March Wind 7-4, Bachelor's Bard 7-9, Panna Prince 7-9 and Karaway 7-6.

❖ ❖

Ninth Race: 6-0 p.m.

THE ADELAID PLATE Distance 6 Furlongs.

Winner, Rs. 6,000; Second, Rs. 1,800; Third Rs. 900. A Handicap for Horses in Class II.

Coeur de Lion 9-0, Who's Who 8-11, Sarason 8-10, Grimage 8-9, Paper Boy 8-8, Chhatrasal 8-5, Shell Out 8-3, Black Peril 8-1, Toltec 8-1, Shipstoll 8-0, Radouga 7-13, Far West 7-13, Twain 7-10 and Sir Amos 7-7.

Badminton At Matunga

Swamy and Venkatraman defeated Krishnamoorthy and Mani of the Hindu Gymkhana "A" in a match of the Non-Medalist (Doubles) Ball Badminton Tournament Conducted by the Excelsior Club. The match was played this morning in the Excelsior Court and was decided by two straight and easy games. From the start Swamy and Venkatraman took advantake of the poor defence of their opponent and took the first game conceeding only 6 points to the Gymkhana team. The second game was a little lively when the losers put some effort but ultimately lost the game and match.

29—6, 29—17.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Delhi—I Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s.)

8-0 a.m Recitation from Quran. 8-15 Naat-i-Rusul Recitation by Behzad Lukhnavi. 8-20 Haider Husain Asa. 8-25 Kallan Qawwal and Party. 9-30 Sarangi Recital. By Talib Husain: Shudh Sarang. 9-35 Zeibunnisa of Gwalior. 9-50 Azizur Rahman.

12-0 noon Sweet Melodies.

1-0 p.m. Favourite-Favourites. 6-10 Kallan Qawwal and Party. 6-30 A I R Trio. 6-40 Zeibunnisa of Gwalior. 7-0 For Villagers Only. 8-0 Our Listeners' Letters. 8-15 Great War, What it meant to Humanity. By L. Deshbandhu Gupta. 8-30 Benazirbai of Jaipur. 8-50 Kallan Qawwal and Party. 9-5 Delhi Radio Orchestra. 9-50 Chand Khan. 10-0 Test of Civilization. By F. Davenport. 10-15 Zeibunnisa of Gwalior. 10-30 Kallan Qawwal and Party. 10-45 Benazirbai: Close down.

Delhi—II Programme

31.3 metres (9,590 kc/s.)

8-0 to 10-0 a.m. and 12-0 noon to 2-0 p.m. As in Delhi I.

60.48 metres (4,960 kc/s.)

6-0 p.m. As in Delhi I. 6-10 Chand Khan. 6-35 Benazirbai of Jaipur. 6-55 Jaltarang Solo. 7-0 Chand Khan. 7-20 Kallan Qawwal and Party. 7-40 Zeibunnisa. 8-0 to 8-50 As in Delhi I. 8-50 to 9-15 Chand Khan. 9-15 to 9-45 as in Delhi I 9-50 Classical Concert. 10-0 As in Delhi I. 10-15 Classical Concert. (Contd.). 11-0 Late News.

Delhi—III Programme

19.8 metres (15,160 kc/s.)

8-0 to 11-0 a. m. and 12-0 noon to 2-0 p.m. As in Delhi I.

31.3 metres (9,590 kc/s.)

6-0 to 7-0 p.m. As in Delhi I. 7-0 to 8-0 As in Delhi II. 8-0 to 11-0 As in Delhi I.

Bombay—I Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s.)

8-0 a.m. Records.

12-0 noon Bai Shamabai.

12-30 p.m. Ladio Ploglam. 12-45 Instrumental Selections. 12-55 Market Rates. 1-5 Music. 3-30 Geography. By B. S. Patel. 3-50 Music. 3-55 Gujarati Literature. The Novel: Munshi. (Gujarati) by Acharya A. B. Dhruva. 4-15 Current Topics. By Miss Kapila Khandwalla. 6-0 Allah Rakhibai. Ghazal and Dadra. 6-15 K. R. Tipnis. 6-25 A I R Vocalist. 6-30 For Bhumijan. 7-30 Commercial News. 7-45 Allah Rakhibai. 8-0 Film Review. 8-15 Bombay Radio Orchestra. 8-25 Bai Shamabai. 9-0 News in Hindustani. 9-15 Trio at Mike. 9-30 News in English. 9-50 Film Review. By Evelyn Wood. 10-5 Harry Lyttler: Flute Recital. 10-25 Record. 10-30 A I R Symphonic Strings. 11-0 Epilogue.

Bombay—II Programme

31.4 metres (9,550 kc/s.)

8-0 to 9-0 a.m., 12-0 noon to 2-0 p.m. and 3-30 to 4-30 As in Bombay I.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s.)

6-0 to 6-30 p.m. As in Bombay I. 6-30 Allah Rakhibai. 6-45 Karim Khan. 6-55 Niwrutti Sarnaik of Kolhapur. 7-30 to 10-5 As in Bombay I. 10-5 Niwrutti Sarnaik of Kolhapur. 11-0 Epilogue.

Calcutta—I Programme

(Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time.)

370 metres (810 kc/s.)

12-30 p.m. Selections from Yeomen of Guard and Pirates of Penzance. 12-50 Music. 1-17 Music. 1-30 Islamic Programme. 1-45 Accident. 2-5 Islamic Programme. 5-0 For Children. 6-0 For Children. 6-40 When Sun Goes Down. 7-30 AIR Players. 8-45 Pala Kirtan. 10-15 Amiya Adhikari.

Calcutta—II Programme

31.48 metres (9,530 kc/s.)

12-30 p.m. to 2-30 As in Calcutta I.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s.)

5-0 p.m. to 10-30 As in Calcutta I.

Madras—I Programme

211 metres (1,420 kc/s.)

2-0 p.m. It Might Interest You. 2-5 Air we breathe, by R. Veeraragha Sarma. 2-20 Music. 4-0 Things of Interest (Tamil) by 'Radio Mama'. 4-5 Our Friends Abroad, I. Tamil: By T. V. Guruswami Iyer. 4-20 Kolattam. 5-0 Master G. J. Gabriel. 6-0 Shrimati C. Dhanamanickam: Vocal. 6-30 For Women. 7-0 AIR Carnatic Orchestra. 7-15 It does matter, 2. (Tamil) by N. Halasyam. 7-30 Apasruti (Telugu) by S. N. Murty 7-50 Maharajpuram Viswanatha Iyer: Vocal. 9-15 Economic Chaos by Dr. P J. Thomas. 9-30 Shrimati T. V. Subbu Thayee: Vocal.

Madras—II Programme

25.28 metres (11,870 kc/s.)

2-0 p.m. to 2-30 As in Madras I.

60.98 metres (4,920 kc/s.)

5-0 p.m. Bangalore Studio Orchestra. 5-15 V. Varadaraja Iyengar: Vocal 6-5 Cottage Industries, Malt Making. (Telugu). 6-15 Light Songs. By Shrimati B. Lakshmibai. 6-30 to 9-30 As in Madras I. 9-30 Records. 9-45 Wilfred Forbes: Violin. 10-15 Dance Session. 10-30 Epilogue.

Peshawar Programme

200 metres (1,500 kc/s.)

5-0 p.m. With Villagers. 6-10 Recitation from Quran. 6-25 Mohammad Siddiq. 6-45 Khyber Young Folks' League. 7-45 Khyber Young Folks' League, Napoleon Bonaparte, (Hindustani) by Prof. Mohammad Shafi. 8-20 Khyber Orchestra: Naghma-i-Tarab. 8-30 Mohammad Siddiq Qawwali. 8-55 Naz Begam. 9-45 Qawwali by Mohammad Siddiq and Party. 10-10 Naz Begam.

Lahore Programme

276 metres ,1,086 kc/s.)

6-10 p.m. Recitation from Quran. 6-25 Naat. By Khadim Husain. 6-30 For the Countryside. 7-15 Ferozabai of Lahore. 7-35 Khadim Husain. 7-45 Films by Bashir Hashmi. 8-0 Ferozabai of Lahore. 8-20 AIR Voice Orchestra. 8-25 Khadim Husain. 8-45 Music Lesson. By Gayak. 9-0 Ferozabai of Lahore. 9-35 Dance Music. 9-50 Current Events—America by C. J. Chacko. 10-5 Punjab Police Band.

Lucknow Programme

293.5 metres (1022 wc/s)

5-30 P.M. Bhajans and Naats. 6-0 Ghulam Sabir. 6-25 Rashke Jahan. 6-50 Mohammad Ashraf. 7-15 Lucknow Radio Orchestra. 7-25 Ghulam Sabir. 7-45 Rashke Jahan. 8-0 Round the museums in U.P. 2. 8-15 Ghazals. 8-45 Ghulam Sabir. 9-0 Rashke Jahan. 9-45 Mohammad Ashraf. 10-10 Rehmat Ali. 10-20 Ghulam Sabir. 10-40 Rashke Jahan.

B. B. C. Programme

7-30 P.M. Scottish danec music. 8-0 Rivers of Europe. 8-55 English table tennis championships 9-15 Cicely Courtneidge. 9-30 News. 9-50 Next week's programms. 10-0 Wraith.

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City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Magh Shud 7, 1995
Muslim: Jilhej 5, 1557
Parsi: Amardad 24, 1308
Hightide: 3-19 16-08
Lowtide: 9-44 21-27
Sunrise: 7h. 15m.
Sunset: 6h. 29m.
Improvements Committee, 4-10 p.m.

Saturday, January 28.

S. S. 'Narkunda' with mails for London sails at 1 p.m.

POSTAL NOTICES

Superscribed unregistered correspondence for United States of America per s.s. 'Pres. Van Buren' will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 6-30 p.m. to-day, the 27th instant.

Correspondence other than letters and postcards for British East Africa, Tanganyika Territory, Zanzibar, Rhodesia, Nyasaland and the Union of South Africa and all correspondence for Portuguese East Africa and Lawrenzo Marques per s.s. 'Takliwa' will be accepted at the Bombay General Post Office as shown below:—

Unregistered correspondence upto 12 noon on Wednesday, the 1st February, 1939.

Registered correspondence and parcels will be accepted upto 5 p.m. on Tuesday the 31st January, 1939.

Correspondence other than letters and postcards for Mauritius, and all correspondence for Reunion and Madagascar Ports will also be accepted upto 12 noon on Wednesday, the 1-2-1939, for despatch by the above steamer. Letters and postcards for Mauritius specially superscribed for transmission by this steamer will also be accepted upto 12 noon on Wednesday.

Superscribed registered and unregistered correspondence other than letters and postcards for Singapore and all correspondence for Japan per s.s. 'Glasgow Maru' will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 12-30 and 1 p.m. respectively on Saturday, the 28th instant.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

We have received a sample bottle of "Cocola"—a scented hair oil, prepared by the Jewel of India Perfume Co., Calcutta.

BORIVLI BAL VIR MANDAL

Under the auspices of the above Mandal, the 77th birthday anniversary of Swami Shri Vivekanandji was celebrated on Sunday at the Borivli Anglo-Vernacular School. Swami Sambuddhanandji of the Khar Ashram presided.

Speeches on the life and teachings of Swami Vivekanandji were delivered by Swami Sambuddhanandji, Sjts. Jeshtarambhai, Vrajlalbhai, Dwarkadasbhai and Vasantrao Chogle. With some recitations by the Borivli Bal Vir Mandal's boys and music by Sjt. Kashinath Bhatt the function came to an end.

JUSTICE DIVETIA'S 'AT HOME'

The Hon. Mr. Justice H. V. Divetia, President of the Gujarat Research Society will be 'At Home' to the members of the Society after the annual general meeting on Friday, 27th instant at the University School of Economics.

Quick Relief from RHEUMATIC TWINGES

The fiery, piercing pain of Rheumatism is no respecter of times or seasons. It cripples you at unexpected, awkward moments. The hideous agony when you try to bend, stoop or lift a limb makes the finest day a mockery. You can't enjoy your holidays, or anything else.

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AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"Meet The Girls" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m
EROS—"I am the Law". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"The Cowboy and The Lady" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
GLOBE—"The Secret of a Treasure Island" Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Service Ltd." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Divorce" Daily at 5-15, 7-45 and 10-15 p.m
LAMINGTON—"Flying Ranee" Daily at 5-15, 7-45 and 10-15 p.m.
MAJESTIC—Bramhachari' Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"Love Finds Andy Hardy". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MINERVA—"The Street Singer" Daily at 4-45, 7-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"The Young in Heart" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Mother India" Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m
PLAZA—"Gopal Krishna" Daily Time as usual.
PATHE—"Mayerling" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"St. Martin's Lane" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Bhabi" Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
WEST-END—"Bazigar" Daily at 4-45, 7-30 and 10 p.m.

BOMBAY ADULT EDUCATION COMMITTEE

The Provincial Board for Adult Education, Bombay, has appointed the Bombay Adult Education Committee for the promotion of adult education in the City and Suburbs of Bombay, consisting of the following members with powers to co-opt:—

Mr. R. V. Parulekar, Secretary, Schools Committee, Bombay Municipality, (Chairman); Mrs. Shuffi Tyabji; Miss Amy Rustomjee, Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Bombay; Mr. Frederick Stones, M.L.C.; Mr. V. D. Ghate, Educational Inspector for Bombay Division; Prof. R. Choksy, Wilson College, (Members); Miss Godavari Gokhale, Women's Fellowship of Service, and Mr. Dinkar Desai, Servants of India Society, (Hon. Secretaries).

PRESENTATION OF 'ADDRESS AND CASKET' TO SIR HORMUZDIYAR P. DASTUR, KT.

Sir Hormuzdiyar P. Dastur's Services Appreciation Committee is going to present "Address and Casket" to very popular Ex-Chief Presidency Magistrate Sir Hormuzdiyar P. Dastur, Kt., Bart-Law, on Sunday, the 29th January at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Sir C. J. Hall. Prominent Parsi leaders will speak in appreciation of Sir Hormuzdiyar's great services.

Sir Cowasji Jehangir, Bart., will preside.

BARODA RURAL EXHIBITION POSTPONED

The Rural Reconstruction Centre, Baroda State, writes:—

"The Annual Rural Exhibition which was to be held as from the 28th to the 30th instant has been postponed. The arrangements, however, are nearly complete and it is expected that the Exhibition will be held in the very near future."

MORARJI DESAI AT HANSRAJ PRAGJI GIRLS' SCHOOL

The H. P. T. Girls' High School, Bombay, celebrated the 'Independence Day' yesterday, when the Hon. Mr. Morarji Desai unfurled the National Flag.

DADAR MIDDLE SCHOOL

The social gathering of the School was a nice social function arranged by its students and the Staff. Before the Social, the students were taken to Kanakeshvar and Canary Caves, and a number of sports items were gone through. Prizes were declared for those who stood first in the different items.

GUJARAT RESEARCH SOCIETY

The annual general meeting of the Society will be held to-day (Friday) at 5-30 p.m. at the University School of Economics and Sociology to consider the following business:—

1. The Annual Report of the Society for the year 1937-38.
2. The audited accounts of the Society for the year 1937-38.
3. Election of the Council of Management of the Society for the year 1938-39

VERSOVA TALUKA CONGRESS COMMITTEE

The first meeting of the newly elected members of the Managing Committee of the Versova Taluka Congress Committee was held on Sunday, the 22nd January in the Congress Office at 4 p.m. Mr. J. L. Patil presiding.

The following names of the office-bearers and members of the Managing Committee were proposed and they were declared elected unanimously.

President: Sjt. J. L. Patil.
Vice-President: Sjt. J. K. Waghmare.
Jt. Secretaries: Sjts. Rajabally M. Rajan and Shantaram P. Hamay.
Treasurer: Sjt. Gopinath K. Kasker.
Ex-Office Member: Sjt. Namdev N. Vesawekar.
Members: Sjts. Malya Sharma, Bhana P. Bhate, Poshya G. Nakhawa and Bhalchandra P. Bhandari.

STUDENTS' MUSIC CIRCLE MATUNGA

Under the auspices of the above Circle there will be a musical entertainment by Savai Gandharva on 29th instant at 4 p.m. (S.T.) at Ramnarayan Ruia College.

SUGAR MARKET CLOSED

The local sugar market remained closed yesterday afternoon on account of 'Independence Day'.

NINE DAYS' FETE AT BANDRA

A Nine Days' Fete will be held on the grounds of St. Stanislaus' High School, Bandra, from Saturday, the 11th February to Sunday, the 19th February.

The Fete, which is in aid of the St. Peter's Church Building Fund, will be opened by His Grace The Archbishop of Bombay.

There will be an Amusement Park with a Light Railway, a Merry-go-round, a Giant Wheel, Dodgem-Cars, a Joy Wheel, a House of Nonsense, Barrel Shies, Boxing Stalls Walking Charlie, Shooting-Galleries and other novel amusements for both young and old. A Supper Lounge where suppers can be booked at reasonable rates and where rare delicacies will be served, a beautifully laid-out garden where refreshments can be had at moderate rates, stalls tastefully decorated and exhibiting works of art and craft, a Snow White House with Snow White and her Seven Dwarfs in attendance. Variety Entertainments and a Talkie Cinema, with a daily change of programme will be special features. Popular Bands will be in attendance daily.

The Fete opened on Saturday, the 11th of February.

"Independence Day" In Fort

A flag salutation was held in the morning at Ghoga Street and before a large crowd, the 'Independence pledge' was read and explained.

Mr. H. R. Pardiwala spoke on the significance of the Independence Day and exhorted the people not to rest content until the goal of Complete Independence was achieved.

Afterwards the 'A' Ward volunteers went all over the Fort distributing the button flags.

At night volunteers with torches marched with a lorry carrying a loud-speaker behind them. With the help of this loud-speaker about ten street-corner meetings at different corners of the Fort were held and not less than 5,000 people in all listened to speeches on Independence delivered by Congress workers.

Bhulabhai Desai's Lecture

Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai will speak on "When Congress Leads" at the Nagpada Neighbourhood House to-day (Friday) at 6-30 p.m. This is the 8th of the 12 lectures arranged by the Nagpada Neighbourhood House on "Roads to Indian Freedom."

DR. N. R. TAWDE

Dr. N. R. Tawde, Ph.D. (Lond.) of the Physics Deptt. of the Royal Institute of Science, has been elected a Fellow (F.Inst.P.) of the Institute of Physics, England.

Dr. Tawde is a Fellow of the Indian Academy of Sciences, a recognized research teacher of the Bombay University, a member of the Editorial Sub-Committee in Physics of the Bombay University Journal and has considerable research work to his credit.

N. C. KELKAR ON INDEPENDENCE

Under the joint auspices of the Democratic Swaraj Party, Bombay Branch, Bombay Provincial Hindu Sabha, and the Hindu Yuvak Sangh, a public meeting will be held at Brahmin Sabha, Karandikar Hall, to-day (Friday) at 6-30 p.m., when Mr. N. C. Kelkar will speak on 'Independence of India'. Mr. Jamnadas Mehta will preside.

PUBLIC MEETING IN 'C' WARD

Under the auspices of the 'C' Ward Congress Municipal Election Propaganda Committee, a public meeting will be held to-day (Friday) at 9 p.m. at Cavel Cross Lane No. 8 (Bori Chawl) for Municipal Election work under the presidentship of Sjt. P. K. Sawant.

INDIAN INDUSTRIES FAIR

The activities of the Indian Industries Fair Ltd directed towards the promotion of indigenous industries through organised exhibitions are well-known to Indian Manufacturers in general and the Bombay public in particular.

They are having an exhibition this year also and the Fifth Indian Industries Fair will open on the 16th March 1939.

BOMBAY POSTAL UNION

A meeting of the Postal Employees of Bombay will be held to-day (Friday) at 9 p.m. in the hall of the Bombay Postal Union, Girgaum Road, to consider the withdrawal of Compensatory allowances of Lower Grades in Bombay. Mr. N. M. Joshi M.L.A. (Central) will preside.

Rent Inquiry Committed

The office of the Rent Inquiry Committee has been removed from the Council Hall to the Old Development Department Building, Old Custom House Compound, Bombay.

Protest Against Arrest Of Goculbhai Bhatt

(From A Correspondent)

The news of the arrest of Sjt. Goculbhai Bhatt, at Sirohi spread like wild fire in the whole of the Suburban District and the public resentment was great.

At an urgent meeting of the Suburban District Congress Committee, held this evening, a resolution congratulating Sjt. Goculbhai Bhatt for his decision was passed and tributes were paid to Sjt. Goculbhai's public services and self-sacrifice.

Mr. Hooseinbhoy A Lalljee's Candidature

Mr. Husseinbhoy A. Lalljee, M.L.A., (Central) is a candidate for election to the Bombay Municipal Corporation from B Ward, No. 4.

HINDUSTAN SCOUTS

Six Hundred March To Azad Maidan

About 600 Hindustan Scouts marched from Gowalia Tank to the Azad Maidan on Thursday, the fourth day of the National Scouts Week, which is being observed by the Hindustan Scout Association.

The procession on arriving at the Azad Maidan formed itself into a circle and Mr. B. H. Mehta, one of the active workers in the formation of the H.S.A., Mr. S. M. Desai, Assistant Organising Commissioner of the Association, and Mr. K. G. Vaidyanathan, a troop leader, addressed the Scouts and the public.

The speakers said that with the route-march from which they had just arrived at the Maidan, they brought their Scout Association formally to the public notice.

It was their first public appearance. They hoped that the Association will spread its activities all over the country. It had been decided by the Association to observe the National Scout Week annually during the last week of January.

Nearly 30 groups participated in the route-march.

THE PROCESSION.

Headed by Miss Sarala R. Jariwala, a girl scout, who carried the standard of the Association, a blue banner with a "Fleur-des-lis," lotus super-imposed in the centre, the scouts marched through Grant Road, Sandhurst Road, Vithalbhai Patel Road, Bhuleshwar and Kalbadevi and reached Azad Maidan

Messrs. P. A. Mhatre, Honorary Secretary of the South Bombay Local Association, assisted by Mr. P. S. Joglekar, was in-charge of the procession.

The Rovers and Scouts of the following group were among those that participated in the march:—Khatau Mills Group, Cutchi Dassa Oswal Boarding Group, Girl Scouts Group, and 150 Scouts from the Municipal Harijan areas.

Two bugle-and-pipe bands played marching tunes.

During the march and at the gathering at Azad Maidan, the only slogan that was given was Hindustan Scouts Zindabad.

With the singing of "Vande Matram" by the girl scouts the function came to a close.

Provincial Scout Rally

The Boy Scouts' Association, Bombay Presidency, will hold a Grand Scout Rally at the Cooperage to-morrow (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. when the Boy Scouts of Bombay City, Bombay Suburbs, G. I. P. Association, Surat, Poona, Ahmednagar and from many other Associations in Bombay Province will gather together to welcome their new Provincial Scout Commissioner, Sir Byramjee Jeejeebhoy, J. P.

VOTE FOR POOR PEOPLE'S DOCTOR

A public meeting was held on Wednesday at Prof. Shesahppa's Physical Culture Institute at 8 p. M. under the Presidentship of Sjt. O. Rama Rao to support the candidature of Dr U. B. Narayan Rao from "A" Ward, 2 Division.

Dr. Mulbagal, Messrs. E. T. Devji, Talwar, Dr. Bhoir and Dr. Bengers and Dr. U. B. Narayanrao spoke.

Imperial Council Of Agricultural Research

Mr. J. N. Mankar, Asstt. Secretary, Bombay Humanitarian League who has been working for the protection and improvement of cattle through the League and several other associations with which he has been associated, has been nominated as provincial representatives by the Government of Bombay on Animal Husbandry Wing of the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research which meets at New Delhi from 20th to 25th February 1939 which he will attend.

Discussions will be held on important topics of Animal Husbandry and Dairying and conclusions will be arrived at to guide the efforts in various provinces in this matter. Societies and individuals interested in the question of Animal Husbandry and Dairying in various Districts of the Provinces of Bombay are requested to send their suggestions before 10th February 1939 to Bombay Humanitarian League, 149 Shroff Bazar, Bombay 2.

Training Class In Co-operation

Under the auspices of the Girgaum Co-operative Institute, a Training Class in Co-operation in Gujarati will begin from the third week of February, and will last upto the second week of April for the benefit of Managing Committee Members and Secretaries of Co-operative Societies, primary teachers and others interested in the co-operative movement.

The lecturers will include well-known co-operators like Diwan Bahadur C. M. Gandhi, Mr. V. L. Mehta, Mr. K. J. Dubash, Mr. S. G. Almoula, Asstt. Registrar and a few Professors from Commercial Colleges and Schools in Bombay and others. There will be one lecture every day at 6-30 p.m. and on Sunday at 10-30 a.m. Those who wish to take advantage of this class are requested to enlist their names at the office of the Institute, Servants of India Society, Sandhurst Road, between 9 and 10 a.m. (except Sundays). No fees will be charged for attending the class.

FREE SCOUTS MOVEMENT FROM FOREIGN DOMINATION

Bhulabhai's Advice To Run It On National Lines

"Time had arrived when the scouts movement in India should be freed from all foreign domination and run on completely national lines", declared Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai addressing the gathering while inaugurating the South Bombay Local Hindustan Scout Association at Bhavatsky Ladge on Wednesday evening.

The Hindustan Scout Association was started in that spirit and it had set before itself the task of training the youth of the country for the service of the Motherland. To those who still clung to the Baden-Powel movement, Mr. Bhulabhai appealed to take note of the new circumstances that had arisen in India and to move with the spirit of the time.

Mr. N. M. Joshi expressed confidence that the Hindustan Scout Association would fulfil creditably the function for which it was created

Mr. V. G. Rao proposed a vote of thanks to Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai for presiding on the occasion.

CLIMBING PARVATI HILLS, POONA

Marathon Runner's Attempt On Sunday

On Sunday (29th January, 1939) between 6-15 to 9 in the morning Mr. L. V. Ghatpande, Maharashtriya Mandal Poona, a Marathon runner, who stood third in 1936 Bombay Presidency Olympic Games, will try to climb the Parvati Hills (Temple Steps) at Poona in slow running pose, 25 rounds in a stretch ascending and descending the hill both ways.

BADMINTON MATCHES AT MATUNGA

(From A Correspondent)

MATUNGA, Thursday.

The first match in the Eastern Star Ball Badminton (League) Tournament (Fives) was played this morning at Matunga, in wihch S. D. Rajan's V defeated K. S. N. Sarma's V games, 29-16; 29-23.

THE TEAMS:—S. D. Rajan, R. R. Patrachanar, K. Raghunath, S. Viswanath, and K. Seshadri.

K. S. N. Sarma, B. V. Narayanan, G. Sarangan, B. V. Krishnan and S. Ramanatha Iyer.

DOUBLES TOURNAMENT

In the Doubles Tournament conducted by the same Club B. V. Narayanan and G. Sarangan beat S. P. Sarathi and S. Rangaswamy by two games 29-28; 29-25.

One match was played in the non-Medalist Doubles Tournament this morning in which T. V. Raghavachari and P. S. Veeraraghava Iyengar beat G. V. Iyer and Ranganathan. The match extended to three games, 29-15, 26-29, 29-16.

WHEN SETH BAJAJ ARRIVES IN CITY

Seth Jamnalal Bajaj will arrive in Bombay on Sunday, January 29. He has been detained in Bardoli for consultation with Working Committee members.

A public send-off will be given to Seth Bajaj at the Cotton Exchange, Kalbadevi Road, on Sunday evening at 5-30, when the B. P. C. C., the A.-I. States People's Conference and various commercial bodies in city will participate.

It's your duty to be Beautiful

How to do Your duty!

A woman without charm is like a bird without song. And when it is so easy to acquire the loveliness of skin and hair which is the foundation of natural beauty no woman should be guilty of the neglect which results in the loss of these essentials to feminine charm.

No expensive or complicated "beauty box" is necessary to develop the full natural bloom of your skin and hair—you can rely with confidence on the simple, tested preparations which have served beautiful women for generations. Here are three examples of easy ways to beauty.

TO DEVELOP A LOVELY COMPLEXION.—Cosmetic are an aid to beauty but a naturally lovely complexion is the first essentia'. The only way to achieve this is to assist Nature in her process of replacing the outer skin with a succession of new surfaces as each becomes worn and blemished. This is easily done by nightly applications of a little pure Mercolized Wax. The action of Mercolized Wax is to absorb the dry flaky skin and reveal the lighter coloured and lovelier skin beneath. Mercolized Wax contains no animal fat.

NO MORE SUPERFLUOUS HAIR.—You can rid yourself of that disfiguring growth of unwanted hair safely, quickly and easily. All you need is a few ounces of pure powdered Pheminol. Mix this into a paste with cold water and apply to the offending hair. As the paste dries the ugly hair shrivels away, leaving the skin smooth and clear. Pheminol causes no irritation to the skin and is quite harmless. It has the added advantage of retarding the growth of further hair.

A HAIR BEAUTY SECRET.—Lovely hair, rich-looking and lustrous, is neither a matter of luck nor is it difficult to acquire. It is simply a question of the method you use in washing it. Many patent shampoos contain harsh chemicals which destroy the natural oils that keep the hair silky and full of life. The best plan is to get some ordinary Stallax granules and make your own shampoo by dissolving a teaspoonful of Stallax in a cupful of warm water. Apply it to the scalp in the usual way and you will be delighted with the result.

Note:—All the above mentioned preparations can be obtained from any chemist, store or bazaar.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: FRIDAY, JANUARY 27, 1939

REDEEM THE PLEDGE

The correspondence about Rajkot, released by Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and published in full in our columns yesterday, deserves to be carefully read by all those interested in the States people's struggle for responsible government. The letters from and to the Thakore Saheb and the private proceedings at the Residency reveal more vividly than do the more or less guarded public statements the forces at work behind the screen. And it is essential to study these forces to be able to deal with them effectually in the struggle ahead. For a clear understanding of the main present issues in Rajkot it is not necessary for us to refer to the letters before the settlement between the labhai. Suffice and Sardar Vallabhai suffice it to say that even the earlier letters reveal the attempts of the Political Department of the Government of India to suppress the agitation of the people for responsible government. We shall here consider how and why the settlement broke down.

Resident's Interference

The settlement and the Thakore Saheb's letter o the Sardar made three things clear as daylight, that (1) the Reforms Committee to be appointed was to recommend "the widest possible reforms to our people consistently with our obligation to the Paramount Power and our prerogatives as a Ruling Chief; that (2) its seven non-official members "are to be recommended by Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and they are to be nominated by us"; and that (3) the Thakore Saheb was to "give effect to the scheme" drawn up by the Committee. The settlement was signed on the 26th December but only two days thereafter the Resident, it appears, started coercing the Thakore Saheb into violating it on the pleas, among others, that "it had stirred up all the Princes," that "the Government of India's wishes were that no outside interference were allowed," that the conceding of "the widest possible powers" would reduce the Chief to the position of a figure-head, and that it was "very bad" to have consented to give full effect to the Committee's Report. It is a pity the Thakore Saheb, to whom the position of a constitutional ruler would have been as honourable as that of the British King, allowed himself to be brow-beaten by a petty foreign officer into violating his solemn promise to his own people and all the three conditions of the settlement noted above.

Sinister Feature

The most sinister feature of the post-settlement happenings is the clandestine attempt of the Political Department of the Government of India to prevent the States people from getting responsible government even when the Ruler is willing to concede it. It was probably with the suspicion or knowledge of this feature that Gandhiji, referring to Jaipur, asked in the current issue of "Harijan" what was the meaning of the "recent declarations" of the Paramount Power if the Rulers were not to be allowed to grant to their people whatever reforms they liked. It seems probable, too, that this very feature made it impossible for Sardar Vallabhbhai to hold the Thakore Saheb to his plighted word and compelled the former to invite the people of Rajkot to resume their Satyagraha "for vindicating their liberty and saving Rajkot and their Thakore Saheb from utter ruin." We do not know if it is yet too late even for Gandhiji to retrieve the position. If it is, we have at least this confidence that the people of Rajkot will give even a better account of themselves than they have done so far.

Espana Prefiere Morir

"Spain prefers to die on her feet rather than live on bended knees"—General Miaja, head the Republican army at Madrid merely echoes the predominant passion of every true Spanish heart so simply articulated by Doloras Ibrurri ('La Pasionaria'), a brave daughter of the minors of the Asturias who has given her all to Spain and in whom we salute the womanhood of that unhappy and heroic country.

Grave as the military situation appears in most respects from the latest reports received from the Catalonian front, we are not sure that all is lost even if Barcelona were captured. Whether, too, after the force of Franco's offensive is spent, the Republican counter-offensive would achieve the degree of success that had so far been expected of it remains doubtful in view of the reported Rebel movements culminating in the cutting off of Barcelona's lines of communications. Franco could achieve his objective with the concentration and employment of his heavily-machined superior forces placed at his disposal by Italy and Germany. But the fate of Republican Spain would not be decided by the Rebel military conquest nor, indeed, by the degree of what would appear to be almost superhuman resistance put up by the Loyalist forces and which has still not been weakened by a number of political factors. The Fascists' objective is effective blockade with the consequent starvation, famine and chaos in the Republican territory and ranks and Mussolini, presumably in agreement with his British and French allies, is determined to achieve this end. Recent reports clearly show that even humanitarian efforts by agencies of neutral nations to avert this tragedy, which in a civilised world should be above any ideological partisanship, are interfered with while the Duce is thundering out threats in the direction of France and repeating his threat of war if his wishes were disregarded. Franco and his masters calculate that the rights of belligerency would be rendered superfluous if they annihilated the Republic according to this plan. But whether they succeed in it would depend, as we have pointed out on previous occasions, on the kind of action that public opinion in both England and France would take. Such action to be effective must be intelligent and co-ordinated. It must take the form of direct and powerful pressure on the semi-Fascist Governments in these countries to take the initiative in neutralising Mussolini's threats.

The only ray of hope in this direction comes from the recent news about the conference of Labour leaders held at the London Transport House in which continental leaders took part. And, as we had predicted, the United States are showing signs of concern for the repercussions that are likely to be produced in Latin America by a Fascist Spain. Does it mean that the efforts of the brilliant and persuasive pleading of Alvarez Delvayo are bearing fruit at the last hour of Spain's despair? All friends of the Spanish cause, which is the cause of world democracy, international law, order, peace and justice, are watching to-day with the greatest anxiety for signs of such a hope. Will Spain live on her feet? And will with her death die practically everything that the civilised man has struggled through centuries to achieve?

Barcelona Falls

By D. F. Karaka

And so the war in Spain draws sadly to a close. The efforts of a brave people to defend their republic against the onslaught of the Fascist terror have been in vain. One has regrettably to concede the fact that might will soon be right. Those who prayed in the temples and the churches and hoped that God would help them have prayed to little purpose. The fate of Spain shatteres the faith of all God-Loving and God-Fearing people. One begins to believe that it is much better to be on the side of the dictators and the armament manufactures, than to plough one's lonely furrow for the cause of liberty and freedom

That is the grim realisation at the tragedy of Spain. One begins to think now of Arthur Henderson and how he died broken-hearted that his efforts for peace were of no avail. His Disarmament Conference was shattered by those who loved wealth and power —those who have triumphed today. We cannot deny that they have been victorious. We only regret the circumstances under which they have won. And even so this is not the end. Spain is only one little incident in the long line which is becoming inevitable every day. To-morrow it will be China and the day after some other defenceless country, even as it was Abyssinia and Czechoslovakia and Austria and so many others that have fallen at the invaders' hand.

So too it will go on till civilisation has brought itself to the doom to which it is with its leather boots and its armoured cars and its grey bombers and its battleships, fast marching. May be when we have destroyed ourselves and our peoples and our civilisation and our culture and all the things in life which were worth living for, some of us who may be left will begin to build this world anew. The men who make arms to-day and glory in the wealth that they are fast amassing will derive some satisfaction sitting over the pile of gold which will be exclusively theirs, even as to-day they gloat over the dead carcasses of mutilated men, of women that were once beautiful and of children whose innocent laughter was the song of a clean and healthy world.

How Spain Fought

For that is what Barcelona is reduced to—a Calatan morgue, in which the dead bodies are not yet cold, and where blood still flows through the streets warm and red and so very innocent. But the flesh and blood that has perished, had died nobly. Thank God, I say that there are still some people in this world who believe in honour and in righteousness, even if they have to pay the penalty of death for their convictions. The real people of Spain have fought this war, under circumstances that would make the most courageous amongst us shudder. Their women have come out into the front line, fighting side by side with the men, if only that their children should be spared the agony of death. And even this has been in vain. The Fascists have spared nothing. They do no longer believe in the civility of war. Conventions, courtesy, charity have all been forgotten. Their one and only objective was to win no matter how they fought. And they have won. That is the pity of it. It will make the heart of many a man in this world bleed—the thought of how Spain fought and how Spain lost.

Menace Of Fascism

Only one good will come out of it. It will open the eyes of those who have in the past talked of the menace of Reds and show how the greater menace to the peace of this world is the Black Terror—the terror of those whose creed it is to persecute the innocent people of this world, the weak and the defenceless for the gaining of a power which one day will absorb itself. When I think of the last few years and remember the fall of Addis Ababa at the hands of a Fascist Italy, the fall of Austria and Czechoslovakia by a Nazi Germany, the ruthless persecution of the Jews by both these countries, the invasion of China at the hands of what is becoming a Fascist Japan, and now this fall of Spain because of the combined efforts of the Black and the Brown shirts, I begin to believe that this new creed of Fascism has done more harm to this world than anything that the Communists could ever have done.

I hold no brief for the Communists. I do not in any way

(Continued on page 14, col. 5)

OUR LONDON LETTER

Sir Thomas Ainscough's Wail

From Our Own Correspondent

LONDON, Jan. 18.

The last week has been conspicuous by two publications of economic interest. The first, the statement submitted to the British Government, jointly by the Chamber of Shipping of the United Kingdom and the Liverpool Steamship Owners' Association, on behalf of all sections of the British shipping industry, and the second, the publication of the report by Sir Thomas Ainscough on the conditions and prospects of United Kingdom trade in India.

The statement on behalf of the British shipping industry was as a result of investigation undertaken at the instance of the President of the Board of Trade, who, in July last, assured the industry that when the results of such an investigation are submitted to the Government the industry "would not find the Government unsympathetic to the claim of an industry upon which the greatness of Britain was built in the past and upon which it must rest in the future".

Demand For Subsidies

While discussing these two publications with an Indian businessman here, he said that after most energetic efforts during the last several years to convince the shipping industries of other countries that subsidies are economically unsound and, therefore, should be abandoned (which in its turn would have helped the British shipping industry to retain its supremacy in the world sea transport, acquired after centuries of the worst forms of spoon-feeding under the Navigation Laws), the authorised representatives of British shipping have now embraced the cult of subsidies as the panacea for the misfortune of British shipping. It was until recently that the representatives of British shipping consistently and vehemently condemned subsidies and proposed and piloted resolutions to this effect at international conferences, and as late as in its report for 1932-1933, the Chamber of Shipping of the United Kingdom reiterated the trite advice that "subsidies intended to provide relief against the depression in freight market, increase and perpetuate the depression itself." It was not much later that subsidies for British tramp shipping were advocated and secured, but to reconcile their justification for subsidies, to their previous attitude, it was then urged that the subsidies were asked as a temporary measure to provide a bargaining lever against non-British subsidised shipping. The period of the subsidies for tramp shipping has not long expired and now we find every section of British shipping clamouring for subsidies which their representatives previously lost no opportunity of condemning.

Coastal Shipping

The most significant aspect of these demands is the one for the British coastal shipping, which demands one million pounds annually between the British coasting tramps and liners. It should be noted that the share of British shipping in Britain's coasting trade has steadily remained at the pre-war figure of a fraction over 98 per cent., which would indicate that foreign shipping has not been able to make any appreciable inroad into the British coasting trade. It is difficult to comprehend that in spite of this highly satisfactory position of British shipping in the country's coastal trade, British shipping can put forward a claim for a substantial subsidy. Surely it cannot be to reclaim the negligible balance of a fraction over one per cent.

India's Claim

In India with a negligible share which Indian shipping has in the country's vast coasting trade, its claim for State assistance is consistently brushed aside and an argument has been repeatedly put forward that the consumer benefited as a result of the services provided by British shipping on the coast of India, and that burdening the tax-payer to bolster up national shipping by State assistance was economically unsound. We Indians may very pertinently now enquire why the British tax-payer should be deprived of the cheaper services provided by non-British shipping and be burdened with the heavy subsidies demanded by British coasting shipping; for it is stressing the Indian credulity to believe that the British solicitude for the Indian consumer is greater than the British consumer. How for the interests of British shipping influence such misleading arguments in the case of Indian conditions is too transparent to be successfully concealed.

Fear Of Indian Industries

Referring to Sir Thomas Ainscough's report our Indian businessman said that the burden of Sir Thomas's wail is the rather too rapid industrialisation of India, which it would appear, Sir Thomas apprehends may not quite suit British interests controlling the Indian markets. In spite of the studied measures in the past to thwart the development of Indian industries with a view to ensure the British manufacturers' favoured position it is now beginning to dawn upon the British interests concerned that the Indian industries are developing too rapidly for their liking, and Sir Thomas Ainscough's report, which may appear to be the swan-song of the British manufacturer in India, is at pains trotting forth the bogey of disasters confronting India, main among them being a collapse of the financial and economic fabric of the Government of India. Assuming that such a collapse is to be faced, Sir Thomas overlooks the fact that this fabric was built up by a non-National Government which consistently pursued a policy of economic exploitation of India, as testified by Mr. Wedgwood Benn in the House of Commons, when he was Secretary of the State for India. A top-heavy civil service, crushingly burdensome military expenditure and a fiscal policy wholly unsuited to the economic needs of a poor country like India, render the present economic fabric of the Government of India anything but sound, and even calculated to keep India and Indian people down as producers of raw materials for British factories and convenient market for British manufactured goods.

Fallacies

If a new policy of industrialisation entails the collapse of this unsound fabric, the country should be and will be prepared

(Continued on page 15, col. 7)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

FAROUK AS KHALIFA?

There seems to be a mystery surrounding the proclamation of King Farouk as Khalifa of Islam which was reported last week from Cairo. The Egyptian Embassy in London has issued an official statement denying that any such proclamation was made. But evidently there was a move of this kind, for the Turkish Minister has defined the attitude of his country on this question in an address to the Parliamentary Group of the Republican People's Party. Declaring the Khilafat to be a "superannuated institution", he said that "Turkey is a Republican State, therefore, religious questions involving other countries did not interest them". He did well, indeed, to warn that a pursuit of the suggestion to acclaim a Khalifa might engender dissensions even among Muslim States. The attitude of other countries has not yet been officially stated. Iran is sure to take the same stand as Turkey and it is doubtful if Afghanistan would care to be entangled in the affairs of the distant Arab countries. In the present situation, Palestine and Syria may be tempted to favour a united Arab front under a Khalifa but even in these countries the political movement—embracing as it does both Christians and Muslims—is more nationalistic than religious. Some smaller Arab States are the only possible supporters of such an idea but, pawns as they are in the game of British and Italian imperialisms, even they are not likely to be united on this issue. It is not likely that the earlier Cairo message was a canard. But evidently since then the move for declaring the Egyptian King as a Khalifa has been found to have fallen flat. So far as the Indian Muslims are concerned their attitude is quite clear. They will insist on the essential qualification of a Khalifa that he must be independent, have unfettered control over the Jaziratul Arab and be able to protect the Holy Places of Islam.

VICEROY'S PROPAGANDA

While the country is gathering all its forces for a big fight against Federation, the Viceroy is doing pretty brisk propaganda for the scheme. This only shows how utterly irresponsive he and the British Government are to Indian opinion. At the Orient Club on Monday, at the Bombay Chamber of Commerce on Wednesday and at the Bombay European Association on Thursday the Viceroy sang the praise of Federation and proclaimed his "determination to do all that lay in his power to bring about its achievement with the minimum of delay". The assurance is superfluous. His tour of the State tells its own tale. But if he thinks that the professed support of a few Princes and a few Europeans will save Federation, his disillusionment will not be long in coming. Meanwhile, we would suggest to those who call themselves Leftists that by proclaiming that they alone are truly against Federation they are only weakening the cause they have at heart.

NATIONAL SHIPPING

His Highness the Aga Khan has rendered a great public service by the statement which he has issued appealing to his countrymen to extend all possible support to Indian shipping. As His Highness observes, "shipping owned and run by the nationals of the country has been recognised as the greatest key industry of every maritime country." Unfortunately this important industry, which had flourished in this country from the earliest historical times, was throttled out of existence as a result of the policy of the East India Company and its Imperial successors. Recently spirited attempts are being made by some of our enterprising businessmen to revive and re-establish this industry. They have naturally to struggle against the bitter opposition of British vested interests; nor are the Government of India discharging their responsibilities of protecting a nascent national industry. In the circumstances it becomes doubly the duty of the public itself to patronise Indian shipping. We trust, therefore, that the Aga Khan's opportune appeal will receive wholehearted response.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

Why isn't bigamy a twofold blessing?

Mirthfulness and the blues are never chummy.

When actors quarrel they can resort to the make-up box.

Some men make a speciality of posing as horrible examples.

A man may owe something to himself, but the chances are he owes more to other people.

A man is never quite sure whether a woman is worried by her own troubles or by those of her neighbours.

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WITHOUT COMMENT

"All girls on the early shift dress and gather in the garden by 11 a.m. Then we bow in the direction of the Imperial Palace and meditate on the sublimity of the Imperial House. We pray for the souls of the heroes who have sacrificed themselves for the sake of peace in East Asia. We sing the national hymn. Finally, for the sake of keeping physically fit, we carry out breathing exercises."

—A Tokyo waitress.

* * * *

A reader living on Walkeshwar Road telephoned us to ask when civil liberty would be restored in that part of the city and residents allowed to leave or enter their homes at will.

* * * *

In the eyes of the Bori Bunder Court-poets the Ministers are not among those that "matter in the administration and public life of Bombay" as they were not at Esplanade Maidan when the Viceroy reviewed the troops.

* * * *

In this connection we believe that the sun (which as you know, never sets over the British empire!) would never have risen on Wednesday were it not to allow "its rays to lovingly linger over the tips of burnished bayonets" and not so burnished pens of Anglo-India's special correspondents.

* * * *

Poser For The Curious: Was there any public function attended by the Viceroy at which he did not make a sales-talk to "put over" federation?

* * * *

According to the Imperial Airways, certain machines which they had ordered three years ago have not yet been delivered.

Probably they were despatched by Air Mail.

* * * *

By the way, it is explained that the disorganization in the Indian Air Mail Service was caused by a tremendous rush of Christmas mails for Australia and New Zealand, to which it was felt that priority should be given even at the sacrifice of the Indian contract.

Dominion Status in the air?

* * * *

The leading Italian anti-Semite is now in Germany—on an educational tour, presumably.

* * * *

The German Reichstag is scheduled to meet this week—to shout "Heil Hitler", of course!

* * * *

Sir Norman Angell says:

"Unless we are to face the spectacle of anything from a million to two million people for the most part highly civilized and including.....

Children, women, invalids, elderly folk, dying before our eyes as the result of abject penury, starvation, degradation, humiliation, torture, terror.....

Then we must realise that the time has come for Government action."

But, if you think this is a stirring call to resist the fascist international, we hasten to explain that Sir Norman is only suggesting homes for the refugees.

* * * *

TO-DAY'S PRIZE HOWLERS
(Perpetrated By The Junior Colleague.)

(1) The Italian troops will be crossing the Spanish frontier really for the first time when French decide to intervene on behalf of the Republicans.

(2) Germany is prepared to pay the debts not only of Austria but also of Czechoslovakia, the Little Entente and the Ukraine.

(3) Doctor Ambedkar will be offered an honorary life membership of the Muslim League and henceforward there will be a united front between them to fight the Congress and end landlords' exploitation.

(4) It was due to sheer modesty that Doctor Ambedkar did not disclose the name of the "important personage" whose talk with the Viceroy he quoted in his Mahad speech.

REMISSIONS AND REBATES TO CONTINUE

C. P. Congress Legislators Discuss Relief Measures For Agriculturists: Finance Minister's Proposals To Meet Budget Deficit

JUBBULPORE, Jan. 24.

After eight hours' interesting debate the C.P. and Berar Congress Legislators Party meeting adjourned 'sine die.' Fifty-two members were present and Pandit Ravishanker Shukla presided.

At the outset the meeting considered the agrarian situation. It was decided that the remission to small holdings and the rebate in seven talukas of Berar and five of C.P. granted in the previous year as a measure of relief should continue. It was also resolved that Mr. Jakatdars' Agriculturists Relief Bill in which provision has been made for continuance of the remission to smallholders and rebate granted last year to agriculturists in seven talukas of Berar and five of C.P. till the resettlement and till rents are brought to the level of prices should be supported. Suspension of land revenue for the current year to the extent of 50 per cent. and proportionate reduction of rates in Malguzari areas with the view that the same might be remitted eventually to the agriculturists who suffered due to failure of cotton crops was demanded. In non-cotton areas of C. P. steps should be taken in consultation with non-officials to ascertain the loss due to crop diseases or other causes and relief should be given by suitable reduction in revenue and rents. As all these relief proposals were estimated to cost about Rs. 35 lakhs, the meeting recommended Government to take steps as temporary measures to introduce cut in the salaries of all servants except menials. It was also resolved that the relief contemplated should be proportionate to the failure of crops. Lastly it was decided that district authorities should be directed to ascertain, in consultation with non-officials, if measures with a view to relieve unemployment were necessary and the nature works to be started to meet the same.

The next meeting considered the Province's financial position. Pandit D. K. Mehta, the Finance Minister, opined that if the new schemes were translated into action they would involve an expenditure of Rs. 29 lakhs, thereby causing a deficit of Rs. 8 lakhs in the ensuing budget. He proposed to meet the deficit by levying a sales tax on tobacco and enhancement of non-judicial stamp duty on the basis of the Bihar Act.

The taxation proposals caused a stir. Mr. K. G. Deshmukh opposing Mr. Mehta's proposals said that fresh taxation would lower Congress prestige as it was against the spirit of the Congress Election Manifesto.

Mr. Kashiprasad Pande declared that he would support any taxation proposals if they were meant to reduce land revenue.

Mr. Anantram suggested reduction by 25 per cent of the Malguzari share and utilisation of the same for the betterment of the ryots.

Replying Pandit Mishra explained that the Congress view point regarding taxation was to tax the rich to relieve the poor. He said that the Congress was not a vote-catching organisation and declared that the responsibility for running the administration was as much theirs as it was of the Ministers. He also pointed out that the main test for levying tax was to reduce the agriculturists' burden and ameliorate their condition by spreading literacy and giving medical relief and also undertake national construction programme. Pandit Mishra suggested the appointment of a committee of seven members with the Finance Minister as Chairman to scrutinise new items of expenditure and taxation proposals and another to examine the land revenue policy, which was accepted all other proposals by individual members being withdrawn.

BRITISH COTTON INDUSTRY'S ENABLING BILL

LONDON, Jan. 26.

A severe setback to the Cotton Industry's Enabling Bill was delivered at a special meeting of the Manchester Chamber of Commerce which rejected a resolution supporting the Bill by 201 to 237 votes.

The decision is expected to embarrass the promoters of the Bill in view of Mr. Chamberlain's assurance to the Lancashire delegation that the Government would give sympathetic consideration to any proposals commanding a substantial majority of the industry. The decision was completely unexpected as the Chamber's Special Committee previously pronounced itself in favour of the Bill.

Mr. John Grey, Chairman of the Cotton Spinners and Manufacturers Association, however was expressed the opinion that while the decision may delay the passage of the Bill, it will not prevent its ultimate passage.—Reuter.

CIANO TO VISIT BERLIN

BERLIN, Jan. 26.

A visit to Berlin by Count Ciano may be expected in the near future, according to the "Danziger Verposten"

GERMAN SPIES JAILED

Denmark's Biggest Trial For Years

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 26.

Five German spies were sent to prison following Denmark's biggest spy trial for years. After serving their sentences they will be expelled from the country.

One of them, Capt. Horst Von Pflugkharttung described as a German newspaper correspondent, was sentenced to 18 months' imprisonment and the other four Germans received eight months' sentences each. Three Danes, all German-born, were sentenced to loss of civil rights for five years.

Details of the spy charges are still kept secret here and only sentences were made public today.

One of the Germans is stated to have been an agent on the island of Borndolm to watch shipping movements in the Baltic.—Reuter.

Turkish National Assembly To Be Dissolved

ANKARA: Jan. 26.

The Cabinet has decided to dissolve the National Assembly and to institute a general election which will begin immediately and will last 59 days.—Reuter.

World Achievement.

A Floating Dock

Until the King George the Fifth graving dock was built at Southampton, the Floating Dock at that city was capable of accommodating the largest liners afloat, the Rex and the Normandie, the Queen Mary not having been built then.

This dock was constructed and towed from the builders' yard in sections, being assembled at its site in Southampton Harbour. Two end sections, which include the platforms, are each over 102 feet long. Between the two end sections there are five runs, each over 130 feet long.

The pontoon has a total area, including the end platforms, of 142,000 square feet, or about 3 1/4 acres. Both the lower and upper surfaces of the pontoon are cambered in the form of a broad, flattened A; draining troughs being provided where the side walls rise from the edge of the deck. The deck is flattened out from the camber into the horizontal, down to its middle line for a strip running the length of the deck, and on this strip are placed the keel blocks, which support the ship as the dock raises it free of the water.

The whole dock is controlled, during the rising or submerging operations, by one man, the dock-master. The station where all controls are centralized is situated in the valve house at one end of the narrow deck of the starboard wall. To enable this centralization to be accomplished all pump-operating motors are fitted with remote control. In this way the dock-master has even greater control over the dock than does the captain of a liner who stands on the bridge of a ship and telegraphs his commands to the engineer operating his controls below. The dock-master actually has his own hands on every important control.

France Gets Ready

Conscripts Being Called Up Six Months Ahead

PARIS, Jan. 25.

France is calling up one-twelfth of her next contingent of conscripts six months ahead of time.

A decree will be officially published to-morrow that the conscripts born in November 1918 will be incorporated in April instead of October.

M. Daladier presided over a meeting of the Permanent Committee of National Defence which was attended by the Ministers for Navy and Air and the Chiefs of General Staffs of the forces.—Reuter.

NETHERLANDS PREPARE FOR AIR-DEFENCE

HAGUE, Jan. 26.

Important industries throughout Netherlands will equip themselves with protection against air attacks following the lead given by the Ministry of Defence.

Anti-aircraft batteries have been already ordered for many places which will be served by former soldiers recruited from staffs of the industries concerned.—Reuter

TROOPS TO GUARD BRITISH MUNITION FACTORY

LONDON, Jan. 25.

A detachment of troops arrived at Euxton near Chorley in Lancashire, to-day, to help the factory police to guard a six million sterling Government munitions factory, which is now being completed there.

An official denied that there was any truth in rumours of trouble among Irish employees and said now that the production was beginning it was necessary to patrol the numerous entrances.—Reuter.

REGISTRATION FOR WAR SERVICE IN S. AFRICA

DAR-ES-SALAAM, Jan. 25.

An official appeal is issued throughout Tanganyika in connection with the formation of a voluntary service register, similar to that of the United Kingdom Scheme, open to men and women, irrespective of race asks volunteers for military, naval and air services as well as for engineers, doctors, nurses and air raid wardens.

An official pamphlet issued with the registration form says that Government intends forthwith to ascertain the resources of manpower in the territory. The Governor states that there is no apprehension at present and that the precaution being taken is a normal peace time measure.

Among the first to register have been German-Jewish and political exiles including doctors.—Reuter.

Nashashibi Rejects British Proposal

CAIRO, Jan. 25.

With a view to meeting the demands of Nashashibi for an equal representation with the Mufti at the London Conference, it is understood that the British Government have proposed that Nashashibi should nominate two delegates, supplemented by four or five advisers.

Nashashibi has categorically refused to agree, insisting on equal numbers. It is understood that Mr. MacMichael may make a final effort to persuade Nashashibi to accept the proposal.—Reuter.

T. B. Specialist Dead

LONDON, Jan. 26.

Death has occurred of Sir Robert Philip, world-famous Tuberculosis Specialist.—Reuter.

FAVOURABLE YEAR FOR U. S.

Jump In Trade Balance In 1938 Figures

NEW YORK, Jan. 26.

A jump in America's favourable trade balance for 1938 is revealed by figures published by the United States Department of Commerce, which show that exports last year amounted to 3094 million dollars, compared to 3349 in 1937 and imports totalled 1961 against 3064 in the previous year. The Department says that the great rise of nearly 1134 million dollars in export balance is due primarily to a fall of 36 per cent in imports owing to business recession, while the decline of eight per cent in exports is attributed entirely to the lower level of prices ruling, since the total physical volume of exports is about unchanged.—Reuter.

AUSTRALIAN LAWN TENNIS SURPRISE

MELBOURNE, Jan. 26.

The Australian Lawn Tennis Championship Women's Singles semi-final Mrs. Hopman beat Thelma Coyne 6-3, 6-4. Mrs. Westacott beat Joan Higgin 6-2, 6-3. The holder Dorothy Bundy is not defending her title. A surprise was occasioned by the defeat of Nancy Wynnee, a title favourite by a young player Connie Coats 1-6, 6-3, 6-2 in an early round. Miss Coats was defeated by Mrs. Westacott in the quarter finals 6-2, 6-1.—Reuter.

MOVE TO ACCLAIM FAROUK AS KHALIFA

Turkey's Attitude Defined

ANGORA, Jan. 25.

Turkey's attitude towards the reported possibility of a move for the claim of King Farouk as the Khalifa was defined by the foreign Minister Sarajoglu, addressing the Parliamentary group of the Republican People's Party.

He declared, "Khalifate is a superannuated institution the inconveniences of which incontestably surpass the advantages. Turkey is a Republican State, therefore, religious questions involving other countries did not interest them there."

Sarajoglu indicated that a pursuit of the suggestion to acclaim a Khalif might engender dissension even among Moslem States, and a 'fait accompli' by one country might be liable to induce other Moslem countries to act similarly.

"Turkey draws the attention of parties interested to the possible unfavourable repercussions of such action."—Reuter

Sentence On Woods Reduced

JERUSALEM, Jan. 26.

The sentence passed on Constable Woods has been reduced on appeal to eighteen months.

The appeal of P. Crossley and J. Crossley was taken to-day and the sentences were quashed.—Reuter.

MORE U. S. 'PLANES FOR FRANCE.

WASHINGTON, Jan 26.

It is authoritatively reported that France is negotiating purchase of 350 warplanes in the United States in addition to the 100 curtiss wright 'planes already ordered. The French air-attache Lt.-Col. Weiser, stated that the air mission might purchase 600 'planes.—Reuter.

WARSAW: Herr Von Ribbentrop and his wife arrived on an official visit of two days' duration.

Hands Off Fr. Empire

Bonnet Determined To Keep French Territories Intact

PARIS, Jan. 26.

M. Bonnet speaking in the Chamber of Deputies declared that France was determined to maintain intact the integriy of the French Empire The conscience of France, said M. Bonnet, had nothing with which to reproach itself.

M. Bonnet dwelt on the increasingly close relations between France and Great Britain. Franco-British friendship, he declared, was the cornerstone of the French policy.

Referring to Italian claims, M. Bonnet said: "France will permit no attempt against what has been built up by French blood and French bravery. She will keep the independence of her territories intact.

"Turning to the Far East M. Bonnet added that the Government were firmly determined not to allow any attack on French interests in this area. "We do not admit that an agreement like the Treaty of Washington can be unilaterally denounced".—Reuter.

Announcing the determination of the Government to continue the Non-Intervention policy in Spain, M. Bonnet declared: "We will consider it for the Spaniards alone to settle their own affairs.

MENACE TO BOTH

Returning to the Spanish issue M. Bonnet declared: "We cannot tolerate that our communications with North Africa sould be threatened by foreign troops in Spain or Spanish islands. France has interests to defend in Spain. We cannot allow any State to intervene in Spain so as to threaten French integrity. The Burgos Government has let it be known that it will not allow any foreign Power to settle in the country. Britain is no less menaced by the situation in Spain with regard to Malta and Gibraltar. I can, therefore, affirm that there is complete solidarity between France and Britain on this question."

ARMAMENTS SEQUEL

M. Bonnet then announced the readiness of his Government to convoke an International Conference, if he found necessary support. Remarking that the armaments race threatens to bring Europe to bankruptcy or war.—Reuter.

15,000 KILLED IN 'QUAKE DISASTER

British Cruisers Offer Services To Chilean Govt.

SANTIAGO DE CHILE, Jan. 25.

It is confirmed that 10,000 are known to have been killed in the Concepcion earthquake. Half the town has been destroyed or damaged.

Official estimates place the loss of life as high as 15,000 aviators who have flown over Chilean announce that it has been completely destroyed.

Chilean has a population of 40,000 and it is feared that there have been several thousand casualties.

In Lota 15 were killed and 50 injured.

In Talcahuano 14 were killed and a hundred injured.

British cruisers "Exeter" and "Ajax" have offered their services to the Chilean Government.

Chilean Government have despatched aeroplanes to ascertain full details of the catastrophe.

A special military train with the Minister for Interior, 40 doctors and 70 nurses has left for the affected region.—Reuter.

FOUR TOWNS DESTROYED

British Help To Chilean Victims

LONDON, Jan. 26.

Sir Charles Bentinck, British Ambassador in Santiago reports that about 10,000 lives have been lost and four of the smaller towns completely destroyed by the Chilean earthquake. Conception is stated to be practically destroyed. No British lives have been lost.

Sir Charles Bentinck has expressed to the Foreign Minister the British Government's sincere sympathy at the disaster. Cruiser "Ajax" is following "Exeter" to Talcahuano to assist in the rescue work. The Chilean naval and military authorities are in charge of the region, to which the President and Minister for Interior have gone.—Reuter.

Rebels Enter Barcelona

(Continued from Page 1).

every precaution against civil disorder. The newly appointed Mayor, Senor Miguelmateu, has stationed civil guards, shock police and special police throughout the city to prevent looting. They are most needed around Kiosks, where revenous citizens are almost uncontrollable.

PLIGHT OF REFUGEES

A Marseilles message says:

A number of refugees have been brought from Barcelona aboard the British destroyer "Hostile" and two freighters and also the United States cruiser "Omaha," among those on the latter being Mr. Thurston, the American Charge d'Affaires.

The refugees all told the same story stating that they had great difficulty in leaving the city.

Refugees are using the inferior roads where traffic is so congested that Reuter's special correspondent took five hours to make the journey of 19 miles to Caldaas. Progress was hindered by countless corpses lying on the road side and in ditches.

The French Embassy is also reported to have left.

BR. CONSUL-GENERAL STILL AT BARCELONA.

LONDON, Jan. 26.

The British Consul-General Rogers is understood to be still in Barcelona. According to his latest reports to the foreign office a number of political prisoners have been released.

The British Minister Stevenson is aboard cruiser "Devonshire" off Caldetas.—Reuter.

MOVE FOR NEUTRAL ZONE IN SPAIN

LONDON, Jan. 26.

Lord Halifax to-day had talks on the critical position in Spain, first with the Spanish Ambassador in London and later with the French Ambassador. With the latter Lord Halifax also discussed the international problems generally.

MOVE FOR NEUTRAL ZONE

"Reuter" learns that British and French authorities in Paris are discussing the creation of a neutral zone in Spain for refugees. Such a step would need Gen. Franco's concurrence. If it is decided that a neutral zone would be practicable Gen. Franco would be approached and the British and French Governments would do what they can to assist. It is understood the initiative came from the French.—Reuter.

Press Supports French Govt.'s Suggestion

PARIS, Jan. 26.

French Government's suggestion for setting up a neutral refugee zone in Spain is warmly supported in the press which also suggests that the time has come for France to send a representative to Burgos to safeguard French interests as well as to help refugees

REBEL ADVANCE ON CATALAN FRONT

BURGOS, Jan. 26.

The advance on the entire Catalan front is proceeding with rapidity. In Estremadura where the Republicans have launched an attack in the hope of relieving the pressure on Barcelona the Nationalists claim to be advancing and dispersing the enemy centres.

At Valsequillo and Losblasquez, where Republicans have made a final attack, the Nationalists have counter-attacked and regained all lost ground, burying a hundred Republicans dead.

Larabasad and Horta near Barcelona have also fallen.—Reuter.

EUROPE'S REACTION TO SPANISH SITUATION

LONDON, Jan. 26.

Political correspondents anticipate that many perplexities about European events will be resolved within a few days.

The principal source of enlightenment is expected to be Herr Hitler's speech on January 30. Mr. Chamberlain's speech on Jan. 28 may provide the Fuhrer with topics for reply.

It is recognised that the fall of Barcelona will profoundly affect the outlook particularly by encouraging Italy to press her demands upon France.

There is speculation as to how far Herr Hitler will publicly support Italian claims and whether the Fuehrer will reinforce Sgr. Mussolini's aspiration by linking the German colonial question to the Mediterranean.

It is noteworthy that commentators do not really expect that Herr Hitler will foreshadow his eastern European designs.

Herr Von Ribbentrop has just arrived in Warsaw with a view to strengthening the German-Polish relations. He exchanged felicitous speeches with Col. Beck at banquet last night.

Regarding Russia correspondents draw attention to a report that a German trade mission is planning to visit Moscow shortly. Further significance is attached by some to an article in to-day's "Voelkischer Beobachter" praising the strength and bravery of the Soviet Army.

LABOUR'S WARNING TO ENGLAND AND FRANCE

LONDON, Jan. 25.

The resolution adopted by the Secret Conference of the International Federation of Trade Union and the Labour Socialist Union says that grave dangers for France, Britain and other democracies will follow if Catalonia is conquered by "foreign invaders" fighting under General Franco.

The resolution demands the opening of the Franco Spanish frontier for passage of arms and the restoration of the legal right of the Spanish Government to purchase arms. It denounces aerial machine-gunning of refugees and civilians and urges various governments to supply foodstuffs to Catalonian civilians and refugees.—Reuter

NO CONSULTATION WITH FRANCE

German Paper's Suggestion

BERLIN, January 25.

Germany will not agree to consultation with France under the terms of the "no war" agreement of December 6, concerning the acquisition by the latter of bases in the Spanish territory as a pledge for Italy's evacuation of Spanish territory at the close of the Spanish war.

This is the tenor of an article in "Frankfurter Zeitung" which suggests that the key to the situation lies in the "Appeasement of justifiable Italian wishes". It says that if an appeal is made to Germany, one might just as well appeal to Britain.

Warning France against any attempt at securing a base, the paper declares. "Such an enterprise will be an invitation to Signor Mussolini to grab as much as he could in the region between trench mobilisation lines in Southern France and Northern Italy."—Reuter.

BRITISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN WARSHIPS BOMBED

TOULOUSE: Jan. 26.

British, American and French warships, anchored at Caldetas for the purpose of evacuating refugees were bombed by rebel warplanes, according to a despatch from Toulouse.

DELVAYO IN BARCELONA

PARIS, Jan. 26.

Senor Delvayo has arrived in Barcelona to take charge of Government's activities there, according to the Spanish Embassy in Paris.

Barcelona is completely cut off telephonically but telegraphic communication is still maintained —Reuter

FRENCH CRUISER FOR SPAIN

TOULON, Jan. 26.

The French cruiser "Duquesne" will probably leave for Barcelona to-morrow to join the cruiser "Suffren" which sailed for there yesterday

Both will be at the disposal of the French Embassy.—Reuter

FASCISTS AGAIN ACTIVE IN RUMANIA

BUCHAREST, Jan. 25.

It is alleged that an Ironguard plot to attack prominent public buildings with flame-throwers capable of throwing a big jet of petrol, oil or tar over a hundred yards has been scotched by police

30 arrests have been made.—Reuter.

Opportunity for Small Manufacturers

Small manufacturers, who desire to modernise their plant can now do so and pay the capital cost by instalments. Write with full details to MERCANTILE FINANCE CO., LTD., Sir Vithaldas Chambers, 16, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

Independence Day Observance In City

Prabhat Feries, Processions And Flag Salutations

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Independence Day was celebrated wih great fervour and enthusiasm all over the city, to-day.

"Prabhat pheries", cycle precessions, shouting of Congress slogans, flag salutations in all the district Congress wards and at the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee office lent colourful aspect to the occasion.

The independence pledge taken by thousands of men, women and children visibly worked like elixir on the Congress workers. Personal differences and party cliques were brushed aside and all worked in unison to make the occasion spectacular and successful.

Congress volunteers and workers took processions and paraded important streets. The Bombay Students Union which had arranged its own programme, became conspicuous, when students in batches contributed their quota to the general enthusiastic scenes of parades and shouting. Students in most of the schools and colleges declared hartal and those few institutions which were not closed were forced to close due to the general absence of the students.

Two huge processions passed by the Congress House early in the morning.

Procession generally converged at flag salutations where the solemn pledge was taken. The pledge was read out in English and Hindustani.

Unfurling the tri-colour at the Congress House, Sjt. Bhulabhai J. Desai, President of the B.P.C.C. explained that the pledge would be taken till their goal was won. The pledge had not yet been redeemed and it was evident that the determination of the nation showed no signs of flagging. The pledge had to be redeemed.

The times ahead were unsettled. There was an awakening in the states and the fight against Federation should continue. When the fight came, he was sure that the country would never be found wanting.

At Matunga, as the dawn broke, two score cyclists, led by Mr. Vasu Varang and with national flags hitched on to them, purred along important streets, shouting Congress slogans. They dashed along from Lalbaugh to Sion and Elphinstone Road to Sewri, in spectacular platoons.

Soon after bands and bugles rent the air and attractive placards flung high above the shoulders of the processionists proclaimed that the day's solemn ceremony was already half-way through.

At Napoo Gardens, the Hon. Mr. Mangaldas Pakvasa, President of the Legislative Council, unfurling the flag laid emphasis on the significance of the day which called forth sacrifices from one and all.

In certain localities in the North of the City cries of "Re-elect Subhas Bose" resounded to the tune of "Inquilab Zindabad."

V. J. T. STUDENTS TAKE INDEPENDENCE PLEDGE

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Mr. M. R. Masani hoisted the Tri-colour flag in the precincts of the V. J. T. Students Hostel this morning.

The students of the V. J. T. Institute observed complete hartal in observance of the Independence Day, 'Vande Mataram' and 'Zenda Uncha' were sung by the students on the occasion.

Presiding over the meeting that followed the Flag hoisting ceremony in the morning, Mr. Masani said that they were passing through a rapid transition in the destinies of their country.

The students were observing the day also as the Anti-Federation day. Independence had a bigger significance, and they should not be obsessed with the bogey of Federation. They should think in terms of moving forward instead of being on the defensive as Imperialism would expect them to be.

The Independence Day pledge was then taken by the students.

Mr. V. B. Chaya, Secretary of the Cutch Prajamandal, advised the students to fight their battle with grit. They should solemnly decide that day to build up a united India. Mr. Sukhadia pointed out that they as technicians had a duty to educate workers politically and build up from below. Students could do much in fighting communalism and provincialism.

STUDENTS URGED TO ORGANISE

Mr. S S. Batliwala said that students should carry the message of Congress to villages where poverty stared at them, and establish Congress Committees. Unless they organised themselves into their unions they would not be able to achieve much.

Mr. C. K. Narayanswamy said that they were against Federation in any form and they should assert their right of a Constituent Assembly to determine their future form of Government. Their moorings were with the masses.

The meeting concluded with an expression of thanks to all the guests.

SUGAR MARKET CLOSED

BOMBAY.—Local Sugar Market remained closed this afternoon on account of "Independence Day."

BHULABHAI LEADS PROCESSION

(Continued from Page 1.)

by the time the next Independence Day would be celebrated.

NEED OF UNITY

What the country needed most to-day was unity and organisation, continued Mr. Bhulabhai. It was because Indians did not know the value of unity that the Britisher had been able to subjugate the country. The younger generation, he hoped would bear this in mind and realise that the nation's honour was above all.

The Independence Day Pledge was then read out and the audience supported it unanimously with a show of hands.

A huge procession headed by Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai, President of the B. P. C. C., and other Congress leaders of the City and followed by nearly 500 volunteers belonging to a score of volunteer organisations and thousands of citizens paraded the crowded localities of the City—Bhuleshwar, Kalbadevi, and Girgaum—before joining up the huge overflow meeting at Chowpatty organised to celebrate the Independence Day in the City.

The procession which started at 5 p.m. from the Congress House, wended its way to the tune of a band through Vithalbhai Patel Road, C. P. Tank, Bhuleshwar, Bumbakhana, Kalbadevi Road, Princess Street, Girgaum Road, Opera House, Sandhurst Bridge, and terminated at Chowpatty.

The following volunteer organisations took part in the procession:—The Bombay National Guards, Shree Jain Swayamsevak Mandal, Cutch Dassa Oswal Volunteer Corps, Halai Lohana Volunteer Corps, Kapad Bazar Servants Volunteer Corps, Cutchi Lohana Volunteer Corps, Shree Cutchi Vidyarthi Mandal, Bombay Sevika Dal and Hindu Sevak Samaj (with band).

BARODA RETURNS TO NORMAL

(From Our Correspondent).

BARODA, Jan. 26.

The situation has returned to normal.

The Curfew Order will end tomorrow.

Shops and schools will remain closed till Monday.

ALL-INDIA STANDS BY RAJKOT

Bombay To Help Satyagrahis: Bhulabhai On Lesson For Other States

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Congress circles in Bombay and the residents hailing from Rajkot have welcomed the statement of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel on Rajkot as the most fitting reply to the alleged breach of pledge by the Thakore.

Arrangements are being made in Bombay to help the Rajkot people in their second Satyagraha movement.

Referring to the statement of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel. Sjt. Bhulabhai Desai said in an interview to the "Bombay Chronicle":—

"The conduct of the Thakore Saheb and his advisers and those who pull the wires from behind is such that the Satyagraha started by the Rajkot people to-day has acquired an enhanced sanctity and justice.

ALL-INDIA SUPPORT

"Let it be remembered by those who prevented this fulfilment of the pledge given by the Thakore Saheb that he will regret their share in it inasmuch as the issue now is one that will spread to all the States and there would be no hesitation on the part of the rest of India to support this cause. Those who sow the wind must reap the whirlwind.

"I need hardly add that I wish God speed to all Satyagrahis in the Rajkot cause."

Dr. Pattabhi For Bezwada

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya who returned to Bombay from Bardoli this morning left a few hours later for Bezwada 'en route' to Cocanada, where he is to preside over the Andhra Provincial Congress Committee meeting on the 29th instant.

KATHIAWAR PRINCES' UNITED FRONT

Committee To Decide Measure Of Dole Of Reforms

RAJKOT, Jan. 25.

The question of the grant of reforms to the people of the States in Western India, is being now tackled, it is understood, by a Committee, which was brought into being as the result of the Kathiawar Princes' meeting held at Rajkot sometime back under the presidentship of Mr. Gibson, President, Western India States Agency.

The members of the Committee include the Dewans of Porbunder, Bhavnagar, Jamnagar and Junagadh with the Rajasaheb of Dhrangadhra as the President. The Committee, which is understood to have begun its deliberations to-day, will prepare a draft on the nature of the reforms, their extent and scope, to be introduced in the various States.—United Press.

Short Shrift For Monopolies

(From Our Correspondent).

RAJKOT: Jan. 25.

The Thakore Saheb has issued a notification terminating Ice factory and Cinema monopoly in State.

BAN ON PARISHAD PATRIKA PRESS

(From Our Correspondent).

RAJKOT, Jan. 26.

A Notification has been served this morning on Mr. Lalji Nagji Ganatra, proprietor of Lohana Hitechhu Printing Press where the Parishad 'Patrikas' are printed ordering abstention from printing any matter which is subversive of Administration of Rajkot."

MYSORE CONGRESS THREAT TO STATE

BANGALORE, Jan. 26.

After prolonged discussion on the issue of representation of Congress nominee on the Reforms Committee caused by the resignation of Mr. Bhupalam Chandra-Sekhara Setty who refused to resign from the Reforms Committee. The Working Committee of the Mysore Congress resolved that if their nominee was not accepted bi the Government by January 31, they would be constrained to take such steps as might be necessary in the matter.—A.P.

MEANING OF INDEPENDENCE

Jamnadas Mehta Differs From Mahatma

That Independence as an ideal was complete in itself and could not be subject to any conditions such as its being attained by Non-violent means alone was the point stressed by Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, speaking at a meeting held under the auspices of the Democratic Swaraj Party to celebrate the Independence Day, at the Bramhan Sabha Hall on Thursday evening.

Mr. N. C. Kelkar presided.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta in the course of his speech narrated how Independence as an ideal came to be adopted by the Congress; but he pointed out that it would be wrong to suppose that the ideal was postulated first in 1929. Independence as an ideal was ever present in some part of the country or other all the time. They were merely registering, once more, their determination to achieve complete Freedom and not to rest till that was done.

Mr. V. D. Savarkar criticised Mahatma's conception of Non-violence.

RED SHIRTS CELEBRATE INDEPENDENCE DAY

BANNU, Jan. 26.

Redshirts from all over the District including those beolnging to Ahmadzai tribe in the Settled Area, prohibited under the blockade order from crossing the Kurram river towards Bannu city but specially permitted by the Deputy Commissioner to attend the "Independence Day" celebrations, flocked in large numbers to Gandhi Chawk from noon today. They waited for Dr. Khan Sahib, the Premier, till 4 p.m. In his absence the flag hoisting ceremony was performed by all old Congress workers jointly pulling the string, to the other end of which was tied the National Flag, which was hoisted on a pole about 60 feet in height.

Before the ceremony Haji Mohd. Aslam Khan, President of the District Congress Committee, read the Independence Day Pledge in Pasho and the audience, numbering about 5,000, repeated the same.

AT LAHORE

In celebration of the "Independence Day" a well-attended public meeting was held this evening outside the Mori Gate, Lahore, Lala Kedarnath Sehgal presiding.

Maulana Abdul Qadir Qasuri read out the Independence Pledge.

Lala Dunichand, Munshi Ahmed Din, a Socialist Leader, and others spoke.—A.P.

In Benares

BENARES, Jan. 26.

The Independence Day was celebrated to-day by taking out prabhat-pheris early in the morning and hoisting of the Congress flag.—A. P.

SITUATION IN BAREILLY

Independence Celebrations Abandoned

BAREILLY, Jan. 26.

The situation in the City is almost normal to-day.

Efforts are being made to have shops re-opened. Police patrolling continues.

It is learnt that the Independence celebrations arranged for to-day have been abandoned by the Congress in view of the disturbed condition of the city.—A.P.

PENAL SERVITUDE FOR EGYPTIAN STUDENTS

Mysterious Entry Into Palestine

(From Our Correspondent)

CAIRO (By Air Mail)

Two students of the Egyptian University of Cairo who effected their entry into Palestine mysteriously crossing the frontier desert at night time, have been arrested at Jerusalem and sentenced by an emergency Martial Court to penal servitude.

It is reported that important letters and two revolvers with a quantity of cartridges possessed by the students have been siezed by the Palestine authorities.

A press report states that these two students were sent by a society in Cairo said to be in touch with a foreign power to join the Arabs in Palestine and to report to the Centre of the Society.

It is further stated that the activities of the said society are now being watched by the Egyptian authorities.

SARDAR FOR BIRBHUM

Will Attend Bengal Constructive Workers' Conference

CALCUTTA, Jan. 26

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel is expected to attend the All-Bengal Congress Constructive Workers' Conference to be held on February 4 and 5, next at Tantipara in Birbhum district.—United Press.

SARDAR PATEL'S VISIT ECHO

Dewan To Order Inquiry Into Hooliganism

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 26.

It is definitely understood from Baroda Praja Mandal workers here that the Dewan has decided to appoint an inquiry committee, in connection with the hooliganism during the visit of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel.

Mr. Ghatge, the Police Commissioner has been transferred, and Major Akvino has been appointed in his place.

Transfer of other Maratha officers are likely.

U. P. Industries Dept.

CAWNPORE, Jan. 24.

It is understood that the United Provinces Government have invited the opinion of the Director of Industries on the advisability of the transfer of the offices of the Industries Department from Cawnpore to Allahabad.

The Director of Industries, it is stated, has replied that if the transfer of the offices was at all considered necessary he would prefer to move to Lucknow in preference to Allahabad.—A P.

Celebrations In Frontier

PESHAWAR, Jan 26.

The Frontier celebrated "Independence Day" to-day with great enthusiasm.

Public meetings were held throughout the Province and speeches were delivered recounting the sacrifices of the people of the Frontier in the cause of the country's freedom.

At Mardan Mr. Bhanjuram Gandhi, Finance Minister performed the flag hoisting at a meeting which was addressed among others by Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan, Qazi Attaullah Khan, Education Minister and Khan Amir Mohd Khan and Arbab Abdul Ghafur Khan, Parliamentary Secretaries.—A.P.

Jubbulpore Observes Hartal

(From Our Correspondent).

JUBBULPORE, Jan. 26.

The city is observing hartal today to celebrate the "Independence Day."

Seth Govinddas, Chairman of the Reception Committee of the Tripuri Congress unfurled the National Flag on the Ramnagar Hill where a Gandhi Statue will be erected.

A SHORT STORY

The Sacrifice

BY MEREDITH SCHOLL

Watching Hal Lyman from the window of the inn, Teresa's small hands clenched until the nails dug into her palms. Accompanying Hal was the red-headed girl who had arrived the night before and whom he had introduced as Prue Dewey.

"Known her all her life," he laughingly explained. "Kids together. She heard I was entered in the cross-country ski run and came up to give me the raspberry."

Hal had seemed innocent enough about it, and so had Prue Dewey, but Prue was tremendously attractive, and she was altogether too familiar with Hal to suit Teresa.

This morning, for example, she had gotten up early and gone out with Hal for his practice run, while Teresa, being sensible, had remained in the warm comfort of her bed.

"He's engaged to me," she thought fiercely. "Doesn't she realize that? Doesn't Hal realize it?" Her anger grew as she reviewed swiftly the events leading up to the engagement. It hadn't been an easy task to bring Hal to terms. He was handsome and popular and the best ski runner in the State. In to-day's meet he was representing the Sunnyslope Ski club, and big things were expected of him.

Teresa was the club's newest member and the daughter of its oldest member. She had been studying abroad. When she saw Hal Lyman, and heard about him, she decided that here was a conquest that would not only prove interesting, but would, if successful, elevate her to the popularity which her vanity craved.

"And no red-headed hussy is going to cheat me out of it," she told herself grimly.

She was in the lobby when Hal and Prue Dewey entered, red-cheeked and laughing.

"Hello, darling!" Hal exclaimed at sight of Teresa, and she thrilled to the eagerness in his voice.

"Oh, Hal." She smiled at him languidly. "And Miss Dewey. How nice that both of you are early risers."

The implication escaped Hal entirely Prue Dewey smiled and headed for the stairs. "I'm off to change See you both at breakfast."

"Isn't she sweet." Teresa said "You have such attractive friends. Hal."

"Glad you like her, honey. I want you to like all my friends."

"Hal, I've a very special favour I want to ask you."

"Why, honey, just mention it. You know I'd break my neck if it would make you happy."

"That's just it." Suddenly she was tender, but firm. "I don't want you to break your neck I don't want you to enter the meet this afternoon."

"Not enter the meet? Why, honey, I——I've got to. They're depending upon me. It means everything."

"And it means everything to me to have a whole husband. Hal. I insist that you withdraw."

"But, darling, you don't understand——".

"I understand perfectly. After all, when a girl accepts a man she expects some consideration, some sacrifice as proof of his love. This is a choice between me and—and something you want to do."

Hal looked at her levelly, soberly. "I see. Very well, Teresa, I shall withdraw my name at once."

Teresa's triumph was exhilarating. Standing with her father and a group of young people, including Prue Dewey, near the finish line of the cross-country race, she was gay and bright and generous in her compliments to everyone. Wait, she thought, just wait till they know. I guess Miss Redhead will understand then how much he loves me.

The starter was barking an announcement. A murmur ran through the crowd. It soon grew into a roar. Hal Lyman had withdrawn from the race. He had quit. He was afraid of losing his title to Joe Gibbs. He claimed to be sick. Well, that's what happens to a man when he becomes famous. He gets yellow.

Words, cries, condemnations, oaths drummed against Teresa's ears. The roar of disappointment of anger of bewilderment grew and grew until it drowned out all other sounds. She looked into the faces of the people near her. She saw resentment and shattered faith and hate. And suddenly she realized what she had done, realized what a selfish little fool she had been, realized how much these people were depending upon Hal, her Hal——.

"Tommy!" She cried, turning to Tommy Gough. "Quick! Run up to the inn and tell Hal I—— I'm sorry. I didn't mean it."

The contestants were ready. The announcer had finished his last order. The starter held his pistol poised, and suddenly someone shouted on the edge of the crowd. Others took it up. Cheering broke out, and through the excited avenue of faces Hal Lyman burst onto the scene, his skis across his shoulder, his face grim. He looked neither to right nor left, but jogged up to the starter, talked a minute and then began strapping on his equipment.

"He got here soon enough", Teresa thought. "He must have been expecting I'd send word and was ready."

Hal Lyman retained his title that day. Amid the wildly cheering throng of spectators he crossed the finish line 300 yards ahead of the runner-up.

Teresa, eyes shining, waited for him at the foot of the slope. But when Hal saw her he didn't smile. "Sorry, Teresa. You made me realize something. Or Prue did. She came back to the inn when she found out and we talked. I——I guess all bets are off with us, Teresa. I didn't know till to-day how things stood."

He turned abruptly and started up the hill, eagerly, toward where a red-headed girl stood waiting.

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STOCK BROKERS AND TEXTILE INDUSTRY

Mr. Dubash On Limiting Dividends

BOMBAY, Jan. 25.

The view that the Bombay Textile Industry might be obliged to shift their location to the States or in the alternative divert their capital to more lucrative investments either within this country itself or even abroad is put forward by Mr. N. N. Dubash, Secretary of the Native Share and Stock Brokers' Association, Bombay in the course of the reply of the Association to the questionnaire issued by the Textile Labour Enquiry Committee.

He states that such a contingency might arise as a sequel to the proposed limiting of the dividends of the Textile mills without any guarantee that in the same manner as in the case of certain Railways and Co-operative Land Mortgage Banks that a minimum percentage of dividends would at all times be declared, the Government making up the deficiency should it happen to occur. Limiting dividends without such a guarantee, in his opinion, appears very much like entering into the time-honoured game of "Heads I win, tails you lose."

In support of his contention he states that dividends declared during the last decade and more by many of the cotton mills have suffered in the past that a number of them have been forced into liquidation their share holders losing in the end the capital sum put by them in these ill fated enterprises. He therefore, states that no one would shoulder the great risks involved in such investments unless he has good hopes of making up in the round abouts what he loses in the swings.—United Press.

AL-AZHAR STUDENTS ON STRIKE

(From Our Correspondent)

CAIRO (By Air Mail)

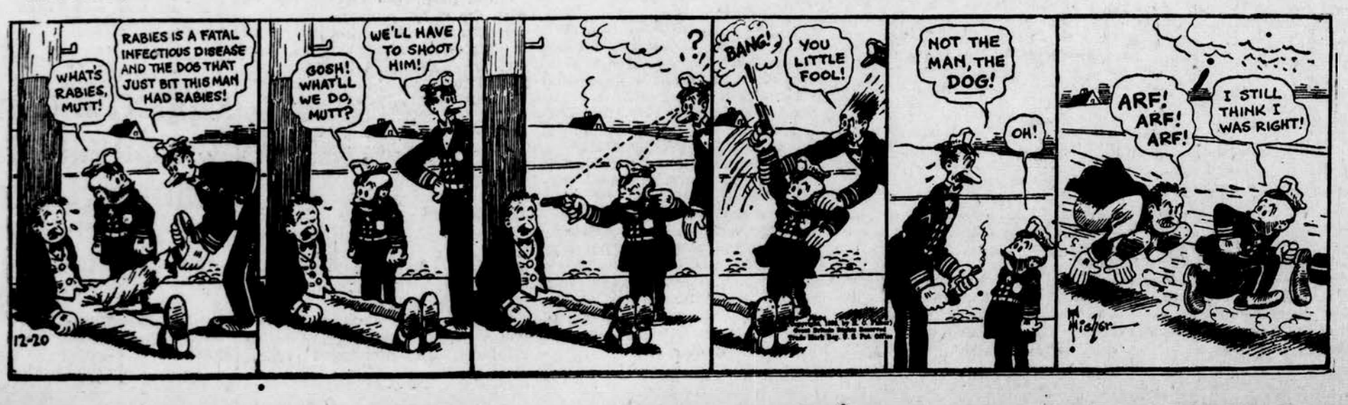
30,000 students of Al-Azhar University who went on strike marched in a procession to the office of the Prime Minister of Egypt to protest against the new appointments of graduates of other colleges in preference to those of the Al-Azhar. They demanded that new posts in the government schools should be given to the graduates of Al Azhar, in the proportion of five to one. This is the 4th strike Al-Azhar has recorded during the past twelve months.

STAGE SET FOR LONDON CONFERENCE

CAIRO, (By Air Mail)

Mohamed Ali Alloba Pasha, President of the Palestine Parliamentary Committee of Tgypt, has arrived in Cairo from London. Alloba Pasha told the press here that he had succeeded in his mission and that the atmosphere in London was now suitable for negotiation on the Palestine question. Alloba Pasha will return to London by air to attend the Conference, most probably accompanied by Mohamed Mahmoud Pasha, the Prime Minister of Egypt.

MUTT AND JEFF—If Jeff Can Hold Up His Speed He Won't Get Hydrophobia — By BUD FISHER


WHAT'S RABIES, MUTT!
RABIES IS A FATAL INFECTIOUS DISEASE AND THE DOG THAT JUST BIT THIS MAN HAD RABIES!
GOSH! WHAT'LL WE DO, MUTT?
WE'LL HAVE TO SHOOT HIM!
?
BANG!
YOU LITTLE FOOL!
NOT THE MAN, THE DOG!
OH!
ARF! ARF! ARF!
I STILL THINK I WAS RIGHT!
12-20

INAUGURATION OF INDUSTRIAL SURVEY IN C. P.

"Position Of Country No Better To-day Than In The Days Of East India Company", Says Premier

(From Our Own Correspondent.)
NAGPUR, (By Mail.)

The inaugural meeting of the Industrial Survey Committee appointed by the Government of the Central Provinces and Berar took place at 12 noon on Monday the 16th January 1939 in the Prime Minister's room in the Secretariat. The meeting was attended by all Hon'ble Ministers, Secretaries to Government, Heads of Departments, Principals and Professors of Colleges and a number of prominent non-official gentlemen interested in the industrial development.

AIM OF GOVERNMENT.

The Hon'ble Mr. Bharuka, Minister for Industries, requested the Hon'ble Pandit R. S. Shukla, the Prime Minister to inaugurate the meeting. The Prime Minister in the course of his speech which was delivered in Hindi described the aim of Government in appointing the Committee, explained the terms of reference, and expressed his hope and confidence that the work of the survey will be efficiently carried out by the Committee under the chairmanship of such an eminent and life-long worker in the field of cottage and village industries as Dr. Kumarappa.

POSITION NO BETTER.

Continuing further, the Premier said that he was of opinion that the position of the country is no better to-day than it was in the days of the East India Company. The 'Choti' of the Indian people is still in the hands of the British Government, and we are entirely at their mercy as regards our safety, welfare and progress. The coterie of capitalists and bankers in London control our destiny according to their convenience.

INDUSTRIALISATION.

The Hon'ble Mr. Bharuka then spoke, thanking the Chairman and the members of the Committee for having acceded to the request of Government to work on the Committee, and pointed out, that the aim of Government was industrialisation of the province in which cottage, medium and large scale industries would all have their rightful place. He looked at industrial development from the point of view of relieving unemployment, increasing the wealth of the province and securing a balanced rural and urban economy. He emphasised the desire of Government to give all possible aid for the promotion of local industries and wished for the ideal when the province would be self-sufficient in respect of its requirements.

CAPITALISTS SHY.

Continuing further Mr. Bharuka remarked that we find that our capitalists are shy or reluctant to invest their capital and start new enterprises. Geologically, our Province has got the best deposits of many ores; we have got good clay deposits and lime deposits near about Katni. We have also got, I am told, some copper deposits. All these sources have to be utilised for the industrial growth of the Province. I have not mentioned Manganese and Coal, because they are already well-known and are being utilised, though not so much for the benefit of our province. Then there are the forest products. We grow plenty of lac and myrobalans.

BACKWARDNESS OF INDUSTRIES.

The Chairman Dr. Kumarappa also made a short speech in which he thanked the Prime Minister for having spared time to inaugurate the work of this Committee and to give it a blessing and a push forward. He deplored the present backwardness of our industries, the neglect of our cottage and village industries and the undue emphasis laid in some quarters on large scale industries. He wanted the country to be self-sufficient.

UNFOLDING OF SCHEME.

He unfolded his scheme of a rapid and whirlwind visit by workers to selected villages for the purpose of ascertaining local industries, existing or extinct, and pleaded for the co-operation on the part of all and especially all the educational institutions in making workers and surveyors available for this preliminary survey. He hoped that no undue obstacle will be placed in the way of willing workers and that every facility will be given to those who will have to absent from collages for being engaged in this work. He appealed to Secretaries and Heads of Departments present to help the work of the Committee and to reduce red tape to the minimum.

Mr. Chatturbhuj Bhai Jasani, Congress M.L.A. has been elected President of the Gondia Municipal Committee.

NOTICE ON RAILWAY.

Mr. Popatlal Bhaichand Shah, champion fighter against railway injustice and arrogance, who had recently won famous test case against G. I. P. Rly., had served notice on Gondal State Railway (Rajkot) through his pleader Mr. N. N. Gandhi for payment of Rs. 17-1-0 for mental worry and other expenses which he incurred while travelling from Gondal to Rajkot Town.

COMMUNAL TENSION.

Since a week false report of Hindu-Muslim tension is being spreadby some interested parties in the city. Itwari and Hansapuri, where Muslims reside in large numbers were very much panicky. Muslims of other parts of the city left their houses and went to reside in Mominpur where they felt shelter in case riot breaks out.

City police is also alert. Immediately reserve police were requisitioned and they are patrolling the panicky part of the city, so that people may gather courage.

The Nagar Congress Committee has also issued an appeal in which it has asked people to disbelieve all rumours of Hindu-Muslim tension.

The District Magistrate has also issued an appeal asking the communities to maintain friendly relations and refraining from repeating idle rumours.

CONGRESS VICTORY

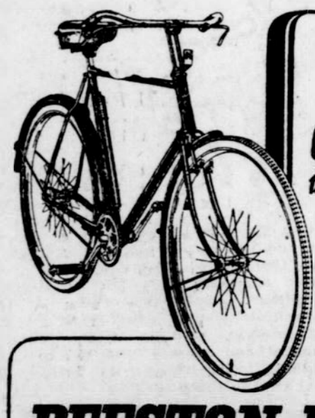
Owing to the removal of Mr. Dhawale and Mr. Patwardhan and resignation of Mr. Harkare from the Presidentship and Vice-Presidentships of the Nagpur Municipality, election for new office-bearers was held to-day morning in the Town Hall under the Chairmanship of Advocate Parakh.

Congress Majority party proposed the names of Messrs. Salwe-Awari and Nayudu for President and Vice-Presidentships. As there was no other proposal the above gentlemen were elected unopposed.

Bombay Govt.'s New Land Revenue Bill

The Land Revenue Settlement Bill, which is to be sponsored at the ensuing session of the Bombay Legislative Assembly with a view to fix the principles of land revenue assessment will, it is understood, affect the provincial revenues to the extent of about thirty lakhs of Rupees. The Bill has now received final touches and will be in the hands of Assembly members by next week.

LONDON:—The position in Spain and international affairs generally will be debated when the House Commons reassembles on January 31. The business for the day has been postponed.



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GUARANTEED FOR EVER

EXCAVATIONS IN IRAN

Unwala Appeals For Help For Another Expedition

Dr. J. Unwala delivered the last of the series of lectures, on "The results of the last year's excavations in Iran", in the cama Oriental Institute Hall, on Wednesday evening. Mr B. Ankleasaria presiding.

The speaker said that in the ancient site of Choke-Zambi was unearted, a big seven storeyed building square in shape, and constructed of sundried bricks, which bore many inscriptions, dating as far back as the 15th century B.C.. At another place they discovered multi-coloured glass beads and glass seals, which must have been used as ornaments. In the same site implements resembling a shovel as well mud statues of the chief God of the Babylonians were also dug out.

Jars and vessels, the speaker continued were very seldom found in these sites, but in one place they were able to excavate a rare monument in the shape of a three cornered jar.

In Sudsa were found maunds, which contained the relics of a high civilisation, that flourished between 3200 B.C. and 2500 B.C. Pots were found bearing intricate geometrical designs that represented all combination of lines and curves and also with the figures of animals and birds inscribed over them. In the graves were found seals that appeared to have played a prominent role in commercial and religious lives of the people.

The speaker held that the Mandian inscriptions when desciphered would yield a wealth of information regarding the Arab and Sassanian periods.

The speaker concluded with an appeal to he Parsis to give financial support to the archacological mission, which he proposed to lead again in this year.

POLICY AS REGARDS VILLAGE APPROACH ROADS

The Director of Information, Bombay writes:—

The Bombay Government have issued the following further instructions for the construction of village roads from the special grants set apart for the purpose.

If a road in a village or an approach road to a village is long and consequently likely to involve expenditure which cannot reasonably be met out of the grants allotted to the district the question of the construction of such a road should be referred to the District Local Board concerned. Where, however, the Collector of the District and the Commissioner think that in the special circumstances of any particular case such a road should be constructed and maintained by the Public Works Department the matter should be referred to the Department for consideration.

The District Committees are advised to make provisions for the construction of causeways, culverts or bridges wherever they are essential from the special grant for the construction of village roads. In those cases where the works are beyond the resources of the District Committees, the proposals may be referred to the District Local Boards or the Public Works Department as the case may be for such action as may be practicable.

Imperial Sericultural Committee And Woollen Industry Committee

Director of information, Bombay writes:—

The Imperial Sericultural Committee and the Woollen Industry Committee met to-day under the Chairmanship of Mr. H. Dow, C. S. I., C. I. E., I. C. S., Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Commerce at the Convocation Hall, University of Bombay. Each scheme receives an annual grant of rupees one lakh from the Central Revenues which is administered by Committees consisting of departmental officers of the Government of India and certain Provinces and States.

The Provinces and States interested in the Sericultural industry are Madras, Bengal, the Punjab, Bihar, the Central Provinces and Berar, Assam, Mysore and Kashmir and their representatives were present. Representatives of the Government of India also attended. The Provinces interested in cottage and small scale woollen industries are Madras, Bombay, the United Provinces, the Punjab, Bihar, Sind and the North-West Frontier Province. All were represented.

The Imperial Sericultural Committee accepted the necessity for occasional conferences of experts and workers engaged in the sericultural industry in the different Provinces and States. The Committees also reviewed the progress of the schemes already approved and made allocation of grants for 1939-40.

KOLABA LOCAL BOARD ELECTION

Congress Contest 21 Out Of 30 Seats

(From Our Correspondent)
ALIBAG, Jan. 25.

The annual meeting of the Kolaba District Congress Committee met at Pen to elect its new office-bearers in the week-end. Mr. S. V. Tilak was re-elected President, Mr. L. G. Patil M.L.A. was elected Vice-President. Mr. V. G. Limaye and Dr. D. K. Kumte were elected Secretaries and Mr. J. V. Lele Treasurer, besides a representative from each taluka Congress Committee.

Committees were also appointed to take the question of permanent reduction in land revenue with Government and the spread of the co-operative movement in the District. The Land Revenue Committee was authorised to see the Revenue Member, Mr. Morarji Desai immediately.

The Land Revenue Committee consists of Mr. S. V Tilak, Mr. V. G. Limaye, Mr. D. K. Kunte, and Mr. L. G. Patil, the last two M.L.As. for Kolaba District. The Co-operative Movement Committee consists of Mr. V. G. Limaye, Mr. V. M. Vedak, Mr. Yeshwant Deshmukh and Mr. Kotval.

Applications for candidature to the District Local Board were also considered. It was decided to run candidates for 21 out of 30 seats.

Ram Ganesh Gadkari

(From Our Correspondent)
KALYAN, Jan. 25.

The 20th death anniversary of Ram Ganesh Gadkari alias "Govindagraja" the premier poet, dramatist and writer of Maharashtra, was celebrated here on Monday night under the auspices of the C K. Prabhu Samaj, Kalyan, under the presidentship of Mr. K. R. Kanekar, Pleader. Mr. Chaskar, Advocate and others spoke. The singing of ballads by Mr. Thakar terminated the function.

GROWTH OF TAMIL LITERATURE

Mr. Jambunathan's Lecture

Sri. M. R. Jambunathan, who has written many books in Tamil, spoke under P.E.N. auspices on "Medieval and Modern Tamil Literature" at the International Book House, Ash Lane, Esplanade Road, on Monday, when Pro. N. K. Bhagwat, Honorary Secretary of the P.E.N. India Centre, presided.

Tamil literature, though very ancient, reached its zenith in the middle ages, when books in all fields of learning appeared, and such classics as 'Manimekalai,' 'Silappadhikaram,' 'Tirukkural' and 'Kamba Ramayan' were produced. The medieval poems deal with valour and with duty. The several works of a woman writer, Avvai, in the latter middle ages are still very popular. They consist largely in proverbs and wise sayings. The 'Tirukkural', which the Tamilians place almost on a par with the 'Vedas', covers a wide variety of subjects in very condensed treatment.

Sri Jambunathan compared interestingly the 'Ramayan' of Kamban with that of Valmiki, the former having excelled in description, the latter perhaps in narration.

Then there is wealth of devotional literature of the Saivaites and Vaishnavaites, the hymns composed by saints called, respectively, Nayanars and Alwars. The songs of the eighteen Siddas also are still popular.

All Tamil literature was in poetry until after the Bible was translated into Tamil. Sri Ramalingaswamy was one of the greatest of the early prose writers. A very interesting feature of the lecture was Sri Jambunathan's personal reminiscences of the greatest modern Tamil writer, Subramanya Bharathi, who died fifteen years ago, and his description of his remarkable personal qualities which reflected themselves in his writings.

There is little romantic fiction in Tamil but there is solid prose writing of great merit, like that of Mahamahopdyaya, Dr. Swaminath Iyer and the Hon. C. Rajagopalachariar, and there are some promising young poets. 'Swadesamitran' and 'Dhinamani' are the leading Tamil papers.

The virile growth of Tamil literature is impeded, the speaker said, by three factors, the anti-growth movement, which would strip the language of all its words of Sanskrit or other non-Tamil origin, the critics who judge books primarily from the standpoint of the countless gramatical rules, and the indifference of the English-educated Tamil public.

Br. Guiana Education Ordinance

NEW DELHI, Jan. 26.

The Government of British Guiana has withdrawn the "Sweetenham Circular" as a result of a conference attended by representatives of governing bodies, the Education Department, the Immigration Department, the East Indian Association and other representatives of the East Indian Community.

One result of the withdrawal of the circular is that all East Indian children, both boys and girls, automatically come under the compulsory clauses of the Education Ordinance.

A new circular has been issued by the Education Department in this connection. This will result in the first instance in the East Indian girls being placed in the same position as the other girls of the community as far as the Education Ordinance is concerned.—United Press.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE

Notification Of Civil Appointments

The following notifications appear in Thursday's Government Gazette:—

Subject to the confirmation of His Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise provisionally the appointment of Monsieur Rene Van Ros as Vice-Consul for Belgium at Bombay.

The provisional recognition of the appointment of Count von Donhoff Freiherr von Krafft as Consul-General for Germany at Bombay has been confirmed.

The Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise provisionally the appointment of Saiyid Kadhim Al Dujaili as Consul in charge of the Consulate General for Iraq at Bombay.

Mr. B. Venkatappiah, I.C.S., is granted an extension of leave from 24th December 1938 to 28th February 1939 (inclusive).

Mr. F. N. Rana, Probationary Deputy Collector, to do duty as District Deputy Collector, Ahmednagar, vice Mr. T. M. Chaudhari, transferred.

Mr. L.B. Kulkarni to be Deputy Superintendent of Police, vice Mr. K.D. Billimoria, promoted to the Indian Police.

Mr. R.Y. Pradhan to be Deputy Superintendent of Police, vice Rao Saheb D.L. Karnik retired.

Mr. T. B. Datre to be Deputy Superintendent of Police, vice Rao Saheb N. G. Joshi, retired.

Mr. Jaimal Mulu to be Deputy Superintendent of Police against the additional appointment of Deputy Superintendent of Police sanctioned for the Ahmedabad District.

Mr. S. R. Nandi to continue to officiate as Deputy Superintendent of Police up to the 22nd December 1938, vice Mr. V. A. Turnbull under suspension.

Mr. L. T. Chandavarkar to officiate as Deputy Superintendent of Police with effect from the 23rd December 1938, vice Mr. V. A. Turnbull under suspension.

The period of the appointment of Mr. J. Santos as Deputy Secretary to Government, Finance Department, has been extended up to March 12, 1940.

Mr. A. F. Wylie, Superintendent, Ammunition Factory Kirkee, in the district of Poona, is appointed to be a Magistrate of the Third Class in that district.

CONGRESS STANDS FOR ALL COMMUNITIES

Masani's Appeal To Municipal Voters

(From A Correspondent).

"The Congress is neither of Muslims, as alleged by Hindu Mahasabhaites, nor of the Hindus, as alleged by the Muslim Leaguers. It is a national organisation encompassing within its fold members of all the communities in India, and is striving day in and day out for the welfare of all Indians without any distinction of caste, creed or province."

In these words, Mr. M. R. Masani appealed to the voters of Mandvi and Chakla to give their solid support to the Congress candidates at the ensuing Municipal election in the City, at a public meeting held under the auspices of the Bohra Youth League, at Abdul Raheman Street on Tuesday night. Mr. Hatimbhai E. Shums presided, and a large number of Bohras were present.

The speaker finally appealed to the citizens to give Congress a chance to go into the Corporation in a majority, as they had done during the last elections to the Bombay Assembly, so that Congressmen can show their mettle in the civic administration even as they had done in the Provincial sphere.

Messrs. Salebhoy Kadarbhoy and Devji Ratansi, two of the three Congress candidates from the Mandvi-Chakla Ward, and Mr. Umashankar Dikshit also appealed to the voters to do their duty by the Congress on February 7, when the election would take place.

Sugarcane And Cotton Cultivation

Results Of Inquiry Into Cost Of Production In Madras

NEW DELHI, (By Mail)

The Indian Central Cotton Committee and the Imperial Council of agricultural Research jointly financed an enquiry into the cost of production of sugarcane and cotton throughout India and included in this enquiry other important crops occuring in the systems of agriculture of the areas investigated.

The report dealing with Madras proceeds to describe Madras conditions, and interpret Madras data.

The Madras enquiry, like the others, covers the years 1933-34, 1934-35 and 1935-36. Costs per acre and per maund are worked out for sugarcane, and cotton and also for paddy as the most important third crop. (In the Punjab the important third crop similarly investigated was wheat, and in Bombay, jowar) In the "Village Ledgers" the details of costs of growing groundnuts, korra, ragi and cholam are also given for many holdings.

HUMAN LABOUR

The Madras enquiry was conducted in the districts of Coimbatore ,Bellary and Vizagapatam. The three years in these three districts gave a fairly good sample of agricultural conditions, 1934-35 was a bad year for cottons in Bellary, but there was nothing else extreme, and in certain years and places crops were above normal as, for example, sugarcane in all three years and paddy in two of the years in Vizagapatam. The report describes conditions of soil and irrigation, possession and utilisation of bullocks differ considerably in "dry" and "wet" holdings. As in the other provinces investigated, both bullocks and men are occupied in cultivation for less than half the year. Human labour is the biggest single item for all crops and all holdings in all the three years.

In the analysis special attention has been given to Cambodia cotton, as it is an important and intensively cultivated crop in Coimbatore District. This is definitely a paying crop and even in the comparatively bad rainfall year of 1934-35 when the mean cost of production of a maund of cotton was considerably raised, due to reduced output, the cultivators obtained money returns which covered their cash output and the value of their labour, land and capital in all cases, and in all but two villages the returns also allowed of cash profits.

PAYING BUSINESS

As regards sugarcane, the areas grown were mostly small. A slump in 'gur' prices, that occurred in the second and third years, affected the profitableness of this crop in some villages. On the whole, however, in the Bellary and Vizagapatam districts the cultivation of cane was a paying business.

The general effect of the report is to present a picture of the nature and distribution of farming costs and of the causes affecting them, culminating in figures for cost per maund and cost per acre. The "Village Ledgers" at the end should be specially useful as raw material for workers in the field of agricultural economics.

Kanara Brotherhood Journal

The January 1939 issue of the 'Kanara Brotherhood Journal' as usual treats of the outstanding problems of the Kanaras (North and South). The economic aspects of life in Kanara are treated well by Severine Silva while the scope for industrial development of the Kanaras in envisaged in 'Greater Kanara' and 'The Land of Our Birth' by G. V. Chandavarkar and U. Ratnakar Rao. Coutinho and Dinkar D sai have done their bit towards exposing the 'white slave traffic' and 'slavery' rampant in some of the talukas of the North Kanara. Comprising of three sections—English, Marathi and Kanarese—the journal deals with Kanara problems—especially for the enlightenment of those who have left the Kanaras and are staying mostly outside the two districts, particularly in Bombay.

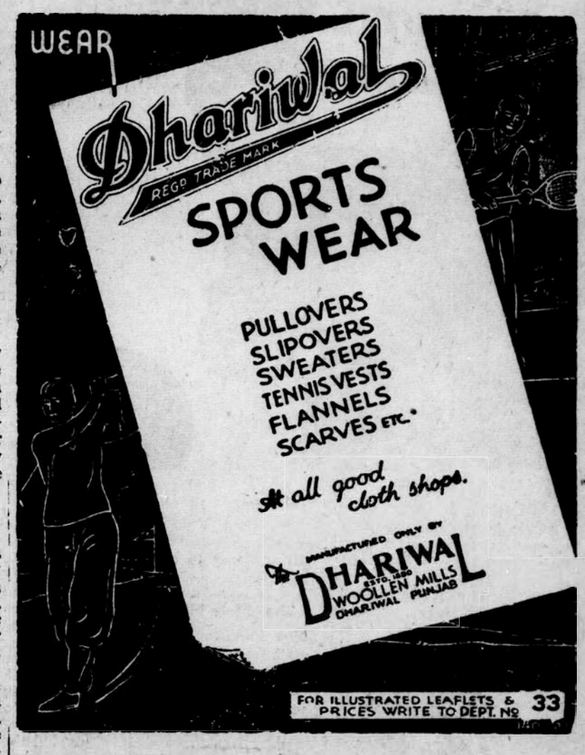
Class For Persons Interested In Mango Cultivation

Mr. J. A. Ali, the President of the District Local Board (B.S.D.) Andheri, write:—

I propose to hold a class of such persons interested in mango cultivation from 1st to 8th February 1939 at D.L.B. office, Andheri, and the neighbouring gardens. No fees will be charged, but the persons attending the class will have to come at their own expenses including boarding and lodging.

Persons interested should apply to the president for enrolling the names before 30th instant. Accommodation is limited for fifty persons only.

A meeting of the residents of Goras Road Improvement Trust Chawls was held on Wednesday under the auspices of the Independent Labour Party to back the candidature of Mr. Mane who is standing for the municipal election from Kamathipura Ward.



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CONGRESS PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION

Delegates Must Be Allowed To Exercise Their Vote Freely, Says Nariman

(From Our Correspondent)
POONA, Jan. 25.

"The dignified but acute controversy on Congress Presidential election has great constitutional and political significance," says Mr. K. F. Nariman, an ex-Member of the Congress Working Committee in a statement to the Press.

He adds that it is true, as is stated by some members of the Working Committee, that, hitherto President had been a mere ornamental figurehead, symbolising dignity and solidarity of the Congress, but now the question is: Whether time has not come to transfer this "toy" President into a real active executive head of a powerful countrywide mass organisation?

We should not, he says, forget that the Congress is no more a mere propagandist, educative body that it used to be a few years ago.

Its main functions then were to create mass awakening, popular enthusiasm and national sentiments through well-directed, and well-disciplined channels. In such circumstances, Congress President's main functions were to tour round the country, keep up mass spirit and cause countrywide awakening by carrying on intensive educative propaganda.

But Congress, to-day, has passed that demonstrative stage. Now it is an active living political organisation wielding very great real and effective power as an organisational administrative head of the majority of provincial governments in the country.

The last few months' experience has clearly shown that how Congress is in a position to decide momentous issues that vitally affect the day to day administration of provinces. It has become a fountainhead of initiative for new policies, programmes and schemes for legislative measures and administrative ideas.

REVOLUTIONARY CHANGES

In view of such radical revolutionary changes in the organisation is it not befitting that the status and position and powers of the Congress President should also be raised from mere ornamental figurehead and that he be made a real centre of power and initiative in this new order of things in country?"

Mr Nariman further observes "all directions and guidance should formally come from and through the President. Otherwise at times most anomalous situations are created wherein subordinate committee apparently wields larger powers than the President and vital urgent issues are discussed and even decided without any reference to the constitutional head of the organisation.

I hope, therefore, that larger view will be taken of the situation in consonance with the fast changing times so as to make the future President not merely to represent the solidarity and grandeur of the Congress but also make him a living symbol of the Congress—a real non-official political authority higher than any other individual institution in the land. That is the position of the President in all real democratic and Republican States where the President represents the prevailing political ideology and power. We should also move with times and not make much fettish about old conventions and tradition.

LEAVE IT TO DELEGATES

In the course of political evolutions of organisations such important issues are bound to arise particularly when they are being shaped on modern party lines. They must be faced and solved impersonally. I am unconcerned about the big personalities incidentally involved in the controversy. For both of them I have equal respect and reverence. We should only concentrate on vital principles involved."

Concluding Mr. Nariman says "If the Congress constitution gives choice to Delegates to select President, the delegates must be allowed to exercise their vote freely. They should not be fettered and embarrassed on the eve of the election under the guise of canvassing by high and influential quarters. Let us hope that the delegates will assert their rights without fear or favour. Far from being alarmed at the recent developments I for one welcome it as a sign of national awakening and political consciousness in the organisation.

STUDENTS' STRIKE ABANDONED

BENARES: Jan. 26.

Following the resignation of the Headmaster of the Benares University's Central Hindu School and the removal of the Housemaster, the three students who had been on hunger-strike at the Vice-Chancellor's residence for the past one week, abandoned their hunger-strike last night.

The general strike of students also ended.—A.P.

"VISHNU DUTT" NAGAR CONSTRUCTION AT TRIPURI.

Picture shows-Oil-Engines being fitted on the banks of the Narbudda River for pumping water into the "Vishnu Dutt" Nagar during the forthcoming Congress Sessions.

Mahatma's Call To Bardoli Peasants

URGES THEM TO TAKE TO SPINNING WHEEL AS 'ANNAPURNA'

BARDOLI, Jan. 26.

"The step you have taken today to abolish this system ought to have been taken as early as 1922, when you undertook the great fight for the Swaraj of India; but good acts are never too late, and I congratulate you to take the step you have had courage to take to-day."

With these words, Mahatma Gandhi blessed the resolution passed by the Agriculturists and Halis of Bardoli taluka at a meeting consisting of more than ten thousand men and women, in connection with the abolition of the Dublas system.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel who presided over the meeting said that Independence Day could not have been better celebrated.

Those who were out to win independence could not and should not keep others in bondage.

The Sardar further said that the Congress was in power and it was not difficult to have such an immoral system penalised by legislation, but that would not raise either the peasants or the halpatis. The merit lay in performing their duties voluntarily, and so they deserved hearty congratulations.

MAHATMA'S ADVICE.

Gandhiji who came to the meeting as it was in progress addressed the gathering after alluding to the tardy justice meted out by peasants, he said that peasants seemed to him to have struck a good bargain. The decisions of the Committee provide for daily wages of four annas and a half for a man and three annas for women, but he would not be satisfied till all men and women earned eight annas for eight hours' honest work, and he hoped to see his cherished dream fulfilled during his lifetime. He advised the peasants not to remain satisfied with paying stipulated wages, but to see that their collaborators got their due and lived in human comfort.

Gandhiji also suggested that at present agriculture in our country was not able to give full work and enough food and so he called the spinning wheel "annapurna" and both peasants and halpatis would do well to take to it.—A. P.

INDIAN STAGE RENAISSANCE

Shakuntala Paranjape's Exposition

"With the growth of national conciousness, there is a renaissance on the Indian Stage. New modes of thought, new patterns of dramatic representation, are regenerating the Indian drama, which was for long dormant and unprogressive, under classical influence."

"Drama should be a representation of the quintessence of life: without realism, it is apt to be unconvincing, and a distorted caricature of reality. This is the cardinal defect of the modern Indian drama" observed Srimati Shakuntala Paranjape in a lecture at Fadke Wadi on Thursday evening on "European and Indian Dramas"

Making a historical survey of the Indian drama, she said, that Kalidasa, Bhavabhuti and Bhasa, were in their times masters of stage-craft and dramatic art. Some of their works are gems of literary perfection. The love scenes in Shakuntala were the acme of realism and the ineffable sweetness of a woman who grew like a part of nature itself.

But woman in these dramas always fulfilled the subsidiary roles of life, that of a mother, wife, sweetheart, and was always used as a foil for the more comprehensive portrayal of the male characters.

But times have changed, and with it woman. She no longer exists to bring out the glory and the perfection of her male counter-part, but she is a creature with an independent personality, and has to be treated as such, to maintain any resemblance to reality

MISUSE OF MUSIC.

She made reference to current authors in Marathi literature and remarked that even the best of them, failed to realise the primary significance of stage-craft. Their characters talked too much, too often, and not always sensibly. Music was introduced on the flimsiest pretexts, and was to be had at a marriage, a funeral the abdication of a kingdom, or before committing a murder or a suicide. She gave the extreme instance of a burglar operating on a bank to the accompaniment of soulful music. It was not only the principal characters and their subsidiaries, the villains and the professional beggars, who burst into music without any provocation but even the animals often exhibited a dangerous tendency to do the same.

CLASSIC LEGACY.

As for the lighter fare of dramatic art, the farce, and the comedy, they both erred, from extreme dulness to uproarious vulgarity. Authors like Moliere, Wilde and Shaw were nowhere to be found.

Concluding, she said that there was great scope for improvement. The legacy left by the great classical Indian poets and dramatists should be made full use of; on the other hand it would be short-sighted and dangerous to ignore the wealth of English and continental writers of repute, like Shakespeare, Goethe, Schiller and Dante. They also had a wealth of wisdom stored in their works and the whole of humanity could benefit by their perusal.

TEACHERS' FEDERATION

Demand For Provident Fund Scheme

A meeting of the Executive Committee of the Bombay Presidency Secondary Teachers' Federation was held on Wednesday in the Robert Money School, Bombay when Prof. D. R. Gadgil, President of the Federation was nominated as the Federation's Representative on the Board for the reorganisation of Secondary Education which is proposed to be appointed by Government in order to prepare a scheme for the re-organisation of Secondary Education and to convert some of the Government High Schools into Junior Vocational Schools from June next.

The Poona Secondary Teachers' Association was granted affiliation with the Federation. The number of associations affiliated to the Federation is now 10.

The Federation has appointed a deputation to place before the Minister of Education the Teachers' Registration Scheme and some of the resolutions passed at the last Presidency Teachers Conference. The deputation will wait on Mrs. Hansa Mehta, Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister of Education on Monday, February 6. One of the important resolutions to be stressed by the deputationists is regarding the early institution of the Provident Fund Scheme for Secondary Teachers as a grant of Rs. 10,000 has already been sanctioned by Government for the same.

WOMEN'S HANDICRAFTS

Exhibition Opens On Feb. 8 At Town Hall

Under the auspices of the Bombay Presidency Women's Council an exhibition and sale of women's work will be held in the Town Hall at the time of the annual meeting and conference of the Council.

All sorts of articles needlework, embroidery, handicrafts of different kinds manufactured by women in institutions or privately will be received for exhibition and sale.

Rules for exhibitors and forms of admission may be obtained from the Hon. Secretary, the Exhibition Committee, Women's Home Industries Depot at Dhunraj Mahal, Apollo Pier Road, Bombay.

The Exhibition will be opened on February 8th, at 4-30 p.m., when members of the Women's Council delegates and visitors to the Conference will be admitted. The Exhibition will then be open to the public on the 9th and 10th from 3 to 7 p.m., and on the 11th and 12th from 10 a.m. until 7 p.m.

In addition to the attractions of last year, special features this year will be designed for children. Lucky dips and variety entertainments are being planned.

A Tea Stall will also be maintained where visitors to the exhibition may have tea and other refreshments.

Farrukabad's Delegates To Tripuri Session

(From Our Correspondent)
FATEHGARH, Jan. 24.

The President District Congress Committee Farrukhabad has sent the following complete list of the delegates to the Tripuri Congress duly elected from the urban and rural constituencies of this district for publication:—

URBAN:—1. Mr. Kali Charan Tandon 2. Mr. Ale Nabi 3. Pt. Ram Krishna Saraswat.

RURAL:—1. Mr. Sube Dar Singh Yadav 2. Th. Raghunandan Singh 3. L. Pyare Lal Sarraf 4. Mr. M. A. Jalil Khan. 5. Pr. Bishun Dayal Paliwal, 6. Mr. Gulzari Lal Katyar. 7. Mr. Ram Narain Azad. 8. Dr. Sia Ram Gangwar.

The election of the ninth delegate from No 6 Rural Constituency has been stayed on account of some alleged unfair means alleged to have been used by some candidates in the course of canvassing

An Inquiry Committee is being set up by the District Congress Council to inquire into the complaints.

Ghaus Mohamed Extended By Iftekhar Ahmed

ALL-INDIA TENNIS CHAMPIONSHIPS

With the approach of the end of the All-India Tennis Championships being played at the Cricket Club of India, the standard of the game, as usual, has become of a high order and the matches played these days are well worth watching.

The match between Ghaus Mohamed and Iftekhar Ahmed in the Men's Singles was the centre of attraction earlier in the afternoon in Thursday's programme. The players made a good match of it and on the run of play the Punjab player deserves credit for his performance—second time he succeeded in not only taking a set off India's No. 1 but extending him to some extent also. Things appeared difficult for Ghaus Mohamed when after being one set all, Iftekhar Ahmed led by (3—0) in the final set. Thereafter Ghaus regained his lost ground and won the next six games in a row to win the match.

T. Ramanathan had little difficulty in eliminating Y. R. Savur, whom the Madras player beat in straight sets of (6—2), (6—4).

BARKAR BEATS DEO

C. Barkar of Bangalore qualified for the Semi-Final round by defeating M. V. Deo in a three-sets match, the score being (6—4) (4—6), (6—3).

The following are the complete results of the matches played on Thursday:

Results

MEN'S SINGLES

Ghaus Mohamed beat Iftekhar Ahmed (6—4), (3—6), (6—3).

T. Ramanathan beat Y. R. Savur (6—2), (6—4).

E. V. Bobb w.o. M. V. Bobbjee.

C. Barker beat M. V. Deo (6—4), (4—6), (6—3).

WOMEN'S SINGLES

Miss L. Row vs. Miss Woodbridge (6—3), (7—9) (unfinished).

Miss A. G. Curtis beat Miss Harvey-Johnstone (6—3), (6—4).

MIXED DOUBLES

Miss A. G. Curtis and L. Brooke-Edwards beat Miss Harvey-Johnstone and Iftekhar Ahmed (6—3), (6—4).

Miss M. Woodcock and N. Krisnaswami beat Miss M. H. Dinshaw and Ghaus Mohamed (6—2), (6—3).

Mrs. R. L. Footit and J. M. Mehta w.o. Miss P. G. Dinshaw and M. V. Bobbjee.

Mrs. J. E. Tew and Mr. Tew beat Mrs. P. S. Williams and R. C. Summerhayes (4—6), (6—4), (6—2).

PROFESSIONAL SINGLES

Murad Khan beat Alla Baksh (6—2), (6—0).

Ram Sevak w.o. Nawab Din.

PROFESSIONAL DOUBLES

Lanla and Boodhu Kishan w.o. L. R. Shinde and M. E. Telegu.

Allah Baksh and Nawab Din beat Aiyas and Rahamtullah (6—2), (4—6), (6—1).

Tamas Khan and Murad Khan w.o. Elyas and partner.

Siraj-ul-Haq and Aziz-ul-Haq w.o. Umar Din and Sakaram Yeshwant.

Ram Sevak and Sarjoo Pershad beat Sakaram Deojee and Kassam (6—2), (6—1).

To-day's Matches

MORNING.

Court No. 2

Sahebdin and Rauf Khan v. Allahbuksh and Nawab Din.

EVENING

Centre Court

Siraj-ul-Haq and Aziz-ul-Haq v. Allahabuksh and Nawab Din. Sahebdin and Rauf Khan.

T. K. Ramanathan v. C. Barker.

Court No. 2

Miss M. Woodcock and N. Krishnaswami v. Miss A. G. Curtis and L. Brooke-Edwards.

Court No. 3

Ghaus Mohmad v. E. V. Bobb.

Miss L. Row v. Miss L. Woodbridge.

Court No. 4

Mrs. Tew and J. E. Tew v. Mrs. Footit and J. M. Mehta.

Court No. 5

Ram Sevak v. Murad Khan.

Tamashkhan and Muradkhan v. Ramsevak and Sarju Prasad.

First Available Court

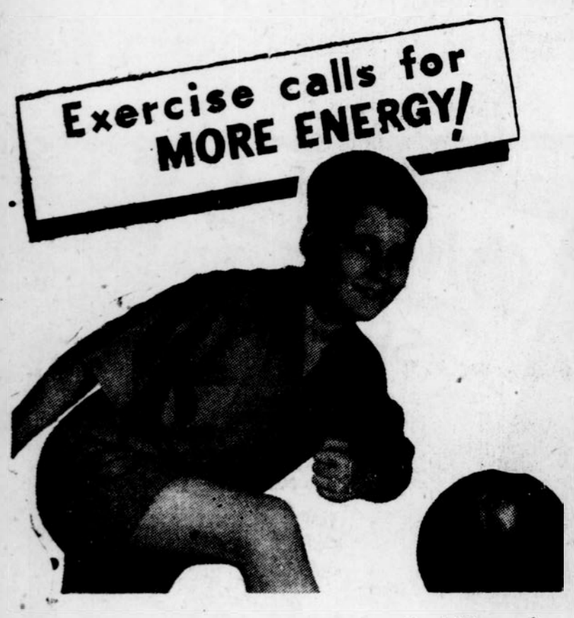
Miss L. Row and Miss M. H. Dinshaw v. Mrs. Footit and Miss Woodbridge.

Miss A. G. Curtis and Mrs. J. E. Tew v. Miss Harvey-Johnstone and Mrs. Bell.

HARRIS CRICKET SHIELD

Anjuman-i-Islam High School Retain Trophy

The Anjuman-I-Islam High School, holders of the Harris Cricket Shield, retained the trophy by defeating Robert Money High School by the big margin of 9 wickets at the Brabourne Stadium, on Wednesday.



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THE 100% SUPER CAR TYRE

Rousing Reception To Meherally

Cutch Parishad President's Tour Puts New Life In Abdasa Taluka

(From A Correspondent)
BHUJ, Jan. 24.

Mr. Yusuf Meherally, President, Cutchi Prajakiya Parishad, returned to Mandvi to-day after a hurricane tour of Abdasa Taluka. Looking tired and ill he was surrounded by Parishad workers, who anxiously enquired about his health. After hours of discussion the party left for Bhuj where a meeting of the Executive Committee will be held to-night.

ROUSING RECEPTION

Rousing reception was given to him everywhere. Meetings looked more like conferences for peasants collected from all surrounding villages. At Nalia thousands had collected. After the meeting Mr. Meherally received 22 separate deputations from as many villages, assuring support to the Parishad and putting forward their grievances. Peasant deputations kept coming practically the whole of the night.

Early in the morning the President and party motored to Jakhau and were taken out in a procession, which terminated in a meeting for which a special Shamiana was erected. Mr. Kripal Jiwani Abdasa, a local leader, presided. In a stirring speech Mr. Meherally appealed to the people to prepare for grim struggle ahead. "Peace and war hang in the balance. I ask you to prepare for your war of deliverance".

Later Mr. Meherally received prominent citizens at his residence which included a deputation of local merchants from Jakhau.

"BE READY FOR ALL EVENTUALITIES"

The next place he visited was Tera where a huge crowd had gathered outside the city gates amidst scenes of extraordinary enthusiasm. Mr. Meherally exhorted the people to be ready for all eventualities. The third meeting of the day was at Bita. The President's procession terminated in a crowded meeting. Local leaders, Messrs. Chandra Shanker Pandya, Hiralal Mehta and others later met the President and expressed their readiness not to attend courts on January 26, when complete hartal will be observed all over Cutch.

The next halting place was Vinzan where amidst scenes of medieaval grandeur Mr. Meherally was escorted to a charriot by womanfolk of the town. A huge procession followed. People from 12 surrounding villages had gathered for the meeting. Subsequently Prince of Vinzan gave a tea party in his palace.

Mr. Meherally later met local Muslims and merchants who expressed solidarity.

WOMEN TO THE FORE

The party halted for the night at Dumra where in the procession, a large number of women, participated and welcomed the President with special songs. A meet was held under same Baniyan tree, where Gandhiji spoke in 1924. People from scores of villages collected for a meeting to take the vow to support the Parishad.

Despite ill-health and fatigue Mr. Meherally patiently received deputations till late hour.

Early next morning the party visited Naranpur. Here a procession was followed by a huge meeting. Afterwards Mr. Meherally investigated complaints of the police harassments.

The tour lasted four days covering 27 centres on roads so bad that motors had seldom crossed them before. A new Ford X-3 often made not more than 10 miles an hour. At the end of the tour Mr. Meherally looked quite ill and worn out.

NEW LIFE IN ABDASA

Abdasa is throbbing with new life after the President's visit and will give a fine account of itself in the coming struggle stated Mr. Kripal Jiwani, Abdasa leader, who toured with the President and returned to Bhuj for the Parishad Executive Committee meeting.

Rousing Reception To Bombay Women Volunteers

(From A Correspondent)
BHUJ, Jan. 25.

Parishad Executive met here last night and it is understood plans for the coming struggle were discussed and finally settled. The Committee has decided to picket houses of all local pleaders to-morrow as it is reported some might attend courts.

ROUSING WELCOME

The first batch of Bombay women volunteers reached Mandvi to-day and were given rousing welcome. They were taken in a procession through main streets of the city. All reach Bhuj to-night and the first duty to be given to them will be this picketing. More local women volunteers will also join them.

LAWYERS WHO TOOK PART IN HYDERABAD CONGRESS ACTIVITIES

Question Of Withdrawal Of Sanads Being Decided By High Court Judges

HYDERABAD, (Dn.), (By Mail.)

An Administrative Bench of three High Court Judges, consisting of Nawab Jivan Yar Jung Bahadur, Dr. Nazir Yar Jung Bahadur and Nawab Asghar Yar Jung Bahadur, began to-day hearing arguments arising out of the notices served on Mr. Govind Rao Nanal, Mr. Janardhan Rao Desai and Mr. Srinivas Rao Borkar, three High Court lawyers, to show cause why their Sanads should not be withdrawn on account of their participation in the activities of the Hyderabad State Congress.

Dewan Bahadur S. Aravamudu Ayyangar assisted by Pandit Gopal Rao, Mr. B. Ramakrishna Rao and others appeared for the respondents while Mr. Syed Taqi Bilgrami appeared for the Government.

In response to the notice the respondents filed written statements through their Counsel in the course of which they urged that they had not participated in the State Congress after it was declared illegal and that they were convicted for alleged breach of the Public Meeting Rules, which conviction did not come within the purview of the Hyderabad Legal Practitioners Act. They further submitted that whatever their alleged offence, they had been punished for it and that the present proceedings against them were tantamount to a second trial for the same offence.

ARGUMENTS FOR RESPONDENTS

When arguments were opened before a Special Bench of the administrative side of the High Court, Dewan Bahadur Aravamudu Ayyengar, for the respondents, contended that Sections 12 and 13 of the Legal Practitioners Act of British India are equivalent to Sections 16 and 17 of the corresponding local Act. According to these Sections the High Court on its own initiative or on a motion of any other Court, has the power to dismiss or suspend persons convicted of any criminal offence implying defect of character which unfits him to be a Pleader. The first question was whether the respondents could be regarded as having committed (1) a criminal offence and (2) whether if it is a criminal offence, (a) whether it is one implying defect of character, (b) which unfits him to be a Pleader.

Mr. Ayyengar contended that the charge against the respondents was an offence but not a criminal offence and quoted authority in support.

Counsel then raised the issue of jurisdiction. He said that under the Charter of the High Court, the High Court could correctly take proceedings against the respondents on its own initiative if the respondents had been convicted under a legislative enactment. In fact the respondents were convicted under the rules relating to Public Meetings which were promulgated by a Firman of His Exalted Highness but which had not been enacted into law by the Legislature as required by Section 16 of the Charter of the Hyderabad High Court in which His Exalted Highness has himself exempted orders issued under Firmans which have not been passed into law from the operations of the Charter.

WAS IT CRIMINAL OFFENCE?

Continuing, the Dewan Bahadur examined the question whether the offence for which the respondents were convicted was criminal or not. He pointed out that Section 6 of the Public Meetings Rules does not make this offence punishable under Section 164 of the local Penal Code which correspond to Section 188 of the British India Penal Code. That was an important circumstance. The Section only makes the punishment for this offence the one prescribed under Section 164, Asafia Penal Code.

Counsel next quoted authorities to show that the offence alleged against the respondents did not imply a defect of character nor did it unfit them to be Pleaders. In an identical case in Patna arising out of the Civil Disobedience Movement, it was held that such an offence in the eyes of the law, does not involve moral turpitude.

Further hearing was adjourned.
—A.P.

TENSION IN HYDERABAD

Sequel To Inscriptions On Walls: Nine Arrested

HYDERABAD (Dn.) Jan. 25.

Four mosques and the compound walls of the Abid Road Gun Foundry in Hyderguda and three adjacent localities were discovered this morning defaced with charcoal and coloured chalk inscriptions alleged to be derogatory to Islam.

Reports of this, which was presumably committed in the course of the night, created a considerable stir in the localities, but police as well as Muslim leaders promptly proceeded to the scene and effaced the inscriptions, after photographing them and pacified the Muslim residents of the localities.

In view of this incident, tension prevails but police are alert and are investigating the authorship of the inscriptions.

NINE ARRESTED

Nine Hindus suspected of preparing to stage Satyagraha this morning on behalf of the Arya Samaj were taken into custody in Kotla Akbarjah last night.—A. P.

MAHARAO BACK FROM JAMNAGAR

(From Our Correspondent)
BHUJ, Jan. 25.

H. H. the Maharao of Cutch, who had been to Jamnagar returned here yesterday after spending a day at Anjar. His visit to Jamnagar, it is said, was to meet Mr. Merwanji, Dewan of Jamnagar, to seek his advice on the present impasse in the State. As Mr. Merwanji is considered the oldest and ablest Dewan in the whole of Kathiawar.

Mr. Merwanji's recent visit to Bhuj was also, it is said, in this connection.

The other version says that the Maharao had gone to Rajkot to meet the Political Agent, Mr. Gibson on an urgent call.

Effective liquor picketing is going on peacefully and will be intensified.

REPRESSIVE POLICY IN JAIPUR

Marwar-Lok-Parishad Condemns Ban On Jamnalal

(From Our Correspondent)
JODHPUR (By Mail).

Last evening a general meeting of the Marwar-Lok-Parishad was held in the local office of the Parishad to consider the resignations of Sjt. Ranchoor Das Gattani and Sjt. Narsingh Das Lunkar, the President and a member of the Working Committee of the Lok-Parishad respectively. Sjt. Ranchoor Das Gattani was in the chair. First of all some condolence resolutions were passed and a resolution condemning the repressive policy of the Jaipur Government in connection with the imposing of the ban on the entry of Seth Jamnalal Bajaj. After this the resignations of the aforesaid persons was discussed and after a hot discussion the same were accepted unanimously.

A.I.S.P. CONFERENCE

The Rajputana Provincial Secretary of the All-India States' People's Conference has issued a circular by which he draws the attention of the affiliated Praja Mandals and individual members of the same towards the coming session of the A. I. S. P. Conference which is to be held at Ludhiana on 15th February '39 under the presidentship of Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru.

WARD-SYSTEM ELECTIONS

A meeting of the Oswal Singh Sabha was held to discuss the Jodhpur Municipal affairs, and the position of the members, and after a hot discussion of five hours, it passed a resolution unanimously supporting the ex-members and the demand of the deputation and the Marwar-Lok-Parishad in connection with the Ward-System elections.

BABY WEEK EXHIBITION AT KALYAN

(From Our Corresponding
KALYAN, Jan. 26.

The Baby Week and Health Exhibition organised by Dr. G. G. Raikar of the Manubala Moghe Maternity Home, Kalyan, was inaugurated here yesterday by Khan Bahadur Mohiuddin, Bhiwandi Prant. Mr. T. A. Faroki, Personal Assistant to the Collector of Thana was in the chair. A large number of 'elite' of the town attended.

The week provides a varied programme of lectures by Dr. Mrs. Kamaladevi Pradhan of Thana, Dr. Miss Shanta Saptarshi, F.R.C.S. and Dr. K. S. Mhaskar of Bombay and local doctors. School-children are being treated to free cinema shows on baby welfare and maternity subjects. Early in the morning yesterday a huge procession of children was taken out through the principal streets of the town.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Situation In Baroda

To The Editor of The "Chronicle"

Sir,—The brave soul of Shivaji and the patriotic soul of Tilak must have quaked with anger and pain when some supposedly patriotic Marathas disturbed a mammoth and enthusiastic meeting of Barodians gathered to hear the address of Sardar Vallabhbhai by throwing stones at ladies, cutting electric connections, and doing a lot of damage. Owing to this absurd and dastardly attack, the meeting had to be dispersed, and people had to go back with bitter disappointment.

As a true-born Maratha, I wish to question the justice, the propriety and the wisdom of the cowardly act perpetrated by my own compatriots. Can deliberate and unreasonable hooliganism be just proper and wise? What was there in the meeting that a bunch of a brave race should stoop so low as to resort to ugly means of breaking it up? I daresay, the Maharashtrians who threw stones and behaved in a deplorable manner, have shown themselves to be of a narrow, crooked and mischievous character. They have thus rendered a tremendous disservice to their own country, the historically brave and patriotic Maharashtra. Again, they have created a definite division between Gujaratis and Maharashtrians, a fact of stupendous political import, and one which is ultimately bound to be detrimental to the interests of the Maharashtrians. Split and division—that is the curse of India. I blush to see that my compatriots are encouraging it.

The Baroda police seem to have been unable to manage the situation, much less to save it. That certainly reflects no credit on their part.

I pray to my Maharashtrian brothers to play a nobler, juster, more reasonable part in the struggle of the people of Baroda for responsible government. I want them to remember that Gujarat is their home and that they are eating the bread of Gujarat.—Yours, etc.,

B. G. GOREGAONKAR.
Bejwada, Baroda: Jan. 21.

II

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The meeting arranged at Alkapuri was held at 4 p.m. on the 21st and was attended by about a lakh of people.

The Maratha gangs wanted to break up this meeting also but failed owing to the order of the District Magistrate banning carrying of sticks or weapons into the meeting place, the elaborate volunteer arrangements and police cordons. However, stones were thrown while the meeting was going on and after it was over. The dispersing crowds were injured by showers of stones and lathis. In some places these Marathas were opposed and there were clashes. Two deaths are reported as a result of these disturbances, the number of injured being numerous.

The reference, in the pamphlets originating this plot against Sardar, to Dr. Khare, leads one to believe that this hostility towards him was due to jealousy and meanness. He was, however, too great a man for these gangs of ruffians and left Baroda with honour and glory.

When some years back some Muslims threw stones at Shivaji procession here which was attended by some State officials, in large number of Mahomedans were soon after the occurrence, put under arrest and the jail was opened at night against the usual rule. Many of these had to be discharged for want of any case against them.

This time criminal assaults and incendiarism were allowed without any person being put under arrest though in many cases arrests could have been easily made.

To-day the situation was again worse as the body of a deceased Maratha was to be taken in procession through the main streets although not in the usual way of the cremation ground. The only hope was that the Dewan had returned to Baroda. But about 8-30 a.m. the vegetable shops at Khanderao market were looted and many persons forced to give up their khaddar caps. On the previous day also many people were forced to give up their khaddar caps. Many shops in the town were soon closed and reports of disturbances soon spread like wild fire. While the procession was passing many people were mercilessly beaten. Dewansaheb was informed and met by the Nagarsheth and leaders of Praja Mandal. He gave assurances to restore peaceful conditions. The [illegible] has been cleared and moving about in the main thoroughfares.—Yours, etc.,

A CITIZEN.

Jan. 22.

An Appeal To Hakims

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—In connection with their rural scheme, the Congress Provincial Government of Bombay have divided all the districts into two hundred circles in which Hakims, Vaids and Allopathic Practitioners will be appointed according to the recommendations of the local District Boards.

The Government had invited the rural areas and District Boards to communicate their choice of the particular class of the medical practitioners whom they would desire to have in their area. The replies received by the Government appear to indicate that the number of the Unani Hakims asked for is deplorably small, viz. five. Though the Government is prepared to give to the Unani Hakims their due share in this scheme, yet so long as the local Boards do not ask for Hakims the Government cannot be expected to take any step against the public demand.

The Vaids, on the other hand, fully alive to the importance of the occasion for their profession, mustered up their resources and by a systematic and organized propaganda for six months caused as many as 100 demands for Vaids to be sent to the Government from various parts of the country. In these circumstances, if our indifference and apathy towards our own interests continues, it is not difficult to say what will be the fate of the Unani system in the Bombay Presidency.

We do not argue that the due share of the Vaids should be denied to them; nor do we advocate a curtailment of that share. Our contention is that the share of the Unani System should not be curtailed to the extent that its very existence may be jeopardized.

The Unani System claims that the Hindus have and are being benefited by it more than the Muslims. The very existence of the Unani System in exceedingly adverse circumstances is a proof of its popularity and great advantage over all other systems of medicines.

I, therefore, earnestly request the members of all District Boards generally, and the members of the Muslim Wards particularly, that they should cause as many demands as possible to be sent to Government for Hakims for their areas and thus earn the gratitude of the Unani System and of our Association.

I, therefore, call upon all my professional brethren that they should go ahead, unite for the common cause and make a serious endeavour for our professional existence, before the decisions of the Government appear in a practical form when any amount of sorrow and agitation will be of little avail. If our personal differences are removed at once, we could still hope to get our due share from the Government.—Yours, etc.

RASHID AHMAD KHAN.
SHIFA-ul-MULK,
President Association of Unani Hakims,
Bombay Presidency.

Election Propaganda In Schools?

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—It is a part of discipline in Municipal schools that the teachers should not take active part in canvassing votes for candidates in Municipal elections. I understand departmental orders have been repeatedly issued in this connection. Unfortunately these orders are flouted but one could never conceive that in Madanpura schools this breach of discipline will take such ugly form. The teachers both male and female, are openly going about carrying on election campaign for Muslim League candidates and specially for Mrs. Khadiji Shafi Tayebji. Instead of teaching they are giving lessons of demonstration against Congress and in support of League.

As there is a large section in Madanpura against Muslim League also a counter demonstration in front of Municipal Schools was planned yesterday which I stopped to avoid ugly incidents that might adversely affect children's education.

Since Mrs. Shafi has come into the field as a candidate lady teachers are canvassing votes for her and I am reliably informed that even in class rooms election and vote is their favourite topic.

I hope that the Municipal authorities will take immediate action to stop this indiscipline.—Yours, etc.,

ALI BAHADUR KHAN.

Jan. 25.

Why Not Hubli-Karwar Railway?

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—The recent report, that a paper factory will shortly be started at Karwar awakes me to suggest the building of a railway between Hubli and Karwar and the development of Karwar into a port.

This scheme has great possibilities. Hubli is a collecting and distributing centre of Up-Ghat Karnatak and a big railway junction of the M. S. M. Railway, and already has a brisk trade with Kanara and other parts. Karwar could be the collecting and distributing centre of Kanara and an outlet for the produce of both these parts of Karnatak.

(1) The railway would facilitate this and would thus lead to the development of agriculture and industry in Kanara and Up-Ghat Karnatak.

(2) It would facilitate exploitation of the rich forests through which it will have to pass.

(3) It might lead to the development of industries requiring this produce of the forests.

(4) It would be a boon to sportsmen and shikar-lovers.

(5) It might facilitate prospecting for minerals in the Western Ghats.

(6) Karnatak would become independent of Bombay for an approach to the sea, and the trade of the whole world.

Karwar is a good harbour and the distance between Hubli and Karwar is only about a hundred miles.—Yours, etc

K. V. GULWADI.

GANDHIJI'S BUST AT TRIPURI

JUBBULPORE, Jan. 25.

It is proposed to erect a seventy-five feet high bust of Gandhiji on the cliffs of the Ramnagar Hill which overlooks Vishnudatt Nagar, the site for the 52nd session of the All-India National Congress.

The Statue will probably be cast in concrete and is expected to cost about Rs. 25,000 of which Rs. 15,000 will be paid by a Bombay Association and the remaining Rs 10,000 will be paid by the Congress Reception through various donors.—A.P.

SUBHAS BOSE'S REPLY TO VICEROY

Call To Fight Federation To Finish Is His Independence Day Message

CALCUTTA, Jan. 26.

"It would be a crime to compromise with the British Government over Federation," said Rashtrapati Bose presiding over a mammoth meeting at the Shraddhanand Park this evening in observance of the Independence Day.

Continuing he said, "The Viceroy has just told us that he was determined to inaugurate Federation at an early date.

"Let me respectfully tell His Excellency that we are equally determined to resist Federation. I may go further and say, that inspite of all that official spokesmen might say, it is impossible for the British Government to impose Federation, as long as the Congress remains united on this issue.

"To me, the real problem is what we shall do, if the British Government quietly shelve the Federal scheme for a number of years. Shall we remain passive and indifferent? Or, shall we take the offensive and present the British Government with our national demand to be fulfilled within a definite period of time?

"The answer to this question should be furnished by the Tripuri Congress. As far as I have been able to think, it would be well for the Tripuri Congress to pass only one resolution, namely, "Our National Demand." We could thereafter disperse, with a view to putting our house in order, so that we may be able to face the coming events.

"Speaking as a realist, I may say that we can win Swaraj within 18 months, if only we play our cards well.

"It will be a crime against our country, if we fail to make the fullest use of the international situation."—United Press.

INDEPENDENCE DAY IN CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, Jan. 26.

Congress flags were hoisted in different parks and over public institutions and private buildings in various quarters of the city and over buildings of Indian-owned newspaper offices this morning in observance of "Independence Day".

The "Independence Pledge" of the Congress was reiterated on the occasion everywhere, amidst shouts of "Bandemataram."

A feature of the ceremony was a milelong procession of carters parading the main thoroughfares of the northern part of the city in bullock-carts decorated with Congress and labour flags.—A. P.

CELEBRATIONS IN DELHI

Mrs. Naidu's Clarion Call

NEW DELHI, Jan. 26.

"No power on earth can enforce Federation upon India, if the Hindus and the Mahomedans combine their hands and declare that they will accept only a constitution devised by Indians themselves," declared Mrs. Sarojini Naidu while hoisting the National Flag in the Gandhi Grounds on the occasion of the Independence Day celebrations to-day.

Mrs. Naidu continued, "The 'basant' season is on and it gives us new life. So, on this occasion let us reiterate our pledge which will give new life in our struggle for the achievement of freedom."

Explaining the significance of the flag, she said that it symbolised the nation's struggle for independence for the attainment of which thousands had laid down their lives under this banner. She added, "When I went to New York to attend the Peace Conference, I found 52 flags representing 52 nations flying there, but no flag for India was to be sighted. I however, told them that unless the Indian flag was there, the purpose of the conference would not be fulfilled."

Concluding she exhorted the audience to uphold the honour of the flag.

Maulana Nuruddin Bihari, President of the Delhi Congress Committee, who presided over the function read the Independence Pledge to the audience who reiterated it.

COLLEGES CLOSED.

Most of the educational institutions remained closed to-day on account of the Independence Day.

The Hindu College and the Commercial College which were open had to close down as the result of picketing.—United Press.

BAJAJ ON JAIPUR BAN

WARDHAGANJ, Jan. 26.

Municipal schools and offices were closed in view of Indepence Day. A procession was taken out in the evening and later Seth Jamnalal Bajaj presided over a public meeting at which the Independence Pledge was read and repeated by the audience. At another meeting organized by the Taluk Congress Committee Seth Jamnalal Bajaj was garlanded by various institutions after which speakers explained the Jaipur situation and its importance and wished him success in his mission.

BAJAJ OPTIMISTIC.

Replying, Seth Jamnalal Bajaj said: "I fully realize the difficulties and obstacles that may be created by the Jaipur Durbar, but I hope to overcome them with your help and sympathy. The State authorities have prevented me and the Praja Mandal from carrying on our peaceful activities, but I am confident that the subjects of Jaipur will support us. It may be that the Durbar will suppress the movement. But we must be ready for meeting it with non-violence,—our sheet anchor. We shall boldly face and come out victorious as ours is a righteous and just cause. I appeal to the subjects of Jaipur for supporting us in our fight, which should be fought and won by the State subjects alone. I hope to come back shortly victorious with your blessing".

Seth Jamnalal Bajaj is leaving for Bombay by the night express "en route" to Bardoli, from where he is proceeding to Delhi and thence to Jaipur.—A. P.

FOUR STAGES OF FREEDOM

MADRAS, Jan. 26.

"I envisage four stages in the Indian Nation's struggle for complete independence which is the declared goal of the Indian National Congress and which we have gathered here to-day to reiterate," observed Mr. S. Srinivas Iyengar, ex-president of the Indian National Congress, presiding this evening at a mammoth meeting held in celebration of the Independence Day at the High Court Beach.

Enumerating the stages, he said, "They are: resisting federation as embodied in the India Act 1935, getting the control over Defence and Foreign relations at the Centre, securing the paramountcy for the British Indian Legislature over the Indian states instead of its being vested in the Crown and lastly the achieving of complete freedom.

"In order to achieve this every Indian must not think of the nation as a political concept but as a racial concept."—United Press.

PRINCIPAL ON SIGNIFICANCE OF FLAG

Independence Day Scenes At Jullundur

JULLUNDUR, Jan. 26.

Scenes of excitement were witnessed this morning in the D.A.V. College, Jullundur as the result of the alleged refusal of the Principal of the institution to close the College in observance of Independence Day.

The flag hoisting ceremony was performed in the College premises in the presence of the staff and the students by Mr. Dharm Prakash Datta on behalf of the Jullundur students' Union, College Students' Union, and the Arya Yuvak Sangh.

Principal Mehr Chand, delivered a speech in the course of which he explained the significance of the National flag and exhorted the students to guard its prestige.—A.P

Cuttack Celebration

CUTTACK, Jan. 26.

Independence Day was observed here with an impressive flag salutation ceremony in the morning which was attended by prominent Congressmen and ladies, including the Premier, Hon. Mr. Viswanath Das.

Mr. Harekrishna Mehtab, member of the Congress Working Committee, hoisted the national flag.—United Press.

Nariman's Call To Students

NO FASCISM AND NO FEDERATION

(From Our Correspondent.)

POONA, Jan. 26.

"Independence Day" was observed here to-day with flag salutation, Prabhat Pheris and pledge reading. Students observed complete hartal, and most of educational institutions were deserted. Some of them had voluntarily declared a holiday. Some held no classes, while the rest which worked were picketed.

Mr. K. F. Nariman addressed the students' rally this afternoon, exhorting them to have "no fascism and no federation". He reminded students that the struggle against federation was lying ahead, and asked them to be prepared to resist it with all their might.

At a public meeting held at Shaniwarwada in the evening, Independence pledge was read.

FIGHT OVER FLAG HOISTING

Mr. K. F. Nariman presided over the annual gathering function of B. J. Medical School to-day. A number of students of the school desired to hoist National Flag on the occasion, but the Superintendent disallowed it. A deadlock ensued as both the students and the Superintendent remained adamant.

Mr. Nariman warned the school authorities, that unless the students were allowed to hoist tricolour, the function would have to be left over. Eventually permission to students was granted, and the function went off smoothly.

"Lokshakti", the Maharashtra Congress organ celebrated its annual day to-day, when people of all shades of public opinion responded to its "pan supari" invitation and wished it success.

Municipal Offices And Schools Close

POONA, Jan. 26.

Municipal offices and Municipal schools and most of the other schools and colleges remained closed to-day in Poona in connection with the "Independence Day," which was observed by taking out Prabhat Pheris in the morning and mass procession in the evening, which terminated at Shaniwarwada in a public meeting at which the Independence pledge was reiterated.—A. P.

CURFEW AT GAYA

Sequel To Clashes

PATNA, Jan. 26.

The riot situation at Gaya town eased by 4 p.m. and no cases of assault has been reported since then, according to official information. There has been no death but 51 persons have been injured, four seriously.

Rioting broke out in four or five different parts of the town in morning, there being seven clashes altogether. A system of motor patrol of the city has been initiated and Curfew Order issued. Additional police from Patna and Ranchi have arrived and the town is now quiet.—A. P.

Curfew Order Promulgated

PATNA, Jan. 26.

Communal rioting occurred today at Gaya in connection with the hoisting of the Congress Flag by the Hindu students on the occasion of Independence Day celebrations.

Stray assaults continued for some time.

The casualties are at present unknown.

Curfew Order has been promulgated and armed police have been rushed from Patna.—A. P.

LATHI CHARGE IN RAWALPINDI

RAWALPINDI, Jan. 26.

About a dozen persons received injuries as a result of the throwing of brickbats at the Islamia High School grounds, where a large crowd had gathered to see the picketing of the school by the Students' Union volunteers. The occasion was the refusal of the school authorities to close the institution in honour of the "Independence Day."

After the flag hoisting ceremony at the Gandhi Mandap and the Town Hall, a huge crowd marched to the Islamia School. When negotiations were in progress between the Management of the School and Congress leaders, a Sikh student went up to the roof of the School to hoist the National Flag. He was assaulted, it is alleged, by some students of the Islamia School, who also snatched away the National Flag. Thereupon the crowd became excited and began to raise cries, when showers of brickbats came pouring in from the roof of the school, as a result of which several persons received injuries. The injured included the senior Vice-President of the Municipal Committee. One of the injured persons is lying in a serious condition in hospital.

Rai Bahadur Izzat Rai, Additional District Magistrate, accompanied by the Superintendent of Police and the City Magistrate, arrived on the spot and instructed the City Inspector of Police to disperse the mob which had assumed a threatening attitude and was throwing stones. A mild lathi charge was made and the crowd melted away.—A. P.

SITUATION IN TRIBAL AREA

Govt.'s Communique On Two Months' Developments

NEW DELHI, Jan. 26.

"In spite of some general improvement in the Tribal situation, conditions remain unsettled and the results of the increased pressure now being exerted on the Tori Khel and the Ahmadzai Waziris of the Bannu border must be awaited," states a Communique issued to-day, which reviews the situation in Waziristan from the beginning of November to the middle of January.

November passed comparatively quietly, the Communique states, owing in part to the advent of winter and the fast of Ramzan. Such hostile activity as took place was confined to guerilla exploits by a few gangs operating under the direction of leaders, who were in close touch with the Faqir of Ipi.

There was a further diminution of hostile activity in December, except for a temporary deterioration in south Waziristan. This area was visited by the Razmak Brigade supported by the Wana Brigade.

In January there has been some increase in guerilla activity and renewed raiding, especially into Dera Ismail Khan District.—A. P.

GIRGAUM CO-OPERATIVE INSTITUTE

A Co-operative Institute has to perform certain functions. An important function is the education of the members in the practice and principles of the movement.

The Girgaum Co-operative Institute in furtherance of this aim holds every year a Co-operative Training class where lectures on Co-operation are delivered in Marathi. The success of these classes has encouraged the committee of the Institute to hold similar classes for Gujarati speaking population of the city. The sub-committee of the above Institute has therefore decided to arrange for these classes which will probably be held in the middle of February 1939. Lectures in the said classes will be delivered by prominent Co-operators on co-operative and allied subjects. The secretaries of all Co-operative Societies are therefore requested to inform their members and arrange to send as many persons as possible to join this class.

This class is open to members as well as to non-members of the Institute, and the Committee would be glad to render all possible assistance to those desiring to join it.

CLASH IN ALLAHABAD

(From Our Correspondent.)

ALLAHABAD, Jan. 26.

Independence Day celebrations at Allahabad resulted in a serious clash between students led by local Congress leaders and a section of the Muslim students and others of Modern High School.

A procession of students from different schools marched to Modern High School which had not been closed for Independence Day, processionists made a demonstration at the school and demanded that it should be closed down.

It is stated that Mr. Ghosh, headmaster of the school declined to close the school. Serious fracas ensued between the processionists and a section of students of Modern School.

It is reported that lathis, brickbats and knives were hurled all round.

Nearly 90 students received minor injuries, and 25 somewhat serious.

Police reached the spot somewhat late. It is said that a stone struck the hat of the City Magistrate, narrowly missing him. The trouble is reported to have lasted for nearly half an hour. Windows, glass panes and furniture were smashed in the melee.

Armed police guards have been posted at strategic points in city. In the evening a meeting was held in Purushottamdas Park, where the Independence Pledge was read.

WARNING TO CIVIC VOTERS

Lying Propaganda Against Congress Candidates Exposed

The General Secretaries of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee have issued the following statement on the question of rent control:—

Several non-Congress candidates who are contesting the ensuing Municipal elections are reported to be doing a misleading propaganda among the voters, alleging that the Congress is not serious about the question of rent control. The usual stock arguments against the Congress are:

(1) That the Rent Enquiry Committee are purposely delaying their report because they do not believe in rent reduction, and

(2) That Congressmen in the present Corporation voted against the rent reduction when the question was discussed a few weeks back.

"UTTERLY FALSE"

Both these charges are utterly false and grossly misleading. But for the dilatory tactics of certain friends in the Legislative Assembly on the Industrial Disputes Bill, the last session of the Assembly could have been finished much earlier and in that case the report of the Rent Enquiry Committee could have been published even before the Municipal elections. Four members out of seven of the Rent Enquiry Committee being members of the Assembly, the oral evidence could not be started until last November and this is the reason why the report could not be ready. There has been no delay in the presentation of the report that could have been avoided.

It is nothing short of a deliberate lie to say that any Corporator belonging to Congress Party voted against rent control or reduction. Enemy Press has done a lot of lying propaganda in this respect. We maintain that the resolution which the Corporation ultimately passed with the votes of Congress Corporators is nothing but rent reduction on a scientific and equitable basis. By a definite resolution the Corporation recommended to the Rent Enquiry Committee that the net return on the investment on property shall not be more than 4 per cent. as the maximum. If this is not rent control and even rent reduction, we fail to understand what these expressions really mean.

WARNING TO VOTERS

We take this opportunity of warning the voters against the questionable tactics of some of the non-Congress candidates, none of whom, severally or jointly, is in a position to deliver the goods whatever may be their tall promises. It is not the Corporation but the Provincial Government which alone can control rents by legislation. Corporation can only recommend and it has done so in very clear and unmistakable terms. We need hardly repeat that Congress Government is fully alive to the keenness of the rent problem in Bombay and is expeditiously proceeding in the right direction.

Congress candidates stand by every word of the Manifesto which, unlike the pompous declarations of non-Congress parties and groups, is seriously meant to be immediately implemented. Congress Party in majority in the Corporation with a Congress Government to back them in the province, can alone solve the rent problem in the City and none else. Let there be no mistake about it.

We have not the least doubt that our voters have enough faith in the Congress and surely enough commonsense to understand who ought to be their representatives in the Corporation.

"A vote to Congress is a vote to rent regulation and rent control on an equitable and scientific basis.

WOMEN SATYAGRAHIS ARRESTED

AJMER, January (By Mail.)

Shrimati Narayanidevi, wife of Sjt. Manikyalal Varma, Secretary Mewar Praja Mandal, accompanied by her daughter Snehlata Devi and Shrimati Bhagwati Devi, wife of Mr. Pyar Chand Bishnoi, a civil resister now in jail, reached Udaipur on Monday morning to offer satyagraha against the ban imposed on the Praja Mandal. They were distributed leaflets in the bazaar and exhorted people to stand by the Praja Mandal. They were then arrested near Kotwali and remanded to local jail.

THE BOMBAY STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

NOTICE

THE PUBLIC ARE HEREBY INFORMED that the Bhavnagar sailing this week has been unavoidably POSTPONED. The Bhavnagar Line steamer will sail on MONDAY, 30th January, 1939, at 9 a.m. instead of Saturday, 28th January, 1939 and is expected to arrive back in Bombay on FRIDAY, 3rd February instead of Thursday as usual. Further, the s.s. "NETRAVATI" leaving Bombay on SUNDAY, 29th January, 1939 for KARACHI and Coast Ports will carry passengers for JAFFRABAD in addition to DIU and NAWABUNDER.

100 Frere Road,
Bombay, 23rd January, 1939.
(Tel. No. 25061).
Prince's Dock Tel. No. 24056.

KILLICK NIXON & CO.,
Agents

"How can I keep my children free from Colds and Coughs?"

ANGIER'S is the answer

Many mothers have a constant fight all through the winter months to prevent their children from catching colds and to keep them free from the infections that are going about.

The surest way to keep a child healthy and robust is to build up his powers of resistance with Angier's Emulsion.

Angier's is endorsed by the medical profession and used in children's hospitals throughout the country. It is a soothing, pleasant emulsion, with unique tonic and building properties.

For colds, coughs, whooping-cough, bronchitis and all chest affections, it is invaluable. If children are weakly and run-down after measles or a fever, Angier's quickly restores strength and hastens recovery. For the child with a poor appetite and weak digestion, Angier's is the ideal tonic because it soothes the digestive tract and helps the digestive process.

Let your child have it regularly; it is unequalled for giving the extra strength and stamina needed at all times.

Used to be a martyr to catarrh

"Dear Sirs: I received the sample of your Emulsion. My boy, aged 5½ years took to it so well that I continued with it and after taking five small bottles and a large one, he is a different boy. Before taking the Angier's he was a martyr to catarrh and never free from colds, but now he is always ready for his meals and never away from school." (Sgd.) (Mrs.) M. Thomson, 2, Henry Place, Edinburgh.

Of all Chemists and Bazars in two sizes.
Angier's Emulsion contains no animal oil, and in its preparation is untouched by hand. It is therefore acceptable to all castes and religions.

For over 50 years Little's Oriental Balm has brought relief to India's millions. Made in India, by Indians, for Indians, this wonderful remedy brings instant relief from Headache, Earache, Toothache, Backache, Strains Sprains and all muscular pains. Thousands have tried it and proved its efficacy. Why not you? Rub in Little's Oriental Balm and you will rub out the pain.

Uplift Of Villages Is Basis Of India's Advance

Revenue Minister On Govt.'s Limitations—Warning To Workers

India as a nation cannot prosper unless the village is revitalised. The progress of a largely agricultural country like India can be measured, only by the prosperity of the country-side.

The villager, is suffering from manifold ills; illiteracy, apathy, and the age-old fear due to the exploitation and tyranny, to which he was exposed in naked helplessness till now.

These were some of the observations made by the Hon. Mr. Morarji Desai, Minister of Revenue, Government of Bombay during the course of a lecture delivered on "Rural Development, the foundation of Social Progress" at the Nagpada Neighbourhood House on Wednesday evening. The lecture was organised under the auspices of the Sir Dorabji Tata Graduate School of Social Work and was the sixth of the series of "The Social Programme of the Government of Bombay".

TURN TO VILLAGES

Speaking in Hindustani, Mr. Desai, said that a country like India with an overwhelming agricultural population, whose prosperity or decay depended almost entirely on the prosperity or decay of its rural populations, could not attain any measure of progress without concentrated effort for the betterment of her peasant populations. India, he declared, rose or fell, to the same extent as her rural population progressed or deteriorated. Her progress, could not be attained so long as the rural areas presented appalling illiteracy and dire poverty.

If workers for social uplift, men of education and progressive ideas, residing in urban areas, had any regard for the emancipation of the country, then their eyes should be set in the direction of the village and not the city.

It was a grim tragedy, Mr. Desai observed, that even the few literate and semi-literate villagers, who had great scope for work in their native surroundings were leaving the rural areas and migrating to the city for none-too-sure advantages.

This was the time when the literate villager should go back to the rural areas from where he had migrated and work for rural uplift. He even advised the educated city-borns to go out into villages and revitalise the country. This, he considered as the "sine qua non", for any rural reconstruction programme. The success of the venture, was solely dependent on the qualities of perseverance, earnestness and capacity for disinterested service of the worker.

A WORD TO WORKERS

The history of independent nations showed that success in any cause was never achieved, unless men and women, specially the literate types, imbued with a high sense of duty, were in the front rank of the struggle, prepared to face even death itself for the fulfilment of their objective.

The country would never benefit by his work if career were the objective of a social worker.

Referring to the present appalling conditions prevalent in the villages, the speaker observed, that it presented a dismal and piteous spectacle. The old panchayat system, which was the bed-rock of village life, and taught the villager lesson in unity and democracy, self-reliance and collective effort, was no more, and nothing had come to replace it. The want of unity and the absence of co-operative efforts, had disintegrated the village life in every manner.

TASK AHEAD

The removal of illiteracy, the revival of the spirit of co-operation, and the destruction of the characteristic apathy and fatalistic attitude of the villager, were some of the problems in which the rural worker could do great and lasting good to the country.

GOVT'S LIMITATIONS

Governmental measures alone, could not solve the problem in its entirety. Though the present Ministry were fully alive to the fact that they were the servants and not the masters of the people, and whatever good could be done was being done, they were aware of their limitations and would be unable to achieve much, if the villagers did not help themselves.

In conclusion, Mr. Desai said, that the villager had awakened from his slumber, and the new spirit sweeping across the land had infected him also.

A large army of selfless and earnest workers was required to exploit the new enthusiasm of the peasants for rural reconstruction activities.

They should be imbued only with a sense of duty and a desire to serve, which alone would bring salvation to India.

"We Must Win And We Will Win"

Spanish People's Resolve To Resist Fascism

(By Tarapada Basu)

PARIS. Jan. 10.

The Italian and the German General Staff have launched a new military offensive prepared for a long time, on the Front of Catalona. The Republican army is resisting heroically the brutal onslaught of the invaders. The Spanish peoples, with a national union Government at their head remain firm and certain that once more the plan of Hitler and Mussolini will be frustrated. This offensive is mainly carried out by regular forces of the Italian army led by Italian officers and provided with abundant war-materials by Italian and German dictators, thanks to the policy of Non-Intervention!

The Spanish peoples denounce the proof of foreign invasion in Spain. While the Spanish Government have withdrawn the genuine international volunteers, the invading Fascism is increasing its troops and war-materials in Spain in order to submit the country to servitude and ensures pressures on strategical points allowing to attack the vital interest of democracies of the world and particularly of France and England.

Danger Of War Increasing

The Non-Intervention policy has shown that instead of localizing the Spanish war by obliging Hitler and Mussolini to withdraw the invading troops and war-materials they have made invasion easier. The danger of universal war has thus increased.

The National Committee of the Spanish People's Front addresses on 30th December, the following manifesto to all Governments and Parliaments and democratic organisations and parties in world and all peace-loving citizens, "In spite of the masses of arms used by the invaders, we are convinced that 'we must win, and we will win,' but in present of such monstrous facts we address all the forces of democracy and peace, men and women of honour in all countries, all those who love progress and liberty; to ask them to unite their efforts and protest against foreign invasion in our country. We appeal to them to act so that their Governments may force Mussolini and Hitler to withdraw the troops and war-materials sent to colonize our country." If this appeal of the Spanish people is effectively heard by the world, the war will be shortened and the lives of thousands of victims will be spared. Lives of women and children falling in the air-raid of the open towns, of the Spaniards fighting on all fronts, of those in Franco territory, because they are compelled to do so, and of those in the Republican army for Independence of the country will be saved!

Friends of democracy within nations and between nations, unite together—join your efforts with the slogan of 'out with non-intervention' and 'out with the Italians and Germans in Spain.'

100 WORKERS ARRESTED

Sec. 144 Promulgated At Balrampur: Sugar Mill Deadlock

LUCKNOW, Jan. 25.

The situation in the local sugar factory took a turn for the worse yesterday when nearly one hundred workers courted arrest, says a message from Balrampur. The authorities have promulgated section 144 Cr. P. C.

Picketing at the factory gates continues.—United Press.

ELDERS PASS DUTY ON WHEAT

Amendments To Income-Tax Bill Carried

NEW DELHI, Jan. 26.

The Council of State passed without a division and without any amendment the Wheat Duty Bill as passed by the Legislative Assembly imposing an import duty of Rs. 1/8 per cwt on foreign wheat.

Mr. N. R. Pillay, Joint Secretary, Commerce Department, moving consideration of the Bill outlined the history of the measure and said that the duty on wheat, which had been abolished in 1937 had to be reimposed last November, because the conditions prevailing in 1932/36 had re-emerged on account of a bumper world crop of wheat and low prices. The effect of the duty which was reimposed in November had been in the slight rise in prices and Government, therefore, felt that the duty was justified.

Mr. R. H. Parker moved an amendment seeking to exempt from the duty consignments of wheat or flour entered inwards at the port of landing in British India before 31st December.

Mr. H. G. Stokes, Mr. Kallikkar and Mr. S. N Mahatta supported the Amendment, while Sir A P. Patro opposed it.

Mr. Pantulu on behalf of the Congress Group stated that they would remain neutral.

The amendment was lost without a division and the Bill was passed.

PATRO ATTACKS CONGRESS

Sir A. P. Patro supporting the Bill said that it was a great achievement. He complimented the Finance Member for his courage and statesmanship in piloting the measure. The Bill, he said, gave considerable relief to the poorer assessees. Turning to the point that the Bill would give more finances to the Provinces, he warned the Finance Minister against giving money to Provinces which were throwing away money on wasteful activities like prohibition. He did not see any reason why funds should be placed at the disposal of such Governments.

A voice: He is indulging in his usual tirade against Congress Governments.

Sir A. P. Patro pointed out that it was not a tirade against anybody. Those who were throwing away revenues voluntarily deserved no consideration. He hoped that the Finance Member would bear this in mind when the question of distributing the new revenues arose.

INCOME-TAX BILL

Mr. Chambers moving the Income-tax Amendment Bill gave a general explanation of the provisions of the Bill. Referring to the provisions to check what had been termed legal avoidances by assessees, he admitted that some of these were complex but he argued, if it caused a headache to tax the dodger and his advisers nobody need be worried.

Another object of the Bill, he said was to make the tax system more equitable. This was achieved by the change from the step system to the slab system. Explaining the difference between the two systems, he pointed out that under the change effected about five-sixth of the assessees from the lower range would be paying less while about one-sixth of the upper range would be paying more. Dealing with the improvements in the incidence of taxation, he brought to the notice of the House the provisions of the Bill regarding carrying forward of losses, depreciation, insurance companies, etc.

COLLECTION MACHINERY

The next important change was in the machinery for assessment and collection. The Present Bill, he said, divided the Assistant Commissioners into two groups according to the functions entrusted to them, namely, appellate and executive functions. All these improvements, he claimed, would not only bring relief to the tax payers but would also result in obtaining more revenue which would be distributed to the Provinces.

Mr. Chambers then explained the principal changes effected in the Assembly. The first of these dealt with the re-opening of assessment which now could be only done by the income-tax officer on the basis of definite information. Secondly, the much apprehended provision for entry into premises has been omitted. The other changes dealt with the settlement clause, the basis of foreign incomes and superannuation funds. Concluding, he claimed that the Bill represented a vast improvement in the existing law and machinery and that it should furnish the foundation to a system which would be as good as in any other country.

After several members had spoken on the Bill, Mr. Ramdas Pantulu congratulated the mover of the Bill for his lucid explanations and the Finance Member for his spirit of accommodation and the Assembly for deleting the provision regarding the right of entry into premises.

One unwelcome feature of the Bill, according to him was that it was an amending Bill and not a consolidating Bill. He also criticised the system of taxation of co-operative societies and pleaded that co-operative societies should be given a special place in the classification of assessees.

The Council then adjourned to to-morrow.

ADJOURNMENT DISALLOWED

Earlier in the sitting, Mr. Pantulu's adjournment motion to discuss the composition and terms of reference of the Sandhurst Committee was disallowed by the president on the ground that it could be raised on a resolution and was not a matter of urgency.—A. P.

Franco-Syrian Relations

New Conventions Will Lead To Closer Alliance

(From Our Correspondent.)

CAIRO (By Air Mail)

Jamil Mardam Bey, the Prime Minister of Syria and the President of the National Syrian Party has arrived in Egypt from Paris on his way back to Damascus. He was accorded a warm reception.

Mardam Bey in an interview declared that he had gone to France in connection with questions arising from the France-Syrian agreement of 1936 and that he had succeeded in reaching an agreement on all points which were defined in the supplementary conventions signed last November. These conventions said Mardam Bey, guarrantee and safeguard the rights of Syria and are not at variance with the interests of France. The mission is now ended and all that remains is for the French Government to ratify the convention.

Mardam Bey added that he could not hide the fact that there were some members of the French Parliament who were not of the same view as the Government, and who consider the new conventions to be a restriction on French influence in Syria. But fortunately there is a large group of French Liberals who believe in the benefits of the Franco-Syrian alliance. He hoped that France would fulfil her promise and recognise that Syria is worthy of taking a position among liberal nations."

EGYPTIAN CONSULATE IN ABYSSINIA

(From Our Correspondent)

CAIRO, (By Air Mail)

It is semi-officially reported here that the Government of Egypt is deciding to cancel the Egyptian Counsulate in Abyssinia, and the Consul there will be recalled. Reasons for the cancellation are not known.

Iranian Nationality In Egyptian Princess

(From Our Correspondent)

CAIRO, (By Air Mail)

By a special decree signed by His Imperial Majesty Reza Shah Pehlvi, and approved by the Iranian Parliament unanimously, Iranian nationality has been granted to Her Royal Highness Princess Foawalah, the Fiancee of the Crown Prince of Iran and sister of His Majesty King Farouk of Egypt.

JUNAGADH BAN ON NEWSPAPERS

(From Our Correspondent).

JUNAGADH: Jan. 26.

The Durbar has issued a notification banning the entry into the State of two papers, viz: "Fulchhab" and "Sandesh." Customs officers have been armed with powers to detain any package suspected to contain the prohibited papers.

Moghul Line And The Hajis

(From A Correspondent).

The last of 'the Hajis' boat "Jehangir" of the Moghul Line left for Jedda on January 16. Many pilgrims were left behind, who had some difficulty or other including passport and monetary. But the officials of the Moghul Line, Messrs. Wiles and Radcliff arranged for the transport of these, some were repatriated to their homes also at Mr. Radcliff's expense. He is Chairman of the Directorate.

Travancore National Bank

TRIVANDRUM, Jan. 26.

The District Judge of Quilon, on Tuesday, rejected a scheme for reconstruction of the Travancore National and Quilon Bank Ltd. (now in liquidation).—A P

DEMAND FOR NEW ARAB STATE

Arab Centre's Statement To War Office

LONDON, (By Mail.)

The Arab Centre in London has directed its reply to the British War Office statement published in London on Tuesday January 10 on the behaviour of British troops in Palestine to the Prime Minister himself, and has asked for a Parliamentary Committee to inquire into the whole matter.

The Arabs assert that they have ample evidence which they are ready to produce, showing that reprehensible acts have been committed. They accuse also the Jewish supernumerary police.

Meanwhile, I understand that an entirely new plan, credited to British authorship, is being discussed in certain interested circles, and it is suggested that one or other of the Arab States represented at the forthcoming conference might be asked to put it forward during the sessions.

In broad outline, I am told, the plan would create a new Arab State stretching from the Turkish frontier to the Red Sea and including Transjordania and a large part of Syria. This, it is suggested, would be under the rule of the Empire of Transjordania. Lebanon, with Beirut, remaining, however, under French guidance. Turkey would possibly receive some part of the north of Syria. Over the new Arab State there would be a British mandate for a comparatively short period of years.

However, in certain circles, it is suspected that the real authorship of this plan goes to Dr. Weizmann, the chief of the Zionist movement. They say that he drafted the plan about three months ago and showed it to the British, who viewed it with favour. He showed it to the Emir Abdullah, who liked it immensely. Then it was passed to the Jews, who liked it quite as much because, if it were adopted, they would get an increase of about one million immigrants. The French were lukewarm and still are, though their objections are not insuperable. A Jew who is said to be in close touch with the Turks obtained provisional acceptance from the Angora Cabinet, but the Palestine Arabs will not look at it even out of sheer curiosity.

PROHIBITION IN ORISSA

Congress Ministry's Plans

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Hon. Mr. Nityanand Kanungo, Minister for Industries, Orissa, who left for Bardoli on Monday to discuss problems pertaining to Orissa States with Mahatma Gandhi returned to Bombay this morning.

Questioned regarding his views on the National Planning Committee Mr. Kanungo said that in bringing such a Committee into being, the Conference of Industries Ministers concerned at Delhi in September last, had taken a great step that would definitely bring about industrial regeneration of India, specially rural India, provided there was co-operation from all the Provinces.

PROHIBITION IN ORISSA

Referring to prohibition, Mr. Kanungo said that the Orissa Ministry was anxious to speed up the campaign so as to run the whole Province dry within about 3 1/2 years.

Mr. Kanungo left for Orissa this evening.

Sardar's Visit To Zanzibar

The Zanzibar Indian Association cables to the Associated Press as follows:—

"Along with the whole of East Africa and Zanzibar, we Indians are greatly enthused over the news of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel's forthcoming visit which we heartily welcome. We earnestly hope that Zanzibar will be included in the itinerary in order to take the opportunity to review the work of the Clove Agreement with particular reference to the recent Government preference to two European and Java firms."—A.P.

Village Panchayat Bill

Mr. M. M. Patel, M.L.A., a member of the Village Panchayat Amending Bill Select Committee objects to Panchayats being started in villages having 2,000 population only. He wants the limit to be 1,000 with addition of Government's financial help.

PLIGHT OF WORKERS IN TEA ESTATE

(From Our Correspondent.)

TEZPUR, Jan. 24.

Why sincere representations made by the Tezpur Congress to undertake temperance work amongst tea estate labourers of Assam were turned down by the Assam branch of the Indian Tea Association was revealed to-day in a press statement issued by its European secretary.

It is a stated that the Tezpur Congress Committee's secretary observed that the labourers were living the life of human beasts and were in a miserable state. The Tea Association highly objected to these remarks and described them as awfully false accusations against the employers and employees, and unless these were withdrawn he could not continue further correspondence on this subject.

He says: "Taken as a whole, the tea garden labourers and member gardens of this Association present the type of happy and well-cared for agricultural worker in whose life the fear of famine or flood plays no part and whose needs in time of sickness are carefully administered to.

X-Rays Show How CATARRH Chokes up 12 Head Cavities

Quick-Vapourising Medication Clears All 12 Openings

Thousands of catarrh sufferers have found gargles, sprays and oily drops practically powerless to help them. The reason is simple. Catarrh attacks much more than your nose and throat. It infects 12 head cavities, which local remedies cannot reach. Some of these deep-seated cavities are shown in the accompanying diagram, taken from an X-Ray photograph. You can see for yourself how far they extend.

In a few seconds, Karsote vapours penetrate the deepest opening in your head, loosen mucous, and destroy the invading germs, which bring about your catarrhal condition. Sprinkle a few drops of Karsote on to your handkerchief. Inhale the fragrant vapours deeply. Almost instantly, you feel far-reaching relief, such as you have never previously experienced. Use Karsote for colds, coughs, catarrh and influenza. Karsote never fails to bring relief. Karsote Inhalant is obtainable at all Chemists, Stores and Bazars

BEWARE!

★ If you saw a boulder rushing downhill towards you, you would know the danger you were in. BUT . . .

Germs in dust threaten Life every day! . . health must be protected!

Ordinary specks of dust and dirt often carry the germs of deadly illnesses. These germs may bring long illness—death itself—to you or your loved ones! You must have regular protection against this danger of disease. Use Lifebuoy Soap as often as you can. Its lather contains a wonderful health element. It has the power to wash away disease germs as well as dirt. It means a strong safeguard for health. Buy Lifebuoy to-day!

Lifebuoy Soap protects health

MADE IN INDIA FROM PURE VEGETABLE OILS ONLY

Now in the NEW carton containing two handy size tablets.

459/1-288 LEVER BROTHERS (INDIA) LIMITED

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON SEVEN POINTS DOWN

Small Improvement In Oils And Internationals

LIQUIDATION IN TIN AND RUBBER

BOMBAY, January 26.

NEW YORK COTTON

The market is quietly steady as there seems to be no possibility of release of Government holdings. Prices eased under lack of support and absence of speculation.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

After being dull and irregular markets became steadier with restricted business. Internationals and Oils showed some improvement.

Gilt-edgeds were weaker.

Tin and Rubber were easier on nervous liquidation.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

MARCH 1939

	New York, Jan 26
Previous closing	8.44
To-day's opening	8.41
Difference	—03
To-day's closing	8.37
Difference	—07

LIVERPOOL COTTON

MARCH 1939

	Liverpool, Jan 26
Previous closing	4.80
To-day's opening	4.79
Difference	—01
To-day's closing	4.80
Difference	nil.

BROACH EXPECTATION

April May 1939	Rs. 153-8
July August	Rs. 155-0

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Jan 25

The New York cotton was quietly steady in the absence of any fresh incentives. In the meanwhile, no possibility of release of government holdings in immediate future is the sustaining factor.

The trading in March began at 8.41 i.e. three points lower than the last closing. Prices eased under lack of support and absence of speculation with the result that movements later were very much restricted.

BOMBAY COTTON

Late Trading

Bombay, Jan 26

The market was closed for the day.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Jan 26

The following were the opening ranges:—

March (8.44/8.43) 8.41/8.41
May (8.16/8.16) 8.12/8.11
July (7.87/7.87) 7.83/7.82

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Jan 26

American January (4.82) 4.82
American March (4.80) 4.80
Egyptian January (6.98) 6.96
Egyptian March (6.81) 6.79

LONDON COMMODITIES

TEAS

London, Jan 26

Indian Pekoe (0-11) 0-11 1/2
Indian Pekoe higher (1-1) 1-5
Ceylon Pekoe (1-0 3/4) 1-0 3/4
Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-7 1/2) 1-7 1/2

JUTE

First Marks C. I. F. Continent New Crop January February (£21 5/8 sellers) £21 5/8 value
Dunlop February (£25 3/4) £25 3/4
Lightning February (£24) £23 3/4

RUBBER

Spot (7 13/16 paid and buyers) 7 5/8 value
Forward April June (7 15/16 paid and sellers) 7 11/16 paid and sellers

SEEDS

Castorseed Bombay January February (£11 sellers) £11 sellers
Linseed La Plata January (£12 1/2 sellers) £12 9/16 sellers
Linseed La Plata January (£10 3/4 sellers) £10 13/16 sellers
Groundnuts Coromandal February (£10 1/8 sellers) £10 1/4 paid

METALS

Tin (£213 1/4 buyers £213 1/2 sellers. Barely steady) £208 3/4 buyers £209 sellers. Weak
Lead (£14 5/16 buyers £14 7/16 sellers. Steady £14 1/16 buyers £14 3/16 sellers. Easier
Electrolytic Copper (£47 1/2 to £48 1/2) £47 1/2 to £48 1/2
Iron (102) 102

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Closing Quotation

London, Jan 26

The Liverpool wheat market closed 28th March being quoted at 57 3/4d.

EXCHANGES

CROSS RATES

T. T NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, Jan 26

Previous closing	4.67 5/8
To-day's opening	4.67 1/2
At the time of New York cotton closing	4.67 7/16

T. T LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Jan 26

Previous closing	4.67.53
To-day's opening	4.67.56
To-day's closing	4.67.53

T. T. LONDON ON PARIS

London, Jan 26

Previous closing	177.01
To-day's opening	177.00
To-day's closing	176.96

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Jan 26

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.67.56 and then eased slightly to 4.67.53 on lack of support with subsequent tendency being better. Franc opened at 177.00 and then appreciated to 176.96 on good enquiry with small movements thereafter.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-5 15/16) 1-5 15/16
Paris on Bombay (13.223) 13.221
New York on Bombay (34.9a) 34.96
Berlin on Bombay (86 7/8) 86 7/8
London on Milan (88.87) 88.87
London on Shanghai (0-8 3/8 nominal) 0-8 3/8 nominal
London on Kobe (1-2) 1-2

BULLION

Influx (nil) nil
Withdrawal (nil) nil
Gold (£7-8-8 1/2) £7-8-8
Silver (20 3/16d.) 20 1/8d.

DISCOUNTS

3 months (9/16 to 9/16 per cent) 9/16 to 9/16 per cent
4 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent
6 months (1 to 1 per cent) 1 to 1 per cent

LONDON SILVER CABLE

Bombay, Jan 26

The following cable regarding silver market was received in Bombay tonight:—

"Business small. Buyers satisfied. Market steady."

LONDON SILVER

London, Jan 26

Spot	(20 3/16d) 20 1/8d—1/16
Forward	(19 7/8d) 19 13/16d—1/16

LONDON GOLD

London, Jan 26

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£7-8-8 1/2) £7-8-8

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Jan 26

Liverpool wheat opened steady with March quoting at 57 5/8d. The market was fairly active on scattered buying influenced by better overseas cables.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Jan 26

Chicago wheat opened steady with May quoting at 0.70 1/4. The market was fairly active on scattered support but the business was limited with little change in price.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Losses Reduced In Gilt-Edgeds

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, Jan 26

The Stock Exchange opened unpromisingly. Prices in most groups drifting lower, but bear covering in the afternoon imparted a brighter atmosphere, particularly giltedged securities where earlier losses were much reduced.

Kaffirs occasionally showed net gains and home industrials finished above the days lowest. Oils were slightly firmer.

Among commodities tin and rubber were easier on nervous liquidation induced by the international situation.

Wall Street opened easy and was then weak.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, Jan 26

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at £88 1/4

Closing quotations on the previous days were:—

Tuesday, January 17, £89 1/2
Wednesday, January 18, £89 1/2
Thursday, January 19, £89 1/2
Friday, January 20, £89 1/4
Monday, January 23, £88 3/4
Tuesday, January 24, £88 3/4
Wednesday, January 25, £88 1/4

INDIAN LOANS

London, Jan 26
3-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian (£96 1/4) £96
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£88 1/4) £88
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£109 3/4) £109 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68 (£113 3/4) £113 1/2
4 per cent Indian Stock 1948-53 (£105 1/2) £105 1/2
5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£106 1/2) £106
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1945/59 (£100 1/4) £100 1/4

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent Australian Loan 1945/58 (£101 3/4) £101 5/8

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent (£69 1/4) £68 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£97 3/8) £96 1/8
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£103 1/4) £103 1/4
5 per cent Funding Loan (£106 7/8) £106 3/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£96 7/8) £96 3/8
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£106 1/4) £106

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Jan 26

The London Stock Exchange was generally steadier on scattered support.

Giltedged securities continue to fall under scattered selling. Three and half per cent was quoted at £88 i.e. five shillings lower than the last closing.

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (14-6) 14-1 1/2
Motors and Spencer Ordinary (52-9) 50-9
Hydro Electric (dol 3 3/4) dol 3 1/2
Elec Music Industry (9-4 1/2) 9-0
Princhin Johnson (22-9) 21-9
Imperial Chemical (29-1 1/2) 28-9
Woolsworth New Ordinary (56-9) 55-7 1/2
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1933 (£18) £18 1/8
Dunlop Rubber (22-6) 22-6
Unilever Ordinary (31-0) 31-0
Ford Motors (15-6) 15-6
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£36 3/4) £35 1/2
British American Tobacco Ordinary (90-7 1/2) 87-6
Carreas 'A' (£5 1/4) £5 1/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (127-6) 126-3
P and O S N Company Deferred (21-3) 20-3
Distillers (87-6) 86-6
Bredford Dyes (2-6) 2-6
British Celanese (3-0) 3-0
J and P Coates Ordinary (33-7 1/2) 33-7 1/2
Courtaulds Ordinary (24-0) 23-3
Fine Cotton Spinners (2-1 1/2) 2-1 1/2
Vickers Limited Ordinary (20-0) 20-0
Inter Nickels (dol 51 3/4) dol 50 1/8
Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (41-10 1/2) 41-3

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (16-6) 16-6
Donaro Tea (35-0) 33-9
Empire of India (22-6) 22-6

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£11) £11

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (21-3) 23-6
Gula Kelampong (17-6) 17-6
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (24-6) 23-6

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (41-3) 40-0
Burma Corporation (8-3) 8-3
Rio Tintos (£12 1/4) £12 1/4
East Rand Proprietors (50-7 1/2) 50-7 1/2
Rand Mines (£8) £8

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£15 1/4) £15 1/4
Associated Portland Cement (61-10 1/2) 59-3
Trinidad Leaseholds (78-1 1/2) 78-1 1/2
Sub Nigel (£10 7/8) £10 7/8
Spring Mines Split Shares (27-6) 26-0
Union Corporation (£7 5/8) £7 1/2

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (18-9) 18-9
Anglo Iranian (85-7 1/2) 84-4 1/2
Burma Oil (76-3) 76-3
Mexican Eagle (3-9) 4-3
Shell Transport (76-3) 76-3
Royal Dutch (£34 3/8) £34 3/8

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£22 3/4) £22 1/4
London Midland and Ordinary (£10 3/4) £10 3/4
London North Eastern Def (£2 1/8) £2 1/8
Southern Def (£10 5/8) £10 5/8
London Transport 5 per cent (£117) £115
London Transport 'C' (£71) £70 5/8

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Jan 26

General Motors (dol 43 5/8) dol 43 3/4
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 27 7/8) dol 27 5/8
U S Common New Stock (dol 56) dol 55 1/2
U S Steel Preference (unquoted) dol 116 1/2

Human Values

Manu Subedar Interprets Gandhian Economics

"Gandhian Economics" was the subject of an interesting lecture delivered by Mr. Manu Subedar at the Political and Economic Society of the St. Xavier's College, Prof. Correia-Fernandez, presided.

The basic principle of the economic school of thought created through the ideas of Mahatma Gandhi, who was a great moral teacher, was that human beings should be treated with humane standards and neither machine nor money nor prices should be allowed to interfere with the happiness of the population. The stress in Gandhian economics was on human obligations and, while everybody must have his wants satisfied, he should do so in a manner which would not only do no harm to others, but which would render a maximum service to all. There were several evils of the present capitalistic order, which everybody wanted to remedy, but the remedy did not lie in the extreme advocacy of communism, which wanted to destroy for the sake of destruction. Failing the elimination of the bourgeoise which they advocated, they merely created bitterness and the ingredients of a class war, without necessary bringing about an amelioration of the masses in whose name they spoke. No state could be based on hatred, and the teachings of Gandhiji required a differentiation between the wrong, which a man was doing, and the man himself. Even the wrongdoer is entitled to one's love, but all measures should be taken, including the full legal power of the State, to prevent him from his wrong doing.

Mr. Subedar objected to the cultivator taking all the risks of his trade against nature and against the hand of man, through the failure of crops, or through the failure of world prices. From what fell into his hands, he had demands to meet, such as land revenue, rent and interest. It was not right that those who actually engaged themselves in production, should be the least privileged section of the community entitled only to the residuary, if any. British rule had created ideas with regard to the sanctity of property and of capital, which were not sound. The only sacred thing was human being. From this point of view a minimum standard and a living standard of wage had to be given to workmen, who must not be treated as chattel and who must not be regarded merely as elements in the cost of production. Mr. Subedar wanted to reverse the historical tendency, by which India's economic distress had arisen. Village handicrafts had been destroyed, leading men to migrate in an unregulated manner to the cities. He wanted goods produced either abroad or in the city factories not to penetrate into the interior, deteriorating the meagre standard in the rural areas. There were plague spots in India, where adult men and women were willing to work for one and a half and two annas a day, and they were unable to find this work. To put them to work was the greatest task, which the State, according to Gandhian economics, had to accomplish. It could be only done on the basis of unstinting service given by men and women. In the Gandhian school of economic thought, the most efficient work was not always produced for monetary rewards.—United Press.

ITALIAN ATROCITIES IN TRIPOLI

Muslims Deprived Of Their Lands

(From Our Correspondent.)

CAIRO (By Air Mail)

The question of Tripoli and the oppression of Muslims there is again revived by the Egyptian press. Sayed Mohamed Abed Sanoussi, the brother of the late Grand Sayed Sanoussi, who is on his way to Mecca for Haj says that the oppression over Arab Muslims by the Italian Fascists is beyond description. Thousands of acres and farms have been confiscated from the Arab hands and given to 25,000 Italian families recently emigrated from Rome. 60,000 Arabs have been either executed or sentenced to death by the Italian Government since 1912 upto the present time.

The total number of Arab Muslims at present in the whole of Tripoli is about 5 lakhs while it was 13 lakhs in 1912.

The land possessed by the Arabs there is more than four times the land possessed by the Negus But all that has gone to Italy. Our brothers are still struggling there and it reported that they are doing good work in their guerrila tactics in the mountains," continued Sayed Sanoussi.

BARCELONA FALLS

(Continued from page 6)

want to emulate their example. I would be the last person to see the October revolution transplanted here. Yet what have they done? Like the French revolution their creed affected their own people, and their later efforts have shown that they have not affected the peace of the rest of the world. But Fascism has and will still more. Already we are beginning to look upon the return of the Colonies as a 'fait accompli', and the periodic visits of the British Prime Minister to the Berlin and Rome show that Britain is prepared to stand by and watch the Fascists grow from power to power. Britain will not step in because it would then be necessary to join hands with the Soviets, and this it will not do, because it is an obsession with the British capitalists—and a justified obsession—that such an alliance will only seal their doom. So the poor people of the world suffer for a handful of capitalists. What a world we live in?

Fascism Supported

Can nothing be done? There has been a great awakening of conscious righteousness in England. The people who walk about the streets of London with placards, and demonstrate in Trafalgar Square are not mad people or paid agents of Red Russia. They are the people of England who have some backbone and some guts and the courage of their convictions. They know that if not to-day then at least to-morrow or the day after they will have to fight this menace of fascism, if they want to see democracy and liberty and the ideals they have lived for preserved in their country and their dominions. Fascism is not going to leave England out, once it has fattened itself sufficiently on its other spoils. The hour of that struggle is approaching. It is only the foolish who still believe that Germany and Italy's intentions are merely confined to their own immediate requirements. It is not human that a megalomaniac could be so easily satisfied.

We remember the days of the Meerut trial when the Communists were rounded up. We remember how every Indian student who brought a copy of Karl Marx was a marked man in this country. We remember how Indian patriots who had gone to Soviet Russia were hounded out of this country. We remember how the Secret Information Service concentrated on those who might have had anything to do with anything that was Russian. It may have been necessary, but it was carried so far that it became almost an obsession. Well, communism has not come to India, but Fascism has. The irony of it is that it is allowed to stay. We have done little to prevent the agents of the Fascist regime, some of whom have been exposed, from operating in our very country. Questions have been asked in the Assembly, and even in the House of Commons, but one of Hitler's six men, whose business it is to spread the cult of Fascism in Asia is still under our very nose. And now we have even allowed the agents of Fascism to pass through on their way to Tibet.

Britain's Fear of Germany

And why? Because Britain is afraid of displeasing Germany. That is the regrettable answer that speaks for itself. It has lost all sense of honour and decency and by "it", I mean the people of this Empire that said it stood for all that was best and brightest in the history of humanity. Their turn will also come. Their homes will also perish even as the houses of those who cried for help—a cry which they never answered. On the contrary they made it possible for them to go down under the invaders' guns sooner than they would otherwise have. They promised help to Abyssinia and then negotiated with Italy that it should get Abyssinia more peacefully. They adopted the same tactics with Czechoslovakia, grateful as we may be individually for Mr. Chamberlain's efforts to avert war. And non-intervention in Spain, and the prevention of all arms passing into Spanish hands made quite sure that the help which the dictators gave to Franco would be effective.

When we hear of the fall of Barcelona, there are many who feel that Britain and her Empire might have avoided it. There are many who apportion a large portion of the blame to Britain. It acted as always too late and it will continue to act too late even here in India. That is the tragedy with which we too are faced. Some day, as the old Queen Victoria, said, it will be its undoing. And with Britain will perish many innocent people of our country, because we too failed to realise the danger in time. That is the lesson we should learn from the sad fate of Barcelona.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVED

Bombay, Jan 26

B I S N ss Bamora of 1870 reg tons Captain S G Crombie arrived from Basrah via Persian Gulf Ports, Karachi with passengers and general cargo.

B I S N ss Nowshera of 4875 reg tons Captain W J Sinclair arrived from Rangoon via Colombo and Malabar Coast Ports with rice, timber and general cargo.

F F Campbell ss Pres. Van Buren of 6195 reg tons, Captain T J Murphy arrived from Boston via American Ports Kobe, Hongkong, Singapore and Colombo with general cargo.

B I S N ss Nirpura of 3655 reg tons Captain T G Hodgkinson arrived from Middlesbrough via Antwerp, London, Port Said and Aden with passengers and general cargo.

F F Campbell ss City of Wellington of 3642 reg tons Captain H B Brown arrived from Northfolk via American Ports, Port Said, Suez and Karachi with general cargo.

B I S N ss Vita of 1955 reg tons, Captain F Harrison arrived from Karachi via Port Okha and Cutch Mandvi with passengers and general cargo.

P and O S N ss Maloja of 12792 reg tons, Captain R C Dane arrived from London via Gibraltar, Marseilles, Port Said, Suez and Aden with passengers and general cargo.

SAILED

T Morrison ss Alavi of 2161 reg tons Captain E A Staggles sailed for Jeddah via Shehr Aden and Macalla with local and same bottom cargo.

LOADING

The following vessels booked for loading on 26-1-1939.

S S Narkunda (M M) for Aden, Port Said, Europe and American Ports via London.

S S Tannenfels (L E) for Aden, Port aid, Europe and American Ports via

S S Varsova (M M) for Karachi and Persian Gulf Ports.

S S Queda (M M) for Aden, Port Said, Europe and American Ports via London.

S S Burdwan (M M) for China, Japan Ports via Colombo and Penang.

S S Br. Monarch (N Y K) for China Japan Ports via Karachi Colombo and Singapore.

S S City of Birmingham (K N) for Navlakhi, Karachi, Port Said, Liverpool and Manchester.

STEAMERS IN DOCKS

ALEXANDRA DOCK

Bombay, Jan 26

1 City of Wellington 3642 Calcutta 28-1 F F Campbell
2 City of Khios 3537 Calcutta 27-1 F F Campbell
6 Nirpura 3655 Karachi N F M M
10 Solsten 3196 Bahrein 30-1 L Edwards
11 Jeypore 3209 Japan 28-1 M M
13 Takliwa 3742 Durban 1-2 M M
14 Eihuku Maru 4292 Kobe 27-1 O S K

VICTORIA DOCK

4 Vasna 2026 Busra 26-1 M M
7 Glasgow Maru 4227 Singapore 28-1 O S K Kaisya
8 Nizam 3334 Bhavnagar 27-1 T Morrison.

PRINCE'S DOCK

H Revati 250 Malabar Coast 31-1 Malabar Steamship.
K Alipore 3241 N F N F M M
M Janaki 530 N F N F Malabar Steamship
N/O Jalaratna 2326 Rangoon 28-1 Scindia S N
Q Jalaputra 3113 N F N F Scindia S N

Steamers Expected

FROM LONDON

Burdwan 28-1-39 P and O
Rawalpindi 2-2-39 P and O S N
Strathallan 9-2-39 P and O S N
Nirpura 24-1-39 P and O S N
Canton 16-2-39 P and O S N
Ranpura 19-1-39 P and O S N
Mooltan 23-2-39 P and O

FROM HULL

City of Leicester 30-1-39 J Finlay

FROM HAMBURG

Gaasterkerk 19-2-39 L Edwards
Ehrenfels 3-2-39 L Edwards

FROM LIVERPOOL

City of Birmingham 27-1-39 J Finlay
Circassia 27-1-39 Anchor Line

FROM GOTHENBURG

Nagara 28-1-39 L Edwards

FROM NEW YORK

Steel Engineer 1-2-39 M M
Pres. Harrison 9-2-39 F F Campbell
Pres. Hayes 23-2-39 F F Campbell
Silverbeech 1-2-39 Volkart Bros
City of Wellington 27-1-39 F F Campbell

FROM TRIESTE

Conte Rosso 20-2-39 L Triestino

FROM GENOA

Chisone 29-1-39 L Triestino
Conte Biancamano 6-2-39 L Triestino

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

Carthage 3-2-39 P and O S N
Ryuun Maru 29-1-39 O S Kaisha
Victoria 1-2-39 L Triestino
Toyama Maru 14-2-39 N Y Kaisha
Tamagawa Maru 30-1-39 M B Kaisha
Hakodate Maru 30-1-39 N Y Kaisha
Tokyo Maru 13-2-39 O S Kaisha
Conte Verde 14-2-39 L Triestino
Rajputana 18-2-39 P and O S N

FROM BASRA

Bamora 26-1-39 M M
Varsova 28-1-39 M M

FROM SYDNEY

Narkunda 28-1-39 P and O S N

FROM DURBAN

Karanja 4-2-39 M M
Tairea 18-2-39 M M

FROM RANGOON

Nowshera 25-1-39 M M
Jalakrishna 28-1-39 Scindia S N
Jaladuta 1-2-39 Scindia S N

FROM CALCUTTA

Jalganga 26-1-39 Scindia S N
Orna 27-1-39 M M

FROM KARACHI

Marienfels 26-1-39 L Edward
Vita 2-2-39 M M

Sailing Dates

FOR LONDON

Queda 5-2-39 M M
Carthage 4-2-38 P and O S N
Rajputana 18-2-39 P and O S N
Comorin 11-2-39 P and O S N
Narkunda 28-1-39 P and O S N

FOR LIVERPOOL

Britannia 27-1-39 Anchor Line
City of Venice 30-1-39 K Nixon

FOR HAMBURG

Tannenfels N F L Edwards
Marienfels 1-2-39 L Edwards

FOR NEW YORK

Pres. Van Buren 28-1-39 F F Campbell
Pres Harrison 11-2-39 F F Campbell
City of Wellington 29-1-39 F F Campbell

FOR TRIESTE

Conte Verde 14-2-39 L Triestino

FOR GENOA

Victoria 1-2-39 L Triestino

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN

Conte Rosso 20-2-39 L Triestino
Jeypore 28-1-39 P and O S N
Glasgow Maru 28-1-39 O S Kaisha
Alipore 11-2-39 P and O S N
Burdwan 31-1-39 P and O S N
Rawalpindi 2-2-39 P and O S N
Bri Monarch 3-2-39 N Y Kaisha
Conte Biancamano 6-2-39 L Triestino
Canton 16-2-39 P and O S N
Hakodate Maru 15-2-39 N Y Kaisha
Eihuku Maru 26-1-39 O S Kaisha

FOR SYDNEY

Strathallan 19-2-39 P and O S N

FOR BASRA

Bamora 1-2-39 M M
Varsova 2-2-39 M M

FOR DURBAN

Takliwa 1-2-39 M M
Karanja 15-2-39 M M

FOR RANGOON

Jalaratna 28-1-39 Scindia S N

FOR CALCUTTA

Orna 3-2-39 M M

FOR KARACHI

Vita 28-1-39 M M
Bri. Monarch 29-1-39 N Y Kaisha
Kybfels 30-1-39 L Edwards

B. P. T. GENERAL LANDING DATES

S S Eihuku Maru 24-1-39
S S Jeypore 24-1-39
S S Takliwa 24-1-39
S S Oostcappelle 25-1-39
S S Noorjhan (boats) 25-1-39
S S Subadar (boats) 25-1-39
S S Nizam 26-1-39

EXPORTS

S S Circassia for Liverpool: 29 bales cotton twist waste G M Vyas; 150 bales cotton waste G M Vyas; 1120 bags gr nut cake K Devchand; 40 bags fish bones N P Master; 9800 bags gr nut oil cake L Dreyfus; 1400 bags linseed oil cake L Dreyfus; 1180 bags gr nut oil cake P Surchand; 680 bags gr nut oil cake Indo Foreign Commercial Corporation; 1232 bags myrabollams P Mathradas.

For Manchester: 30 bales cotton twist waste G M Vyas; 50 bales cotton twist waste P D Vora; 100 bales cotton waste P D Vora; 100 bales cotton waste T Laxmidas; 312 bales raw cotton A Clayton; 125 bales raw cotton H Nensey.

For Glasgow: 2720 bags gr nut oil cake G N Musry; 3510 bags gr nut oil cake P Surchand.

For Kobe: 100 bales raw cotton G K Kaisha; 50 bales raw cotton Suleman; 200 bales raw cotton Ramnarain Sons.

S S City of Bermingham for Liverpool: 131 bales wool raw C Lister; 2800 bags gr nut oil cake L Dreyfus; 8960 bags gr nut cake expeller K Devchand; 110 bags lentils H Bhagwandas.

For Manchester: 11800 bags linseed B Maheshwari; 2950 bags linseed L Dreyfus.

S S Eihuku Maru for Kobe: 104 tons scrap iron M G Abdulhusein; 600 bales raw cotton N Futehally.

IMPORTS

S S Tannenfels Agents L Edwards from Bremen: 51 pkgs m iron flanges; 684 rings motor car pneum covers; 100 rings starch; 100 d/bags iron rivets; 292 cases beer; 101 bundles plywood; 320 bags broken tiles; 50 cases iron chains; 58 bundles steel tubes; 77 bales paper; 50 bundles y m sheets; 417 pkgs bolts and nuts; 103 bags iron rivets; 2000 bdls baling hoops.

From Antwerp: 4556 bundles steel hoops; 125 baskets acetic acid; 1000 reels barbed wire; 501 cases window glass; 525 bags hinges; 370 bags maize starch; 180 cases iron rivets; 50 bags sugar; 201 bundles hoop iron; 165 pieces bars; 622 cases grey asbestor cement corr sheets; 200 bags chalk; 50 cases dog spikes; 103 rolls iron wire; 233 bundles steel sheets; 50 casks glucose; 75 cases slate pencils; 75 cases beer; 500 bundles baling hoops; 725 cases wire nails; 99 pkgs hoops.

From Hamburg: 37 cases machinery; 188 pkgs broken tiles; 150 bags bleaching earth; 100 crates tiles; 101 cases common spirits; 60 cases tucks; 81 bundles hurricane lanterns; 475 pieces steel poles; 500 bags penetrose 1 pearl No. 124; 150 cases school slates; 1331 bales paper; 91 cts earthenware; 153 cases padlocks; 800 bags fuller's earth; 123 bales boards; 103 rolls sulphite paper; 248 cases glass bangles; 404 pkgs brass rods; 485 pkgs galvd gas pipes; 44 cases bicycle accessories; 530 pieces timber aspenlogs; 460 cases vitra window glass; 660 pkgs sewing machines; 66 cases beer; 92 cases wire nails; 249 pkgs y m circles; 100 bundles y m sheets; 40 cases aluminium foils.

From Port Said: 438 bales cotton.

From Suez: 998 drums asphalt.

S S Jalaratna Agents Scindia Steam Navigation from Rangoon: 37718 bags rice; 400 bags maize starch powder.

From Colombo: 4119 bags copra; 54 cyl cocoanut oil.

From Cochin: 692 bags cocoanuts; 116 bags ginger; 75 logs matchwood; 125 bags potatoes; 200 bundles coir yarn; 131 bundles coir rope; 124 bags bleached ginger.

S S Bankura Agents M Mackenzie from Karachi: 802 bags potatoes; 96 bundles m s angles; 125 bundles m s sheets; 529 bundles m s bars; 9577 bags wheat.

From Porebunder: 10000 bags cement.

From Mangrol: 120 bags onions.

From Bahrein: 75 bags silver coins.

From K'Shahr: 548 bags poppy seeds; 157 bags gum.

From Bushire: 50 bags gum; 185 bundles goat and sheep skins.

From B'Abbas: 65 jottas rosebuds; 50 bags raisins.

From Muscat: 1994 bags dry dates; 82 bags sardines; 128 boxes wet dates; 101 crates pomegranates.

S S Takliwa Agents M Mackenzie from Durban: 150 cases beef dripping.

From D'Salam: 156 bags gum; 93 bags cashewnuts; 576 bales cotton.

From Zanzibar: 440 bales cloves.

From Mombassa: 1000 bags soda ash; 3491 bales cotton.

New York Cotton Steady With Local Support

BRAZIL REMOVES EXPORT RESTRICTIONS

Traders Mark Time Awaiting Washington Developments

Bombay, Jan. 26.

On Wednesday the New York cotton market kept steady largely owing to lightness of contracts for near months. Reports that Brazil is removing restrictions on exports of cotton to Germany in return for compensated marks is considered to be bearish to United States Cotton.

The market opened steady with price-fixing absorbing scattered liquidation and foreign selling. The market later advanced slightly owing to stradler stock market but traders were marking time pending developments in Washington.

Secretary Wallace speaking yesterday at a press conference denied the rumours as to his resignation. He stated there were no further developments regarding the proposed world cotton conference but reiterated that the problem was world one as if loan cotton was removed and prices might drap to 6 cents which would be detrimental to producers and exporters in India and other cotton countries. Mr. Wallace nevertheless declined to take the initiative in calling a conference.

NEW YORK MARKET

The market opened unchanged with March quoted at 8.43. There was scattered selling and prices declined to 8.42 which was the lowest level but with improved buying advanced to 8.46. Thus both high and low points were reached during the first hour. Later on the market was steady and finally closed at a rise of one to three points. Spot cotton prices improved one point at 9.04c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was fairly steady and closed at a rise of 3 to 4 points. Spot cotton prices improved 2 points at 8.67c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened unchanged with March 4.78. There was buying against sales of Uppers and local support encouraged by light contract position. Later on the market was quiet. There was American straddle buying and trade calling against March liquidation. The market closed at a rise of 2 to 1 points Middling American spot cotton prices advanced 3 points at 5.17d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Egyptian cotton market was quiet but steady. Giza futures closed 4 points up but Uppers were unchanged to 2 points down. The Alexandria market weakened on renewed selling. Sakels futures closed at a decline of 21 to 14 points and Ashmouni futures were 6 to 3 points lower.

PRIVATE CABLES

N. Y March Highest (10-54 a.m.)	8.46+03
N. Y. March Lowest (10-6 a.m.)	8.42—01
Liverpool March Highest	4.81+03
Liverpool March Lowest	4.77—01

Messrs. Bishwambharlal Maheshwari have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

Liverpool:—

Cotton:—Market technical condition sound nears tight Washington developments new crops seem likely less bearish expect trading market would buy on reaction only.

Wheat:—Politics Argentine surplus principle factors.

Metals:—Rubber:—Cocoa:—Should advance when political situation improves.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

New York:—Business small. Farm Bill amendment news and European developments awaited.

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received the following cable from their New York friends:—

(1) "Congress sanctions release Government holding unlikely at present prices. Should near months reach 900 to 925 there might be inclination to favour limited release."

(2) "Market steady awaiting developments Washington Europe."

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Jan. 25.

March	8.44+01
May	8.16+01
July	7.87+02
October	7.37+01
December	7.36+02
January	7.37+03
Middling spot	9.04+01

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, Jan. 25.

March	8.57+03
May	8.29+03
July	7.99+04
Middling spot	8.67+02

NEW YORK

New York, Jan. 25.

11 a.m. Ranges.

March	8.45/8.45
May	8.17/8.17
July	7.88/7.88
Noon Call	
March	8.44
May	8.17
July	7.87

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, Jan. 25.

	Bales.
To-day's receipts at all U.S. Ports	3,000
Day's exports to Great Britain	Nil
Day's exports to the Continent	1,000
Day's exports to China and Japan	Nil

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Jan. 25.

January	4.83+02
February	4.81+02
March	4.80+02
April	4.78+02
May	4.76+02
June	4.70+02
July	4.65+02
August	4.59+02
September	4.53+02
October	4.48+02
November	4.48+01
December	4.49+01
January	4.50+01
Middling spot	5.17+03

10-12 a.m. quotations.

March	4.78
May	4.73

WEAKNESS IN WALL STREET

Wall Street despite favourable American business news declined further on foreign liquidation. Operators are awaiting developments in Spain and Herr Hitler's speech on the 30th inst.

U. S. Steel declined dollar 1 1/2, and Anaconda Copper Mining dollar 1 1/8.

LONDON SPELTER

London, Jan. 25.

Spelter hard (Indian brand) F.O.B. 12 1/2 to 13 1/2

LINSEED OIL

London, Jan. 25.

Linseed oil naked London per cwt Feb. sellers 22/7 1/2

Linseed oil naked London per cwt. May/Aug. sellers 22/9

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, Jan. 26.

	Extra Spr-fine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M. G.—					
Bengal U.P.	... 127	124	121	118	
Punjab	... 127	124	121	118	
Rajputana	... 129	126	123	120	
Oomra No. 3	149	146	143	140	...
C. P. No. 1	165	162	159	156	...
C. P. No. 2	156	153	150	147	...

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, Jan. 26.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

Since 1st September.

In full-pressed Bales.

	Yester-day	This year.	Last year.
Khandesh	366	29,760	18,866
Central India	3,133	135,682	8,902
Barsi and Nagar	1,317	37,909	44,284
Hyderabad-Gaorani	33	3,693	14,857
Berar	927	85,644	97,019
Central Provinces	252	22,294	21,383
Total Oomras	6,028	314,982	205,311
Dholera	975	86,609	17,910
N.-W. Provinces		1,794	1,920
Rajputana	993	29,031	1,479
Sind-Punjab	3,973	204,226	265,463
Broach	102	14,549	1,705
Coompta and Dharwar	52	13,793	9,286
Westerns-Northerns	206	16,730	2,394
Cocanada		6	12
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		2,540	908
American		1,693	97,557
Egyptian, African and Sudan	185	144,135	161,881
Comilla, Burma and other sorts			1,170
Total	12,514	839,095	766,996
Arrived by road to 19th Jan. 39		159,114	...

Exports From Bombay

1st Sept. to 19th Jan.

In full-pressed Bales.

	Yester-day	This year.	Last year.
Europe	1,091	105,695	97,731
Japan and China	4,069	442,466	120,667
Coast Ports	299	15,052	30,449
Up-country by Rail		113,700	150,084
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan		12,103	26,727
Total	5,459	689,016	425,658

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, Jan. 26.

Bengal Superfine	125/26
Bengal Fine	122/23
Bengal F.G.	119/20
C. P. 1	157/61
C. P. 2	151/52
Arvi	152/53
Amraoti	143/44
Ellichpur	147/48
Berar	142/43
Malkapur	139/41
Khandesh	126/31
Jalna/Sailu	135/37
Burwah/Sanavad	140/42
Khandwa	140/42
Mathia F.G.	111/16
Punjab 4 F.	174/76
Punjab 289F.	202/06
Sindh N.T.	194/201

American Cotton Figures

F.P. Bales.	1938-39	1937-38
Receipts to date 25-1-39	3187000	6377000
Receipts Yesterday 25-1-39	3000	23000
Exports to date 25-1-39	2256000	3879000
Stock at Ports 20-1-39	2866000	3217000
Stock at Interior Towns 20-1-39	3326000	2627000
Stock at Liverpool 20-1-39	1077000	1141000
Visible Supply 20-1-39	7439000	7664000
Quantity in sight 20-1-39	7424000	10878000
Quantity out of sight 23-1-39	5620000	6095000

Produce Receipts

Bombay, Jan. 25.

Wheat	5,387 cwts.
Linseed	1,739 cwts.
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	281 cwts.
Gingellyseed	3,202 cwts.
Groundnuts	29,173 cwts.
Castorseed	2,655 cwts.
Rice	34,675 cwts.
Myrabollams	4,704 cwts.
Cottonseed	13,127 cwts.
Mowraseed	187 cwts.
Gram	558 cwts.
Jowar	834 cwts.
Bajree	2,704 cwts.
Indian Sugar	9,347 cwts.

MARKETS OBSERVE INDEPENDENCE DAY

BOMBAY, Jan. 26.

To-day being Independence Day, all leading City Markets, Cotton, Bullion, Stocks, Shares and Seeds remained entirely closed.

Cotton Arrivals

Receipts into Bombay on 24th January	9,051
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1938	817,581
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	750,482
Increase	67,099

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York—Liverpool:—

March 89 May 109 July 116 Oct. 132 Dec. 135 Jan. 136 at Cross Rate 4.67 5/8

Bombay—Liverpool:—

Broach A/M. 1939 155/6—Liverpool May 1939 4.75 Rs. 52 3/4 at Exchange 1/6.

Bombay—Liverpool:—

Broach J/A. 1939 155/6—Liverpool July 1939 4.64 Rs. 46 1/2 at Exchange 1/6.

Bombay—New York:—

Broach A/M. 1939 154—New York May 8.16 Rs. 40 at Cross Rate 4.67 5/8.

Bombay—New York:—

Broach J/A. 1939 155/6—New York July 7.87 Rs. 31 1/2 at Cross Rate 4.67 5/8.

Egyptian Cotton

Liverpool, Jan. 25.

GIZA—	
Spot	7.33+4.
January	6.99+4.
March	6.82+4.
May	6.87+4.
Giza No. 2.	
January	6.93+6.
March	6.97+4.
May	7.03+3.
July	7.06+1.
UPPERS—	
Spot	5.92+1.
January	5.71—0.
March	5.78—0.
May	5.83—1.
July	5.88—1.
October	5.78—2.
November	5.78—2.

Alexandria Cotton

Alexandria, Jan. 25.

SAKEL—	
March	12.31—21.
May	12.46—14.
ASHMOUNI—	
February	9.86—6.
April	9.99—5.
June	10.08—3.
October	0.88—5.
GIZA—	
March	12.08—7.
May	12.26—7.
July	12.36—9.
November	12.38—11.

LONDON METALS

London, Jan. 25.

Copper	£42 10 0
Lead	£14 11 3
Spelter	£13 12 6
Tin	£213 15 0

LONDON SUGAR

London, Jan. 25.

March 6s 3d.

BOMBAY YARN EXCHANGE LTD.

MONTHLY SETTLEMENT RATES

Bombay, Jan 25

Yarn No. 6 1/2s February 97 April 98 June 98

Yarn No. 10 1/2s February 107 1/2 April 108 1/4 June 108 1/2

Yarn No. 20 1/2s February 144 April 144 June 144

Yarn No. 40s February 223 April 224 June 224

Yarn No. 2/64 February 302

Yarn No. 150 February 148

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, Jan. 25.

Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent	£72
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948	£74 3/4
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£88 1/4
Indian Stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£109 3/4
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£69 1/4
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£97 3/8
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	£96 7/8
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£106 7/8
Victory Bonds	£106 1/4
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	£ 8 1/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London Reg.	£82
National Bank of India	£31 3/4
P and O Banking Corporation	£10

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Jan. 25.

T. T. London on:—	
New York	4.67.53
Paris	177.01
Berlin	11.69 1/2
Madrid	100.00
Montreal	4.70 9/16
Amsterdam	8.66 1/8
Brussels	27.65 1/4
Milan	88.87
Berne	20.71 1/4

LONDON SILVER

London, Jan. 25.

Spot	20 3/16
Forward	19 7/8

LONDON GOLD

London, Jan. 25.

Gold bars fine per oz. £7-8-8 1/2

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, Jan. 26.

B C RATES—

T T D D 1/5 27/32

LONDON—

Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 29/32

Bank's buying T T 1/5 31/32 Ready

Bank's buying D D 1/5 31/32

Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 1/32 to May

NEW YORK—

Bank's selling T T 287 3/4

Bank's buying T T 284 3/4

Bank's buying D D 284

PARIS—

Bank's selling T T 1,305

Bank's buying T T 1,327

JAPAN—

Bank's selling T T 78 5/8

Bank's buying T T 77 7/8

Bank's buying 60 days 77

AMSTERDAM—

Bank's selling D D 64

JAVA—

Bank's selling D D 63 7/8

HONGKONG—

Bank's selling D D 85

SHANGHAI—

Bank's selling D D 47 3/4

SINGAPORE—

Bank's selling D D 157

BERLIN—

Bank's selling D D 86 3/4

CROSS RATE—

New York/London 4.67.56 25th inst.

Japan/London 1/2 1/64 26th inst.

Hongkong/London 1/3 26th inst.

Shanghai/London 0/8 5/16 26th inst.

Java/London 8.63 1/2 26th inst.

London/Paris 177.01 25th inst.

London/Belgium 27.65 1/4 25th inst.

London/Switzerland 20.71 1/4 25th inst.

London/Berlin 11.69 1/2 25th inst.

London/Stockholm 19.42 3/8 25th inst.

London/New York 4.67.53 25th inst.

London/Amsterdam 8.66 25th inst.

London/Italy 88.87 25th inst.

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.

Gold £7-8-8 1/2 24th inst.

Gold £7-8-8 1/2 25th inst.

Silver London Ready 20 1/4 24th inst.

Silver London Ready 20 3/16 25th inst.

Silver London Forward 19 15/16 24th inst.

Silver London Forward 19 7/8 25th inst.

Silver New York Ready 43 24th inst.

Silver New York Ready 43 25th inst.

London Discounts 3 months 9/16 per cent 24th inst.

London Discounts 3 months 9/16 per cent 25th inst.

London Discounts 6 months 3/4 per cent 24th inst.

London Discounts 6 months 3/4 per cent 25th inst.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.

Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.

Money:—

Call 1 1/2 per cent.

3 months 2 per cent.

6 months 1 3/4 per cent.

Tone: Steady.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, Jan. 25.

Call Loan London	1/2
3 per cent	74 3/4
3 1/2 per cent	88 1/4
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	100 1/2
4 per cent 1948/53	105 1/4
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	109 3/4
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	113 3/4
5 per cent 1942/47	106 1/2
3 per cent 1949/52	96
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	69 1/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	96 7/8
4 per cent Funding Loan 1960/90	106 7/8
Indian Iron and Steel New Ordinary steady	41/10 1/2

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Jan. 25.

Broach A/M. 1939 op 154 3/4 highest 154 3/4 lowest 153 3/4 closing 154 5/8

Broach J/A. op 155 7/8 highest 156 lowest 155 closing 156

Oomra D/J. op 141 3/8 highest 141 5/8 lowest 141 closing 141 5/8

Oomra March op 142 1/4 highest 142 1/4 lowest 141 7/8 closing 141 7/8

Bengal March op 118 1/4 highest 118 1/4 lowest 118 1/4 closing 118 1/4

Bengal May op 119 1/8 highest 119 1/8 lowest 119 closing 119

Teji/Mandi for Broach A/May 1939 (21-2-39) Rs. 3 3/4

Teji/Mandi for Broach A/May 1939 (24-3-39) Rs. 6 1/2

Teji/Mandi for Broach J/Aug. 1939 (24-6-39) Rs. 11 1/4

Groundnuts Coromandel Shelled

London, Jan. 25.

February	£10-2-6.
March	£10-5-0

Wheat Liverpool

Liverpool, Jan. 25.

March	57 3/8d.
May	57 1/2d.
March New	54d.
May New	54 5/8d.
July New	55 5/8d.

Wheat Chicago

Chicago, Jan. 25.

May	dol 0.70.
July	dol 0.69 7/8.
September	dol 0.70 5/8.

New York Sugar

New York, Jan. 25.

March	1.85.
May	1.91.
July	1.95.
September	2.00.

LONDON SEEDS

London, Jan. 25.

Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f. Jan. sellers 10/15/0

Linseed Calcutta London c.i.f. Jan. nominal 12/10/0

Linseed Bombay London c.i.f. Jan. sellers 12/17/6

Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont c.i.f. Jan/Feb. sellers 12/0/0

Castorseed Bombay Hull c.i.f. Jan/Feb. sellers 11/0/0

NEW YORK COFFEE

New York, Jan. 25.

Fair rio coffee No. 7 quality 5 1/8

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

Statement of the affairs of the Imperial Bank of India on the 20th January 1939.

LIABILITIES	Rs.	Rs.
CAPITAL:—		
Authorised—2,25,000 shares of Rs. 500 each	11,25,00,000	
Issued and subscribed—2,25,000 shares of Rs. 500 each	11,25,00,000	
Called up—75,000 shares of Rs. 500 each, fully paid	3,75,00,000	
1,50,000 shares of Rs. 500 each, Rs. 125 paid	1,87,50,000	5,62,50,000
Reserve Liability of shareholders—Rs. 375 per share on 1,50,000 shares	5,62,50,000	
Reserve Fund		5,55,00,000
Fixed Deposit, Savings Bank, Current and other Accounts		81,26,61,000
Loans against Securities per contra		—
Acceptances for Constituents		5,15,000
Sundries		41,82,000
	Rupees	92,91,08,000
ASSETS	Rs.	Rs.
INVESTMENTS:—		
Government Securities	41,09,76,000	
Other Authorised Investments	99,39,000	42,09,15,000
ADVANCES:—		
Loans	10,15,48,000	
Cash Credits and Overdrafts	22,26,10,000	
Bills Discounted and Purchased	3,85,71,000	36,27,29,000
Liability of Constituents for Acceptances per contra		5,15,000
Dead Stock		1,89,87,000
Sundries		45,45,000
Bullion		—
CASH:—		
In hand and with the Reserve Bank of India	5,20,06,000	
Balances with other Banks	6,94,11,000	12,14,17,000
	Rupees	92,91,08,000

Scheduled Banks' Position

A press communique states:

Statement of the position of scheduled banks as at the close of business on 20th January, 1939.

1. Demand Liabilities—		
(a) In India		123,55,65,000
(b) In Burma		6,16,24,000
2. Time Liabilities—		
(a) In India		103,72,98,000
(b) In Burma		4,38,62,000
3. Cash—		
(i) Currency Notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes—		
(a) In India	5,08,82,000	
(b) In Burma	40,000	
(ii) Burma Notes—		
(a) In India	29,000	
(b) In Burma	19,61,000	
(iii) Rupee Coin—		
(a) In India	60,93,000	
(b) In Burma	72,000	
(iv) Subsidiary Coin—		
(a) In India	31,58,000	
(b) In Burma	83,000	
4. Balances with Reserve Bank		11,18,72,000
5. Advances—		
(a) In India		114,39,07,000
(b) In Burma		4,06,57,000
6. Bills discounted—		
(a) In India		4,91,16,000
(b) In Burma		30,33,000

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, Jan. 25.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following quotations of the New York Stock Exchange.—

	Dol.
Amr. Water Works Com.	13
Amr. Power and Light 5 per cent Pfd. "A"	35
Amr. Foreign Power Com.	3
Amr. Foreign Power Gold D. 5 per cent	50
Amr. Foreign 7 per cent Pfd.	16
Electric Bond Common	10 5/8
Amr. Tel. and Tel.	151
Western Union Telegraph	21 1/2
Great Northern Pfd.	24 1/4
New York Central	17. 3/8
Texas Corporation	43 3/4
Union Carbide	82 1/2
National Distillers	25
Eagle Picher	11
Lockheed	28
Liggett Meyers 'B'	102
Brooklyn Manhattan Transit	12 1/4
National Diary	13
Guaranty Trust	241
United States Steel	56 3/8
Bethlehem Steel	63
Crucible Steel	39
Crucible Steel 7 p.c. Pfd.	86
Ludlum Steel	22
Republic Steel	19 1/4
Pittsburgh Screw and Bolt	7
Anaconda Copper Mining	27 3/4
Int. Nickel of Canada	47 1/2
General Motor	44 1/2
General Electric	38 1/2
Amr. Radiator	15
Barnsdall Oil	16
Consolidated Oil	8 1/4
Socony	12 1/4
Chase Bank	30
National City Bank	23 1/2
United Gas	3

Turnover 9,00,000 shares. Irregular market. Market opened lower owing to weakness in London but later met with some support but railying power limited. Public utilities are firm. Aircrafts are higher on announcement of purchases from French Government. Domestic news favourable. Steel operations in pittsburgh and pennsylvania rising, electric power output higher than last year.

LONDON PRODUCE

London, Jan. 25.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe Jan/Feb. sellers	21/9
Wheat Barletta Russo Jan. sellers	unquoted
Wheat South Australian Jan. sellers	23/9

RESERVE BANK RATES

The Reserve Bank of India rate remains unchanged at 3 per cent.

BOMBAY COTTON STATISTICS

Receipts from 1st Sept. 1938 to 19th Jan. 1939 (By rail and sea)	779,963	
Receipts from 1st Sept. 1938 to 19th Jan. 1939 (By road estimated)	159,114	393,077
Same time last year (By rail & sea)		682,043

Exports from 1st Sept. 1938 to 19th January 1939

	1938-39	1937-38
United Kingdom	14,846	11,895
Continent	90,849	85,836
China	35,090	25,126
Japan	407,576	95,541
Coast Ports	15,052	30,449
U. S. A.	—	—
Total	563,213	2,48,847

Total exports by rail, 1st Sept. 1938 to 19th Jan. 1939 (Adjusted)		113,700
Estimated Mill consumption in Bombay from 1st Sept. 1938 to 19th Jan. 1939		388,172
Same time last year		400,113
Estimated stock of raw cotton held by exporters, dealers and mills in Bombay on 19th Jan. 1939		825,431
Same time last year		648,521

KARACHI STATISTICS

Total receipts of cotton from Upcountry from 1st Sept. 1938 to 12th Jan. 1939	839,130
Same time last year	603,672
Total cotton shipped from 1st Sept. 1938 to 5th January 1939	409,614
Same time last year	316,326

LONDON RUBBER DULL

Buyers Adopt Cautious Attitude

London, Jan 18

Messrs. Symington and Wilson have issued the following weekly report:—

Since our last report the rubber market has been consistently dull and the trend has been downwards though the actual fall in prices on the week is not heavy. As will be seen from the figures given below the statistical position of the Commodity showed a substantial improvement in December. The figure for consumption in America last month remained good and the reduction in stocks outside the regulated area on the month amounted to no less than 34,304 tons. Under normal circumstances such figures could not fail to bring about an advance but present conditions are far from normal and under the lead of the Stock Exchanges of the World buyers are taking up a cautious attitude.

The past week has been one of extreme pessimism largely owing, as we believe, to an exaggerated view of the position taken by the press and more particularly by the French press. No one can attempt to deny that Continental politics at the moment are in an extremely critical condition but that does not justify the raising of war scares in one form or another almost daily. We venture to believe that in the end sanity will prevail and with a return of confidence all markets will improve. Rubber should be in the forefront of the movement.

Currency is already being given to reports that the Committee at their meeting on 14th February may decide to release a further 5 per cent. Personally we think this is extremely unlikely. They have now had an opportunity of seeing the damaging effect of their last release and unless the price has improved very considerably in the meantime any addition to the exportable percentage is improbable. With our report of 14th December we sent out a reprint of an interview with the Deputy Chairman of the Dutch Delegation to the Committee. In this interview Professor van Gelderen definitely stated that the Committee did not think the present price satisfactory nor did they think that World stocks were already low enough.

AMERICAN QUESTIONNAIRE

The figures for December came to hand by cable on Saturday afternoon when the market here was closed. We give them in full below together with our usual comparisons for November 1938 and December 1937.

	Dec. 1938 tons	Nov. 1938 tons	Dec. 1937 tons
Arrivals	36,977	31,154	68,305
Consumption	45,315	46,048	29,160
Consumption per working day	1,743	2,002	1,122
Stock (Dealers' and Manufacturers')	245,413	254,318	262,204
Afloat	45,105	51,114	63,099
Consumption Reclaimed	12,269	12,710	7,674
Ratio Reclaimed to Crude	27.1 p.c.	27.6 p.c.	26.3 p.c.

Consumption in December was slightly lower than in November but this had been expected. Consumption normally falls off somewhat in December owing to inventory and other end year considerations. Total consumption in the U S. A. for 1938 works out at 411,242 tons which compares with a total of 543,600 tons in 1937. The figures of Stock and Afloat at end December add up to 290,518 tons against 305,432 tons at end November and 325,303 tons a year ago. The decline on the year amounts to 34,785 tons or about three weeks' consumption at existing rates.

WORLD STOCKS

With these figures in front of us we have now been able to complete our table of stocks at the five principal points outside the regulated area and we quote below the figures for 31st December 1937 and at the end of July and for the last three months of last year:—

	1937 31st Dec. tons	1938 31st July tons	1938 31st Oct tons	1938 30th Nov tons	1938 31st Dec. tons
Stocks in Singapore and Penang	44,814	45,536	34,910	31,268	27,099
Stocks in U.K. (Public Warehouses)	57,511	95,061	93,092	89,910	86,680
Stocks in U. K. (Manufacturers')	22,126	24,400	20,332	17,419	*17,419
Stocks in U.S.A. (Dealers' and Manufacturers')	262,204	284,914	269,937	254,318	245,413
Stock Afloat	135,000	105,000	99,000	92,000	74,000
	521,755	554,911	517,271	484,915	450,611

*As at 30th November, the end December figure is not yet available.

PARSI XAVIERITES' VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT

A brilliant variety entertainment was staged by the Parsi Students of the St. Xavier's College, last Sunday evening, under the Presidentship of Sir Cowasji Jehangir, Bart.

More than 600 Parsis assembled in the College Theatre to witness the show.

The Programme consisted of nearly 7 items including Gujarati and English Skits, Violin and Piano Solo playng, the Honer Harmonica Orchestra, tricks at Ventriloquism, etc. Mr. Minoo Kavarana was mainly responsible for the success of the Orchestra, whereas Mr. Homi Kanga brilliantly executed on the violin the difficult piece of Lebesfreud by Kriesler, and Miss Ghadiali showed masterly technique in playing on the piano Mozart's Sonata in F Major, 'Allegro Asai'.

The English Skit was very ably staged by Messrs Jal Vakil, Minoo Chhoy, Homi Sethna and others, under the guidance of Rev. Fr. Lawrence, Rev. Fr. Estella, and Brother Negro. The Gujarati Skit was equally well performed by Messrs. Manek Wadia, Maneck Darabna, Nari Dubash and others under the able direction of Mr. Munchershaw Pochkhanawalla. Mr. Cawas Captain created roars of laughter with his ventriloquism, acting as Captain Tom Smith with his dummy Johnny Funny Face.

During the interval Sir Cowasji was taken on the stage and a warm welcome was extended to him by Rev. Fr. Duhr and Mr. Maneck Wadia on behalf of the College Authorities and on behalf of the Parsi Students' Union of the College. Fr. Duhr paid a glowing tribute to the enterprise and intelligence of the Parsi Community and refused to believe that the Parsis were at all degenerating. The City of Bombay, he said, owed much to the Community and by co-ordinated efforts they could very easily stand on their own legs and hold their own against the other Sister Communities of India.

The function finished very late in the night.

OUR LONDON LETTER

(Continued from Page 6).

to face it, even if during the transitory period the necessary adjustments to new conditions entail some disturbance in the economic life of the country. Other countries with very high standards of living and less elasticity in their economic life, have faced such adjustments and there is no reason why India should fight shy of such difficulties and retard her industrial progress. The lesson of the recent world depression is too fresh to be forgotten, the distress in agricultural countries particularly in India was much more pronounced, severe and wider-spread and longer protracted than in the industrial countries and that by achieving a healthy balance between agriculture and industries, India will be able to raise the standard of living of an appreciable number of workers who will be absorbed in the indigenous industries and who, under the present economic policy in India, are eking out a miserable existence on the precarious conditions of agriculture. It will be well for Indians to beware of such economic fallacies which those who are too closely identified with extraneous interests dish out for Indian consumption

A Warning Recalled

In this connection our Indian businessman recalled that Sir Thomas Ainscough in a paper on "Our Export Trade with India" read at the Royal Empire Society in 1936, referring to the inevitability of the development of Indian industries and the consequent dislocation and distress of British industries, suggested as an object that the process should be sought to be spread over as long a period as possible, and while he had no doubt Sir Thomas sincerely believed in his warning against the impending difficulties due to a rapid industrialisation of India, this warning if followed would have the same object which Sir Thomas urged in his paper in 1936 of slowing down the industrialisation of India to suit a more satisfactory readjustment of the industries concerned on this side.

LONDON RUBBER

London, Jan. 25.

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BOMBAY: FRIDAY, JANUARY 27, 1939

Sind Cabinet Changes

FOUR MUSLIM AND TWO HINDU MINISTERS

Congress And Muslim League To Form Opposition

KARACHI, January 26.

The "United Press" understands that a definite breach has occurred between the Sind Congress Assembly Party and Khan Bahadur Allahbux, the Premier of Sind, in view of the latter's sudden outburst against the Congress members yesterday on the floor of the Assembly, when the House was discussing the Barrage Taxation Assessment proposals.

Informed circles attribute this somersault on the part of the Sind Premier to his having consolidated his position by winning over the Opposition stalwarts, including Sir Ghulam Hussain, ex-Premier and the Mir Group comprising of eight members.

EXPANSION OF CABINET

It is now certain that Khan Bahadur Allabux is going in for an expansion of the Cabinet by taking up two more Muslim Ministers and one more Hindu Minister. The expansion of the Cabinet, it is believed, was delayed because H.E. the Governor was not enthusiastic about having five or six Ministers in the deficit province of Sind. But their difficulty is now said to have been surmounted and the enlargement of the Cabinet is a matter of days, the Governor being on tour of the Province.

Sir Ghulam Hussain and Mir Bunde Ali, from the Muslims, and Diwan Dialmal Daulatram from the Hindus are mentioned as certainties for the enlarged Cabinet, thereby making in all four Muslim and two Hindu Ministers. Meanwhile they are having three Parliamentary Secretaries, including Khan Bahadur Gabole, who is resigning his Deputy Speakership.

The Congress Party resumes its former position of Opposition to the Ministry on January 28.

GOVERNMENT'S DEFEAT

The Government had a narrow defeat in the Assembly to-day when another resolution on the Assessment proposals sponsored by Khan Bahadur Ghulam Nabi, Ministerialist, was defeated, 18 voting for and 21 against. The division came as a surprise when even some Congress members were absent.

The Congress and the Muslim League are now adorning the Opposition Benches. During the interpellation hour, the Premier declined to reply to the Congress members' questions whether the C.I.D. had been instructed to intercept Swami Govindanand's post yesterday and if so for how long Government intend to carry on this interception. — United Press.

SIND MINISTERIAL PARTY RESIGNATION

KARACHI.—Mr. Hemandas Wadhwani, ex-minister has resigned from the Ministerial Hindu Party. The Muslim League have elected Khan Bahadur Khurro as leader of the Party in place of Sir Ghulam Husain.—United Press.

LABOUR LEADERS ORDERED TO QUIT

Gokak Mills Deadlock Sequel

HUBLI, Jan. 25.

A notice issued by the District Magistrate Belgaum on 16 leaders of the Gokak Mills Labourers' Union residing at Mardimutt colony, under Sec. 46 of the Bombay Police Act was served yesterday requiring them to leave the area within 48 hours.

The District Magistrate in his notice, says that for the peaceful working of the Gokak Mills these people should be restricted in certain areas.—A.P.

BERLIN.—Herr Hitler as the Supreme Commander of Forces to-day received in the new Chancellery the High Commanders of the Army, Navy and Air Force.

Herr Hitler made a speech and later the officers were guests of the Fuehrer. Nothing is known about the contents of Herr Hitler's address.

MR. GIRI ON INDUSTRIES CONFERENCE

MADRAS, Jan. 26.

Interviewed by the "United Press" on the proceedings of the Industries Ministers Conference at Bombay, Mr. V. V. Giri, Minister for Labour and Industries stated: "It was a great success from the point of view of the All-India Planning Committee organised under the auspices of the Indian National Congress.

"It was very good of the Government of India to have agreed to co-operate with the All-India Planning Committee and Commission in the great work of producing a report which will ensure scientific planning of industries in this country.

"The result of the proceedings of the conference will give encouragement to the few other Indian States that have not yet joined to do so.

"The Planning Committee expects very soon the reply from the various provincial governments, Indian States and public bodies and individuals so that they may meet again to continue the Planning Committee's useful work. It is expected that the Planning Committee will meet some time in March next."—United Press.

KIDWAI'S APPEAL TO DELEGATES

Do Not Be Influenced By Leaders' Statement

LUCKNOW, Jan. 26.

"Our vote for Dr. Pattabhi or Mr. Subhas Bose would be voting for accepting or rejecting Federation respectively."

Thus declares Hon. Mr. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai, Minister for Revenue and Jails, Government of the United Provinces, in the course of a statement, issued in connection with the Presidential contest of the Congress and the statement issued in that behalf by Sardar Vallabhbhai and six other members of the Congress Working Committee.

He states: "I don't want to go into the merits of the two candidates. But I would appeal to the delegates not to be prejudiced by statements issued by members of the Working Committee."

It is understood that the Congress Socialist Party have issued a circular to their members asking them to mobilise support to Mr. Bose in the coming contest.—United Press.

KHARE'S SUPPORT TO BOSE

NAGPUR, Jan. 26.

Dr. N. B. Khare, ex-Premier of the Central Provinces and Berar has sent a telegram to Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose in the course of which he states:—

"Hearty congratulations on your bold stand against country bureaucracy. Don't withdraw. Wish you glorious success."

It is understood that some prominent members of the Mahakoshal Provincial Congress Committee also have assured their full support to Mr. Bose and requested him not to withdraw from the contest.—United Press.

M. N. Roy Supports Bose

DEHRA DUN, Jan. 26.

Mr. M. N. Roy has also supported the candidature of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose in a statement issued from Dehra Dun, as he considers him to be opposed to neo-constitutionalism than any other member of the Working Committee.—United Press.

Dr. Satyapal's Support To Bose

LAHORE, Jan. 26.

In a signed article in his paper "Daily Congress", Dr. Satyapal, President of the Punjab Provincial Congress Committee, strongly urges re-election of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose as the Congress President for the ensuing session.—United Press.

LONDON:—John Gilmour has been reappointed Lord Commissioner to the General Assembly of Church of Scotland.

Members of the Bombay Students' Union moving round the city in a lorry and requesting the students to observe hartal on Independence Day.

SARAT BOSE OPPOSES MANDATE TO DELEGATES

CALCUTTA, Jan. 25.

In the course of a statement on the subject of Congress Presidential election Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, Member, Congress Working Committee says:

"I had no intimation until yesterday (January 24) morning that any of my colleagues propose to issue such a statement. My first reaction to such an intimation was that no member of the Working Committee should take sides in a contest between colleagues. I felt also that statements by members of the Working Committee on that subject would accentuate differences between the two wings of the Congress. I entirely agree with Sardar Patel and the other signatories to that statement that greater consolidation of the Congress ranks, greater toleration and greater respect for one another's opinions are necessary. And it is because I feel that their statement offends against what they themselves have said about the necessity for greater consolidation of Congress ranks, greater toleration and greater respect for one another's opinions that I consider it extremely unfortunate.

WHY MANDATE

"Election to the presidential chair of the Congress is a matter to be decided by delegates drawn from all over India and I feel more than ever convinced that nothing should be said or done by members of the Working Committee which might interfere in the slight degree with the exercise by the delegates of their choice in a free and unfettered manner. If some members of the Working Committee deliberate in secret and then publish the result of their deliberations with a specific recommendation in favour of a particular candidat, the system of election would be reduced to a mere formality. It is obvious that such a recommendation really amounts to a mandate which is meant to be obeyed. To my mind members of the Working Committee owe to themselves and to the public not to be parties to anything, which might smack even remotely of an authoritarian edict".—A.P.

SEVEN KILLED: THREE INJURED

Another Accident On E. I. Railway

PATNA, Jan. 26.

Seven are stated to have been killed and three injured, according to further details available locally in connection with the collision that took place yesterday afternoon between two engines near Garhwa Road. Those killed and injured are members of the drew of the two engines involved.

It is stated that the two engines belonged to a material train and a goods train. One was coming from Garhwa Road and the other from Mohammadganj station. Then the collision occurred at a place about 384 miles from Calcutta on the Gomo-Daltonganj. Sone east bank section of the E. I. Railway.

It appears that there had been a telegraphic breakdown on that section previously and the engines had been sent from opposite directions to the spot.

On receipt of information, two relief trains were sent out from Gomoh and Gaya. Railway and police officials have proceeded to the spot for investigation.—A. P.

OTTAWA:—A resolution providing for the creation of an independent Defence Purchasing Board will be introduced in the Canadian Parliament today by Mr. Mackenzie, Defence Minister. The resolution will also provide for the initiation of a policy of financing defence measures of a capital nature over a period of ten years.

NAGPUR MUSLIMS OFFER SATYAGRAHA

C. P. League Decision Flouted: Arrested Persons Released

NAGPUR, Jan. 26.

In pursuance of the decision taken at a mass meeting of the Nagpur Muslims last night to launch civil resistance as a protest against the inauguration of the Vidya Mandir Scheme to-day Khan Bahadur Nawab Siddiq Ali Khan M.L.A. (Central) accompanied by nine Muslim Volunteers started in a procession towards the Government Secretariat to offer Satyagraha and to prevent the Secretariat staff and clerks from joining their duties this morning.

The police have taken elaborate precautions and all approaches and gates leading to the Secretariat building are guarded by police. The District Magistrate and the Deputy Superintendent of police are on the scene watching the developments.

When the batch of Muslims reached the Secretariat building they were stopped by the police and were not allowed to enter the compound.—A. P.

SATYAGRAHIS ARRESTED AND RELEASED

NAGPUR, Jan. 26.

The decision of the Working Committee of the C. P. Muslim League yesterday against immediate civil resistance was unfavourably received at a mass meeting of Nagpur Muslims, which continued till the early hours of this morning. Maulana S. A. Rauffshah, President of the C. P. League, who explained to the audience the Working Committee's decision was heckled by the extremist section and ultimately he had to leave the meeting as he was not given a hearing.

Nawab Mohiudin Khan, M.L.A., then took the Chair and the meeting adopted a resolution advocating the laughing of civil resistance to-day even without the sanction of the Council of the All-India Muslim League to register the protest of Muslims against the inauguration of "Vidya Mandirs" in the Province.

Accordingly Khan Bahadur Nawab Siddiq Alikhan, M.L.A., (Central) led the first batch to-day. Before starting in procession he described himself as the first "Dictator" and advised a Muslim gathering at Mominpura Mosque, from where the batch started in procession towards the C. P. Secretariat, to remain peaceful. He added only members of the League would be permitted to join the Satyagraha. He said he resorted to direct action because Nagpur Muslims favoured this step, even though the All-India Muslim League authorities had not permitted such a course.

He concluded by announcing that the next batch of five volunteers would offer "Satyagraha" to-morrow. Mr. Syed Masood Kadri Jagirdar of Balapur, Berar, one of the Vice-Presidents of the C. P. Muslim League was among those who constituted to-day's batch of ten Muslims.

ARRESTED PERSONS RELEASED

Khan Bahadur Nawab Siddiqali Khan, M.L.A., (Central) and nine Muslims, who were taken into custody by the police this afternoon near the main entrance to the C. P. Secretariat and were taken away in two cars, were later released in the evening at the Sitabuldi police station by the City Superintendent of Police.—A. P.

Decision Of C. P. Muslim Leaguers On Vidya Mandir Issue

NAGPUR, Jan. 25.

The Working Committee of the C. P. Muslim League met this evening. Discussions revealed difference of opinion among members, one section though in a minority pleading for immediate launching of "Satyagraha" campaign to voice Muslim protest against the inauguration of the Vidyamandir Scheme, which a majority were inclined not to take precipitate action without the approval of the Council of the All-India Muslim League.

NO HASTY ACTION

It is understood Nawabzada Liaqat Ali Khan, Secretary of the All-India Muslim League, who has been kept informed of the situation here has telegraphed today advising the Working Comittee of the C. P. Muslim League not to embark as a programme of Civil Resistance without the sanction of the central body (League Council).

He has further asked the C. P. League to await the result of the conference of all Muslim M.L.A's with the Government proposed to be held next month and also the decision of the All-India League after his Conference.

It is further learnt that the Committee also took into consideration the fact that as a result of the League reresentatives talks with Premier Shukla the latter had agreed to convene this Conference on February 7, 1939, instead of in March, during the Budget session of the C.P. Assembly. In view of these considerations the Working Committee of the C.P. League decided that no Muslim League organisation in the Province should begin direct action without the sanction of the Central Muslim League Council.

The Committee is understood to have adopted a resolution by 10 votes to one to this effect.—A.P.

C. P. Premier's Assurance To Muslims

NAGPUR, Jan. 26.

An assurance to the Muslims that the name of "Vidyamandir" has no communal or political significance whatever is given by the Premier, Pandit R. S. Shukla in the course of a long statement issued to-night in regard to his talks with representatives of the C. P. Muslim League yesterday and to-day on the subject of Muslims' grievances.

The Premier left for Raipur to-night and is returning to Nagpur on January 27.—A. P.

Vidya Mandirs In C. P. And Berar

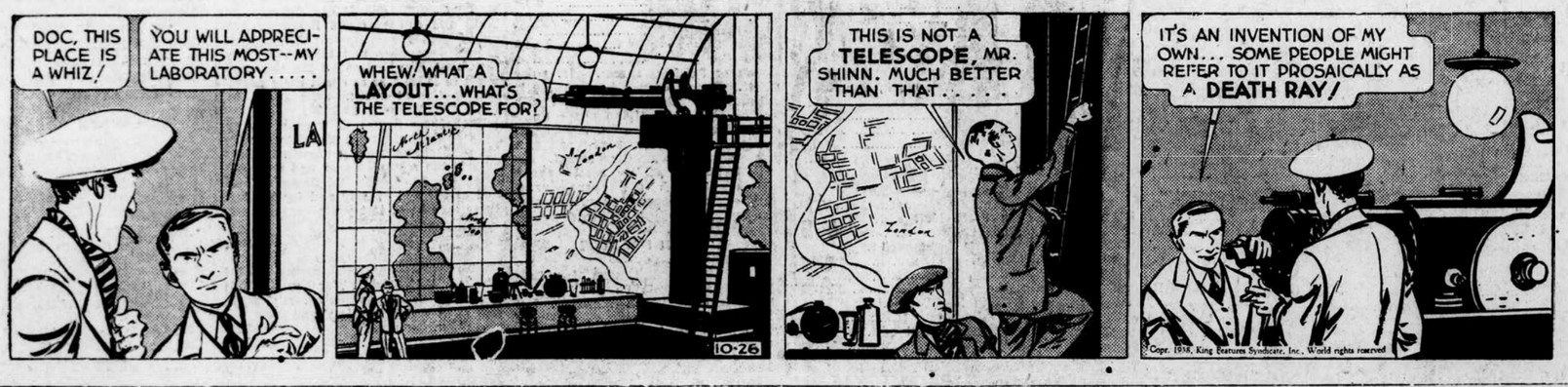
(From Our Correspondent)

JUBBULPORE, Jan. 25.

The C. P. and Berar Government are laying foundations and inaugurating 100 Vidya Mandirs throughout province to-morrow on the occasion of "Independence Day". Meantime a strong organisation with Mr. Wamanrao Lakhe and Rai Bahadur K. B. Verma as President and Secretary, respectively has been formed and registered under the name of C. P. and Berar Vidya Mandir Samiti to promote and enlarge scope of universal primary education and establish and maintain Vidya Mandirs throughout C. P. and Berar.

Edgar Wallace' Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE — THE HAND OF POWER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